Registration number: 10737611

# Nevada Investment Holdings 5 Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2018



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# **Company Information**

Directors

D C Ross

D Cougill

Company secretary

D Clarke

Registered office

1 Minster Court Mincing Lane London EC3R 7AA

Auditor

Deloitte LLP

1 New Street Square

London EC4A 3HQ United Kingdom

# Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2018 for Nevada Investment Holdings 5 Limited ("the Company"). The Strategic Report provides a review of the business for the financial year and describes how the directors manage risks. The report outlines the developments and performance of the Company during the financial year, the position at the end of the year and discusses the main trends and factors that could affect the future. The Company is part of The Ardonagh Group Limited ("the Group" or "Ardonagh").

### Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the Company is that of a non-trading holding company, as such the Company does not generate any turnover. The results for the Company show turnover of £Nil (2017: £Nil) and profit before tax of £Nil (2017: £Nil) for the year. At 31 December 2018 the Company had net assets of £257.0m (2017: £257.0m).

### Outlook

The directors do not expect there to be any changes in the nature of the business in 2019.

### Key performance indicators

The directors of the Group manage operations on a divisional basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that a separate analysis for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The development, performance and position of the Group which includes this Company is discussed in the Group's annual report.

The key performance indicator for the Company is the carrying value of its subsidiary, as this is the main asset of the Company. The performance of the subsidiary will determine whether an impairment to the carrying value is required and this is tested on a regular basis.

There were no impairment charges for the current year end.

### Risk management

## Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company's performance and value, as a holding company of the Group, is integrated with its investment in the Company's subsidiary. As such from the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the Group and are managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties are discussed in the Group's annual report.

A principal risk of this holding Company is the trading performance of its subsidiary. Trading performance in the subsidiary could create the need for impairment leading to a reduction in net assets and distributable reserves of the Company. The subsidiary sets performance targets for the year ahead and performance is reviewed regularly against these targets. Reasons for under performance are monitored and mitigating actions are taken. The investment is reviewed for impairment to ensure the appropriate carrying value in the holding company's financial statements.

Approved by the board on 25/9/12019, and signed on its behalf by:

DIPLIC CONSILL

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# Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

### Directors of the company

The directors, who held office during the year and up to the date of signing, were as follows:

A Erotocritou (appointed 2 March 2018 and resigned 1 August 2019)

D C Ross

M S Mugge (resigned 2 March 2018)

The following director was appointed after the year end:

D Cougill (appointed 1 August 2019)

#### Dividends

The directors do not recommend a final dividend payment to be made in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: £Nil).

### Financial risk management objectives and policies

Details of financial risk management objectives and policies can be found in the Strategic Report within the 'Risk management' section on page 2.

### **Future developments**

Details of future developments can be found in the Strategic Report within the 'Outlook' section on page 2.

### **Political donations**

The Company has not made any political donations during the year (2017: £Nil).

### Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development are described in the Strategic Report on page 2. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements. Further details of this assessment can be found in Note 2 to these financial statements.

### Directors' liabilities

All directors of the Company and fellow Group companies benefit from qualifying third party indemnity provisions, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006, in place during the financial year and at the date of this report.

### Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

# Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### Appointment of an auditor

During the year ended 31 December 2017, a formal tender process took place for the Company, led by The Ardonagh Group Limited Audit Committee. As a result of this tender process the Audit Committee recommended, and The Ardonagh Group Limited board approved on behalf of the Company, the proposed appointment of Deloitte LLP as an external auditor for the financial year ended 31 December 2018. The auditor, Deloitte LLP, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the board on .25/9/2515... and signed on its behalf by:

Director

PIANE COUGILL

# Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Nevada Investment Holdings 5 Limited

### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Nevada Investment Holdings 5 Limited ("the Company"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- the Statement of Financial Position;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 11;

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Nevada Investment Holdings 5 Limited

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Nevada Investment Holdings 5 Limited

### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Andrew Downes (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

**Statutory Auditor** 

London

**United Kingdom** 

Date: 25 September 2019

# Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Turnover	<del></del>		
Operating result	4		· <u>-</u>
Result before tax			
Net result for the year		-	-

During the year and the preceding financial period the Company did not trade and received no income and incurred no expenditure. Consequently, during these periods the Company made neither a profit nor a loss. No results were derived from discontinued operations.

# (Registration number: 10737611) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Assets			
Non-current assets Investments	7	,007,353	257,000,478
Total assets	257	,007,353	257,000,478
Equity and liabilities			
Equity Called up share capital Capital contribution	8 257	7,000,478 6,875	257,000,478
	257	,007,353	257,000,478
Total equity and liabilities	257	,007,353	257,000,478

Approved by the board on 25/9/2015.... and signed on its behalf by:

Director

DIANE COUGILL

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	Share capital	Capital contribution	Total £
At 1 January 2018 Capital contribution - share-based payments	257,000,478	6,875	257,000,478 6,875
At 31 December 2018	257,000,478	6,875	257,007,353
	Share capital	Capital contribution	Total £
At 24 April 2017 New share capital issued	257,000,478	<u>-</u> .	257,000,478
At 31 December 2017	257,000,478		257,000,478

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### 1 Authorisation of financial statements

The Company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated and registered in England, United Kingdom. The address of the registered office can be found on page 1. The principal activity of the Company is disclosed on page 2 within the 'Strategic Report'.

### 2 Accounting policies

### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework.'

IFRS 9, IFRS 15 and other new standards are applicable for financial reporting periods starting on 1 January 2018 or later. These new standards did not have a material impact on the Company.

As a wholly owned subsidiary of The Ardonagh Group Limited, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group financial statements, and its results are included in the consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent.

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. The financial statements are presented in GBP sterling (£), which is also the Company's functional currency.

### Summary of disclosure exemptions

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with the Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

In these financial statements, the Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101 where relevant:

- (a) the requirements of IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures';
- (b) the requirements in paragraph 10(d) and 111 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements to prepare a Cash flow statement and the requirements in IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows regarding the same;
- (c) the requirements in paragraph 10(f), 39(c) and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements, which includes the need to provide details on capital management;

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

- (d) the requirements of paragraphs 134(d) 134(f) and 135(c) 135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets in respect of disclosure of assumptions on which projections used in the impairment review are based and sensitivity analysis.
- (e) the requirements in paragraphs 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures around the need to disclose information on key management personnel and details on related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member;
- (f) the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 in IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors regarding disclosure of new IFRS standards not yet effective at the reporting date and their potential impact;
- (g) the requirements of paragraphs 45(b) and 46 to 52 of IFRS 2 'Share-Based Payments' because the arrangement concerns equity instruments of the Group.

Equivalent disclosures are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements as required by FRS 101 where exemptions have been applied.

### Going Concern

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a going concern basis. At 31 December 2018 the Company had net assets of £ 257.0m (2017: £257.0m). The Company was one of a number of group companies who at 31 December 2018 guaranteed bank and bond debt owed by Ardonagh Midco 3 Plc, an immediate holding company in the group.

The directors believe the going concern basis to be appropriate following their assessment of the Company's financial position and its ability to meet its obligations as and when they fall due.

In reaching a conclusion on the going concern basis, the directors have performed an assessment of the Group's position which included:

- The current capital structure and liquidity of the Group and its base case and stressed cash flow forecasts over the calendar years 2019 and 2020.
- The principal risks facing the Group and its systems of risk management and internal control; and
- 2019 liquidity to date is tracking favourably to plan.

Key assumptions that the directors have made in preparing the base case cash flow forecasts are that the Group:

- Invests to complete the major business transformation projects involving the finance function and broker system consolidation and that it achieves the projected synergies.
- Continues to benefit from the Revolving Credit Facility of £120m, which is limited to £90m whilst the Letter of Credit ancillary facility of £50m remains in place. None of the available £90m Revolving Credit Facility was utilised at 31 December 2018.
- Commences the main settlement of the ETV liabilities from the second half of 2019 and completes over a 24 month period.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

Key stress scenarios that the directors have considered are:

- A shortfall in base case projected operating cash flows due to adverse economic conditions, project over-spend and project delays.
- Deterioration in the quantum and acceleration of the settlement of the ETV liabilities compared to the base case.
- Mitigating actions within management control such as:
- o Delayed capital expenditure and a reduction in discretionary spend. This action could be utilised if trading performance and cash flows are not in line with the reforecast and can be managed by temporary spending deferrals. o Raising additional debt, additional shareholder support, and the potential sale of non-core assets.

Following the assessment of the Company's financial position and of its ability to meet its obligations as and when they fall due, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue to operate for at least the next twelve months. Therefore, the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental cost directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

### Impairment of investments

The carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the investment may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### Calculation of recoverable amount

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

### Financial guarantees

Contracts meeting the definition of a financial guarantee are recognised at fair value under IFRS 9, or under IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts' where the conditions required in order for it to be regarded as an insurance contract are satisfied. This is determined on a contract by contract basis, depending on whether the risk transferred represents a financial risk or an insurance risk.

### 3 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements used in preparing the financial statements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant effect on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are discussed below.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### Impairment of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may exceed its recoverable amount. An impairment test is performed by comparing the investment's carrying amount with its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. An impairment test requires the application of significant judgement because it relies on key assumptions, including revenue and an EBITDA multiple.

### 4 Operating result

The audit fee of £4,284 (2017: £4,200) for the audit of this Company was paid by other Group entities for which no recharge was made.

### 5 Staff costs

The Company had no employees in the current year or preceding period. All administration is performed by employees of the Group, for which no recharge is made to the Company.

### 6 Directors' remuneration

The emoluments of all directors are paid by other Group companies, which make no recharge to the Company. These directors are directors of The Ardonagh Group Limited and/or other fellow subsidiaries. Their total emoluments are included in the consolidated financial statements of The Ardonagh Group Limited.

### 7 Investment in subsidiary

Subsidiary	£
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2018 Additions	257,000,478 6,875
At 31 December 2018	257,007,353
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2018	257,007,353
At 31 December 2017	257,000,478

For the investment in Nevada Investment Holdings 6 Limited, the recoverable amount exceeds the respective carrying value and no impairment is required for the year. Additions for the year of £6,875 relate to share-based payments.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

# 7 Investment in subsidiary (continued)

Details of the subsidiary as at 31 December 2018 are as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Country of incorporation and principal place of business	ownership interest and voting rights held		
·	•		2018	2017	
Nevada Investment Holdings 6 Limited	Holding company	England and Wales	100%	100%	
		1 Minster Court, Mincing Lane, London, EC3R 7AA.			

# 8 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	25,700,047,780	257,000,478	25,700,047,780	257,000,478

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### 9 Commitments

### Guarantees

On 25 May 2017, Ardonagh Midco 3 plc, a newly incorporated intermediate holding company, entered into a £90.0m super senior revolving credit facility (RCF).

On 20 June 2017, Ardonagh Midco 3 plc issued £400.0m of 8.375% Senior Secured Notes and USD520.0m of 8.625% Senior Secured Notes. On 22 June 2017, the £425.0m Senior Secured Notes and £75.0m floating rate super Senior Secured Notes issued by Ardonagh Finco plc in April 2015 were redeemed.

On 20 December 2017, Ardonagh Midco 3 plc issued an additional £55.0m of 8.375% Senior Secured Notes which are fungible with the existing GBP Senior Secured Notes issued on 20 June 2017. On the same date the commitments under the RCF were increased to £105.0m.

On 18 June 2018, Ardonagh Midco 3 plc issued an additional £98.3m of 8.375% Senior Secured Notes which are fungible with the existing GBP Senior Secured Notes issued on 20 June 2017 and 20 December 2017.

On 26 September 2018, the Group's RCF was amended and restated to include an additional £50.0m facility made available solely to provide a Letter of Credit ancillary facility for the same amount. On 5 October 2018, a letter of credit of £50.0m was issued for the benefit of specified entities within the Group solely to provide credit support in respect of potential redress liabilities relating to the sale of certain enhanced transfer value (ETV) products. See note 32 for further information relating to ETV redress liabilities. While the Letter of Credit ancillary facility remains in place the commitments under the RCF that may actually be utilised are contractually limited to £90.0m (excluding the Letter of Credit ancillary facility). Permissible RCF drawings are further limited by the terms of the Group's overall credit facility arrangement. The RCF facility had not been utilised at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: £30.0m utilised).

On 19 November 2018 USD235m additional 8.625% Senior Secured Notes were issued.

The obligations of Ardonagh Midco 3 plc under the Notes, RCF, and the subsequently issued 8.375% and 8.625% notes, are guaranteed and secured by Ardonagh Midco 2 plc, the immediate parent company of Ardonagh Midco 3 plc, and all its material and certain other subsidiaries. These subsidiaries are listed below:

Nevada Investment Holdings 5 Limited Morgan Law Limited

Nevada Investment Holdings 6 Limited Paymentshield Group Holdings Limited

Nevada Investment Holdings 7 Limited Paymentshield Holdings Limited

Nevada Investments TopCo Limited Paymentshield Limited

Nevada Investments Holdings Limited Paymentshield Services Limited

Nevada InvestorCo Limited Ardonagh Finco Plc

Ardonagh Services Limited (formerly Towergate Insurance

Nevada Investments 1 Limited Limited)

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### 9 Commitments (continued)

Nevada Investments 2 Limited Towergate Risk Solutions Limited

Nevada Investments 3 Limited Towergate Underwriting Group Limited

Nevada Investments 4 Limited PFIH Limited

Nevada Investments 5 Limited Price Forbes & Partners Limited

Nevada Investments 6 Limited Price Forbes Holdings Limited

Nevada Investments 7 Limited URIS Group Limited

Arista Insurance Limited Millennium Insurance Brokers Limited

URIS Central Administration Limited (formerly Direct Newco

Broker Network Holdings Limited Limited)

CCV Risk Solutions Limited URIS Topco Limited (formerly Direct Group Topco Limited)

Cullum Capital Ventures Limited Chase Templeton Group Limited
Four Counties Insurance Brokers Limited Chase Templeton Holdings Limited

Geo Specialty Group Holdings Limited Chase Templeton Limited

Geo Underwriting Services Limited Carole Nash Insurance Consultants Limited

Lunar 101 Limited KDB Medical Limited

Atlanta 1 Insurance Services Limited (formerly Autonet

Bishopsgate Insurance Brokers Limited Insurance Services Limited)

Towergate Insurance Broking Holdings Swinton Group Limited
Ardonagh Specialty Holdings Limited Swinton (Holdings) Limited
Ardonagh Midco 3 (Guarantor only) Swinton Properties Limited

Ardonagh Midco 2 plc Atlanta Investment Holdings Limited

Health and Protection Solutions Limited (became an additional

Atlanta Investment Holdings A Limited guarantor on 31 July 2019)

These guarantees have been treated under IFRS 4 in line with the accounting policy described in note 2.

### 10 Related party transactions

During the year the Company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with a number of related parties. The Company has taken the exemption under FRS 101 not to disclose transactions with fellow wholly owned subsidiaries or key management personnel.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### 11 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The Group's majority shareholder is HPS Investment Partners LLC. At 31 December 2018, the ultimate parent company was The Ardonagh Group Limited (incorporated in Jersey, registered office address 44 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey JE4 9WG). The Ardonagh Group Limited is the largest group in which the results are consolidated. The parent company of the smallest group, which includes the Company and for which group financial statements are prepared, is Ardonagh Midco 3 plc, a company incorporated in Great Britain. Financial statements for The Ardonagh Group Limited and Ardonagh Midco 3 plc are available on request from:

1 Minster Court Mincing Lane London EC3R 7AA