# Cambridge Multi - Physics Limited Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements 30 April 2023

Cambridge Multi - Physics Limited

Registered number: 10744321

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 30 April 2023

ı	Notes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		205		612
•					
Current assets					
Debtors	4	4,046		13,020	
Cash at bank and in hand		294,737		158,539	
		298,783		171,559	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	5	(7,919)		(4,091)	
Net current assets			290,864		167,468
Total assets less current				-	
liabilities			291,069		168,080
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	6		(62,731)		(62,731)
Provisions for liabilities			(51)		-
Net assets			228,287	-	105,349
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Share premium			129,991		129,991
Profit and loss account			98,294		(24,644)
Shareholders' funds			228,287	-	105,349
				-	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

N Nikiforakis

Director

Approved by the board on 26 January 2024

# Cambridge Multi - Physics Limited Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2023

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Office Equipment

over 3 years

#### Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2023	2022
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	5	4
•	Taxasible files deceade		
3	Tangible fixed assets		Office
			Equipment
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 May 2022		1,234
	At 30 April 2023		1,234
	Depreciation		
	At 1 May 2022		622
	Charge for the year		407
	At 30 April 2023		1,029
	Net book value		
	At 30 April 2023		205
	At 30 April 2022		612
4	Debtors	2023	2022
		£	£
	Deferred tax asset	-	5,802
	Other debtors	4,046	7,218
		4,046	13,020
_			
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
		£	£
	Trade creditors	-	148
	Taxation and social security costs	4,219	1,977
	Other creditors	3,700	1,966
		7,919	4,091
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2023	2022
•	and and you	£	£
		-	- <b>-</b>

Other creditors 62,731 62,731

### 7 Related party transactions

At the balance sheet date Cambridge Numerical Solutions Limited, a company controlled by the director Dr N Nikiforakis, is owed £37,731 (2022 - £37,731) for set up costs incurred in prior years. The directors are of the opinion that this amount will not be repaid within 12 months of the balance sheet date. The balance is included in other creditors due after one year in both the current and p r e v i o u s y = x + 1

The loan of £25,000 (2022- £25,000) made to the company by Cambridge Numerical Solutions Limited, a company under the control of the director Dr N Nikiforakis, does not bear any interest and has no fixed date of repayment. The loan is included in creditors due after one year in both the current and previous year.

## 8 Controlling party

The company is controlled by the directors who currently hold 100% of the issued share capital of the company.

#### 9 Other information

Cambridge Multi - Physics Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Third Floor 20 Old Bailey London

EC4M 7AN

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.