COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10753807

Threestone Developments Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 July 2019

Threestone Developments Limited Statement of Financial Position

31 July 2019

		31 Jul 19	3	31 May 18 (restated)	
			(re		
	Note	£	£	£	
Fixed assets					
Investments	5		50	50	
Current assets					
Debtors	6	654,276		497,112	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,391		479	
		660,667		497,591	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	53,958		498,397	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			606,709	(806)	
Total assets less current liabilities			606,759	(756)	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than or	ne				
year	1	8	600,000		_
Net assets/(liabilities)			6,759	(756)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100	100	
Profit and loss account			6,659	(856)	
Shareholders funds/(deficit)			6,759	(756)	

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the period ending 31 July 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Threestone Developments Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 July 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 October 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr A Green

Director

Company registration number: 10753807

Threestone Developments Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Period from 1 June 2018 to 31 July 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Mill Cottage, Mill Road, Hengrave, Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk, IP28 6LR.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Dividends

	31 Jul 19	31 May 18	
		(restated)	
	£	£	
Dividends paid during the period (excluding those for which a liability existed at			
the end of the prior period)	96,000	_	

Dividends of £60,000 were declared and paid on 31 March 2019. Dividends of £36,000 were declared and paid on 31 July 2019.

5. Investments

	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost	
At 1 June 2018 as restated and 31 July 2019	50
Impairment	
At 1 June 2018 as restated and 31 July 2019	-
Carrying amount	
At 31 July 2019	50
A+ 24 May 2010	 50
At 31 May 2018	50

The company's investments at the Statement of Financial Position date in the share capital of companies include the following:

BBA Developments Limited - 50% holding of ordinary shares

	2019	2018
	£	£
Comprehensive income for year 44	1,033	(10,078)
Aggregate capital and reserves	1,055	(9,978)

6. Debtors

		31 Jul 19	31 May 18
		£	(restated) £
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which t	the company	~	4
has a participating interest	ine company	654,276	497,112
The debtors above include the following amounts falling due after	more than one year	•••	
		31 Jul 19	31 May 18 (restated)
		£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which t	the company		
has a participating interest		600,000	_
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	31 Jul 19	31 May 18	
		(restated)	
	£	£	
Corporation tax	20,369	_	
Other creditors	33,589	498,397	
	53,958	498,397	
8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	31 Jul 19	31 May 18	
		(restated)	
	£	£	
Other creditors	600,000	_	

9. Related party transactions

During the year a director provided the company with a further loan of £184,000. At 31 July 2019 £632,890 was due to the directors, interest will be paid at 8.3%.

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