Registration number: 10735273

Nevada Investorco Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2020



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Company Information

Directors

D C Ross

D Cougill

Company secretary

D Clarke

Registered office

2 Minster Court Mincing Lane London EC3R 7PD United Kingdom

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2020 for Nevada Investorco Limited ("the Company"). The Strategic Report provides a review of the business for the financial year and describes how the directors manage risks. The report outlines the performance of the Company during the financial year and its position at the end of the year. The report discusses the developments that have affected the Company and the main trends and factors that could affect its future. The Company is part of The Ardonagh Group Limited ("the Group").

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the Company is that of a non-trading holding company and as such, the Company does not generate any turnover.

The results for the Company show turnover of £Nil (2019: £Nil) and loss before tax of £2.9m (2019: £4.1m) for the year. At 31 December 2020 the Company had net liabilities of £26.2m (2019: £25.9m). The going concern note (part of accounting policies) on page 11 sets out the reasons why the directors continue to believe that the preparation of the financial statements on a going concern basis is appropriate.

Outlook

The directors do not expect there to be any changes in the nature of the business in 2021.

The unprecedented nature of the global Covid-19 pandemic (including the short-term and long-term effects thereof) creates unprecedented and extraordinary uncertainties for most businesses including Nevada Investorco Limited. Consideration of the financial risk and future impact can be found in the Strategic Report within the 'Principal risks and uncertainties' section and the Going concern disclosure in note 2.

Key performance indicators

The Company's performance and value, as a holding company of the Group, is integrated with its investment in the Company's subsidiary. As such from the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the Group and are managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties are discussed in the Group's annual report.

A principal risk of this holding Company is the trading performance of its subsidiary. Trading performance in the subsidiary could create the need for impairment leading to a reduction in net assets and distributable reserves of the Company. The subsidiaries set performance targets for the year ahead and performance is reviewed regularly against these targets. Reasons for under performance are monitored and mitigating actions are taken. The investment is reviewed for impairment to ensure the appropriate carrying value in the holding company's financial statements. There were no impairment charges for the current year end (2019: £1.2m).

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company's performance and value, as a holding company of the Group, is integrated with its investment in the Company's subsidiaries. As such from the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the Group and are managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties are discussed in the Group's annual report.

A principal risk of this holding Company is the trading performance of its subsidiary. Trading performance in the subsidiary could create the need for impairment leading to increased net liabilities and a reduction in distributable reserves of the Company. The subsidiary sets performance targets for the year ahead and performance is reviewed regularly against these targets. Reasons for under performance are monitored and mitigating actions are taken. The investment is reviewed for impairment to ensure the appropriate carrying value in the holding company's financial statements.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

The principal risks and their mitigation are as follows:

Impact of Covid-19

The Company has considered the wider operational consequences and ramifications of the Covid-19 pandemic. Although Covid-19 developments remain fluid, financial stress testing demonstrates the Group's financial resilience and operating flexibility.

The Group has sufficient liquidity to withstand a period of potential poor trading resulting from a sustained impact of Covid-19, although this has not materialised to date with the income impacts predominantly limited to the second quarter of 2020 and substantially offset by additional cost savings. The Group had available liquidity of £411.5m at 31 March 2021 and closely monitors available liquidity on an ongoing basis.

Insurance broking is a resilient and defensive market, which has historically had limited impact from past economic or capital market downturns. Ardonagh is highly diversified and not materially exposed to a single carrier, customer or market sector.

Cyber-security and data protection

Our computer systems store information about our customers and employees, some of which is sensitive personal data. Although we have taken reasonable and appropriate security measures to prevent unauthorised access to information stored in our databases and to ensure that our processing of personal data complies with the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR), our technology may, on occasion, fail to adequately secure the private information we maintain in our databases and protect it from theft or inadvertent loss. Our systems, and the wider public infrastructure they rely on, may also be subject to attack preventing use and disrupting business operations.

The Company and Group has robust policies, business standards and control frameworks in place for both cyber security and data protection.

Following the appointment of the Group CISO at 2019 year-end, a 3-year group-wide Cyber Resilience Strategy was established, with all major areas of the Group developing related cyber remediation roadmaps (with a particular focus on related IT control environments) where required, to further review and enhance the maturity and capability of cyber and information security processes and controls across the Group. Appropriate mechanisms have also been embedded to help effectively track and manage related cyber risk across the Group.

The Company and Group continues to have a cyber insurance policy in place to mitigate financial risks associated with data breaches and cyber-attacks.

Future impact of Brexit

Brexit affects the ability of businesses to passport from the UK into other EU states and likewise into the UK from the EU. The Group's plans always assumed a no deal, 'hard' Brexit and as such the Group was prepared for Brexit. The direct impact on the Group's UK businesses is not significant because they conduct only limited business within the EU and, importantly, because the operating segments have implemented mitigation strategies (e.g. gaining direct authorisation in certain EU member states) to reduce the risk. However, the loss of passporting rights may affect the insurance markets in which the Group operates, possibly reducing insurance capacity, competition and choice.

Brexit could also extend the current Covid-19 induced general decline in economic conditions in the UK where the Group operates predominantly. The diversified business portfolio of the Group continues to mitigate the risk of a general decline in economic conditions and the Group's going concern stressed scenario modelling incorporates general economic declines, including from Brexit and Covid-19.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

Approved by the Board on 3 August 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

D Cougill Director

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

The directors present their annual report and the unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Directors of the Company

The directors, who held office during the year and up to the date of signing, were as follows:

D C Ross

D Cougill

Dividends

The directors do not recommend a final dividend payment to be made in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: £Nil).

Financial risk management objectives and policies

Details of financial risk management objectives and policies can be found in the Strategic Report within the 'Principal risks and uncertainties' section on page 2.

Future developments

Details of future developments can be found in the Strategic Report within the 'Outlook' section on page 2.

Political donations

The Company has not made any political donations during the year (2019: £Nil).

Subsequent events

Details of subsequent events can be found in the Notes to the financial statements within the 'Subsequent events' section on page 19.

Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development are described in the Strategic Report on page 2. At 31 December 2020, the Company had net liabilities of £26.2m (2019: £25.9m). The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. In reaching their view on the preparation of the Company's financial statements on a going concern basis, the Directors have also considered the letter of support provided by Ardonagh Midco 3 Plc. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements. Further details can be found in note 2 to these financial statements.

Directors indemnities

All directors of the Company and fellow group companies benefit from qualifying third party indemnity provisions, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006, in place during the financial year and at the date of this report.

Approved by the Board on 3 August 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

D Cougill Director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Commission and fees		-	•
Impairment of investments	9 -		(1,174,542)
Operating loss	4	-	(1,174,542)
Finance costs	5	(2,902,958)	(2,902,960)
Loss before tax		(2,902,958)	(4,077,502)
Income tax credit	8		551,562
Net loss for the year	. =	(2,902,958)	(3,525,940)

The above results arise from continuing operations. There are no items of other comprehensive income in the current financial year or prior financial year.

(Registration number: 10735273) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Non-current assets			
Investments in subsidiary undertakings	9	12,149,955	9,367,201
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	10	1,103,124	1,103,124
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	(10,388,217)	(7,332,954)
Net current liabilities		(9,285,093)	(6,229,830)
Total assets less current liabilities		2,864,862	3,137,371
Non-current liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	12	(29,029,583)	(29,029,583)
Net liabilities		(26,164,721)	(25,892,212)
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	13	2,630,449	•
Share premium		11,770,417	11,770,417
Retained losses		(40,565,587)	(37,662,629)
Total equity		(26,164,721)	(25,892,212)

For the financial year ending 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

Approved by the Board on 3 August 2021and signed on its behalf by:

D Cougill Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

At 1 January 2020 Loss for the year	Note	Share capital £	Share premium £ 11,770,417	Retained losses £ (37,662,629) (2,902,958)	Total £ (25,892,212) (2,902,958)
New share capital issued	13	2,630,449		-	2,630,449
At 31 December 2020		2,630,449	11,770,417	(40,565,587)	(26,164,721)
		Share	Share	Retained	
		capital £	premium £	losses £	Total £
At 1 January 2019 Loss for the year		<u>-</u>	11,770,417	(34,136,689) (3,525,940)	(22,366,272) (3,525,940)
At 31 December 2019			11,770,417	(37,662,629)	(25,892,212)

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

1 General information

The Company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and registered in United Kingdom. The address of the registered office can be found on page 1. The principal activity of the Company is disclosed on page 2 within the 'Strategic Report'.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 were authorised for issue by the board on 3 August 2021 and the Statement of Financial Position was signed on the board's behalf by D Cougill.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

As a wholly owned subsidiary of The Ardonagh Group Limited, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group financial statements, and its results are included in the consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent.

The financial statements are presented in GBP sterling (£), which is also the Company's functional currency. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, as modified to use a different measurement basis where necessary to comply with FRS 101. There are no new standards, amendments to standards or interpretations which are effective in 2020 or not yet effective and that are expected to materially impact the Company's financial statements.

Summary of disclosure exemptions

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with the Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

In these financial statements, the Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101 where relevant:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures and of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13
 Fair Value Measurement;
- the requirements in paragraph 10(d) and 111 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements to prepare a Cash flow statement and the requirements in IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows regarding the same;
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134 to 136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements:
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 in IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting
 Estimates and Errors regarding disclosure of new IFRS standards not yet effective at the reporting
 date and their potential impact;

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

- the requirements in paragraphs 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures and the requirements in IAS 24 to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of the Group, provided that any subsidiary which is party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member; and
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii) -(iii), 134(d) 134(f) and 135(c) 135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets in respect of disclosure of valuation techniques, assumptions on which projections used in the impairment review are based and sensitivity analysis.

Equivalent disclosures are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements as required by FRS 101 where exemptions have been applied.

Judgements made by the directors in the application of these accounting policies that have a significant effect on the financial statements, and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year, are discussed in the Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty disclosure on page 14.

Going concern

As shown in account note 15, the Company is a member of a group ("the Group") of which The Ardonagh Group Limited ("TAGL") is the ultimate parent company and the highest level at which results are consolidated.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a going concern basis. At 31 December 2020 the Company had net liabilities of £26.2m (2019: £25.9m) and net current liabilities of £9.3m (2019: £6.2m). The net current liabilities include amounts receivable from related parties of £1.1m (2019: £1.1m), and amounts due to related parties of £10.4m (2019: £7.3m). The Company reported a loss before tax £2.9m (2019: £4.1m).

The Directors consider the going concern basis to be appropriate following their assessment of the Group's financial position and its ability to meet its obligations as and when they fall due. In making the going concern assessment the Directors have taken into account the following:

- The current capital structure and liquidity of the Company and the Group, that the Group manages its
 cash and funding requirements on a Group-wide basis, as well as the assessment that the Group
 continues to be a going concern.
- Following the Group's 14 July 2020 issuance of new borrowings, which the Group used to repay its existing borrowings and to fund acquisitions: (a) the Group will continue to benefit from a £191.5m Revolving Credit Facility that remained undrawn on 19 May 2021 being the date of TAGL's Q1 2021 interim report, and (b) payment-in-kind interest options are utilised.
- The change in the Group's capital structure, operations and liquidity following the 14 July 2020 issuance of new borrowings are reflected in the Group's adjusted base case and stressed cash flow forecasts over the calendar years 2021 and 2022.
- Adjustments included for the forecast cashflows from the material acquisitions completed at the date
 of finalisation of the Group's base case budget and impact on available and forecast liquidity of
 subsequent acquisitions completed and planned.
- The principal risks facing the Group, including the potential financial and operational impacts of Covid-19, and its systems of risk management and internal control.
- Actual Group trading and cashflows that arose in 2020 and the first four months of 2021 with continued positive financial results.
- Client retention and renewal rates continue to be robust, despite the current economic uncertainty, as the 2021 trading performance continues to demonstrate resilience across the Group.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Key stress scenarios that TAGL considered as part of the Group's 2020 and Q1 2021 Going Concern assessments include shortfalls to the Group's base plan projected income throughout 2021 and 2022 and deterioration in the base case cash conversion rates over and above the shortfalls in income. The Group also modelled reverse stress scenarios, including assessing those that result in a default on the Group's term debt facilities that would require a technical repayment obligation and those that would exhaust available liquidity. The stresses needed for these outcomes to happen significantly exceed the key stress scenarios above and the TAGL Directors considered such conditions to be a remote possibility. Other mitigations which may be possible in the stress scenarios but have not been included in the analysis include seeking shareholder support, securitising premium receivables and further incremental and more prolonged cost reductions.

Further details can be found in the 2020 Annual Report and Financial Statements and the Q1 2021 Interim Report of TAGL, which are published on its website.

The Directors of the Company and the Group have also considered the wider operational consequences and ramifications of the Covid-19 pandemic. In particular:

- The Group has demonstrated the efficiency and stability of the Group's infrastructure and the ability for home working for a significant portion of its employee base.
- Insurance broking is a resilient and defensive market, which has historically had limited impact from
 past economic or capital market downturns. The Group is highly diversified and not materially
 exposed to a single carrier, customer or market sector.
- Although Covid-19 developments remain fluid, the stress testing demonstrates the Group's financial resilience and operating flexibility.
- The impact of Covid-19 on the Group has been very limited.

Following the assessment of the Group's financial position and its ability to meet its obligations as and when they fall due, including the further potential financial implications of the Covid-19 pandemic included in stress tests, and the wider operational consequences and ramifications of the pandemic, the Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties that cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

Financial instruments

Financial assets

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial assets include trade and other receivables.

Trade and other receivables represent amounts due from related parties. They are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

Trade and other payables represent amounts due to related parties. They are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less any expect credit losses.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Borrowings

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the statement of financial position date. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Finance costs policy

The Company's finance costs relate to interest expense which is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments classified as amortised cost.

Investments in subsidiary undertakings

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company has control. The Company controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less, where appropriate, impairment.

Impairment of investments

The carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the investment may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Calculation of recoverable amount

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental cost directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

3 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements used in preparing the financial statements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant effect on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are discussed below.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may exceed its recoverable amount.

An impairment test is performed by comparing the investment's carrying amount with its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use, where its VIU is the present value of its future cash flows. An impairment test requires the application of significant judgement because it relies on key assumptions, including forecast cash flows, a discount rate, a terminal growth rate and an EBITDA multiple.

4 Operating loss

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company has taken the exemption under s479 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to obtain an audit of their separate financial statements. The guarantee of the outstanding liabilities as at 31 December 2020 has been provided by Ardonagh Midco 2 plc, a fellow Group company. As a result, no audit fee has been incurred (2019: £4,413).

5 Finance costs

	2020 £	2019 £
Finance costs	(2,002,059)	(2.002.0(0)
Interest on loan from related party	(2,902,958) (2,902,958)	(2,902,960)

Finance costs represent interest payable on the intra group loan, further details of which can be found in the Loans and borrowings disclosure (note 12).

6 Staff costs

The Company had no employees in the current year or preceding period. All administration is performed by employees of the Group, for which no recharge is made to the Company.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

7 Directors' remuneration

The emoluments of all directors are paid by other Group companies, which make no recharge to the Company. These directors are directors of The Ardonagh Group Limited and/or other fellow subsidiaries. Their total emoluments are included in the consolidated financial statements of The Ardonagh Group Limited.

All directors benefit from qualifying third-party indemnity provisions in place during the financial year and at the date of this report.

8 Income tax credit

Tax charged in the Statement of Comprehensive Income

· ·	2020 £	2019 £
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax	-	(551,562)
UK corporation tax adjustment to prior periods		
Total current taxation		(551,562)
Deferred taxation		
Arising from origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
Arising from changes in tax rates and laws	-	-
Arising from previously unrecognised tax loss, tax credit or temporary difference of prior periods		
Total deferred taxation	<u>-</u>	
Tax credit in the profit and loss account	-	(551,562)
The differences are reconciled below:		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Loss before tax	(2,902,958)	(4,077,502)
Corporation tax at standard rate of 19% (2019: 19%)	(551,562)	(774,725)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	223,163
Deferred tax expense from unrecognised tax loss or credit	551,562	
Total tax credit	-	(551,562)

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

8 Income tax credit (continued)

Deferred tax

In the March 2021 Budget, it was announced that the UK Corporation Tax Rate will rise from its current rate of 19% to 25% with effect from April 2023. UK deferred tax balances as at 31 December 2020 continue to be measured at a rate of 19% as this was the substantively enacted rate at that date.

The company did not recognise deferred tax assets as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Losses	551,562	
Unrecognised deferred tax assets	551,562	

This deferred tax asset has not been recognised in these accounts as it is not expected that the Company's future profitability will be sufficient to utilise it.

9 Investments in subsidiary undertakings

Subsidiaries	£
Cost At 1 January 2020 Additions	40,806,738 2,782,754
At 31 December 2020	43,589,492
Provision for impairment At 1 January 2020	31,439,537
At 31 December 2020	31,439,537
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2020	12,149,955
At 31 December 2019	9,367,201

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

9 Investments in subsidiary undertakings (continued)

The Company increased its investment in Nevada Investments 1 Limited by £2,782,754 in the year.

Following an impairment review completed as at 31 December 2020, the recoverable amount of the investment in Nevada Investments 1 Limited was found to exceed the respective carrying value and no impairment is required for the year (2019: £1,174,542).

Details of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2020 are as follows. The registered office of the subsidiary listed below is: 2 Minster Court, London, EC3R 7PD.

Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Country of incorporation and Principal place of business	in ordin	ny interest ary share and voting eld 2019
Nevada Investments 1 Limited	Holding company	England	100%	100%
10 Trade and o	other receivables		2020 £	2019 £
Current trade a	nd other receivables			
Receivables from	other Group companie	es	1,103,124	1,103,124
			1,103,124	1,103,124

The directors believe that the intercompany receivables are recoverable. The balances are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

11 Trade and other payables

	2020 £	2019 £
Current trade and other payables		
Amounts due to other Group companies	10,388,217	7,332,954
	10,388,217	7,332,954

Amounts due to other Group companies are unsecured, interest free and payable on demand.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

12 Loans and borrowings

	2020	2019
	£	£
Non-current loan		
Loan from related party	29,029,583	29,029,583

On 22 June 2017 the Company entered into a subordinate loan agreement with Ardonagh Services Limited, a fellow Group subsidiary company. The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 10.0% per annum and has a termination date of 2023.

13 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	263,044,856	2,630,449	10	0.10

In 2020, the Company issued 263,044,846 ordinary shares for a total consideration of £2,630,448. The shares were fully subscribed by the Company's immediate parent, Nevada Investments TopCo Limited.

The shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distribution (including on winding up) rights; they do not confer any rights of redemption.

14 Related party transactions

During the year the Company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with a number of related parties. The Company has taken the exemption under FRS 101 not to disclose transactions with fellow wholly owned subsidiaries or key management personnel.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

15 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The Group's majority shareholder and ultimate controlling party at 31 December 2020 is HPS Investment Partners LLC. The parent company of the largest group that prepares group financial statements at 31 December 2020 that consolidate the Company is The Ardonagh Group Limited (incorporated in Jersey, registered office address 3rd Floor, 44 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey JE4 9WG). The parent company of the smallest group that prepares group financial statements at 31 December 2020 that consolidate the Company is Ardonagh Midco 2 plc (Incorporated in Great Britain, registered office address 2 Minster Court, London, EC3R 7PD). Financial statements for The Ardonagh Group Limited and Ardonagh Midco 2 plc are available on request from:

2 Minster Court Mincing Lane London EC3R 7PD

16 Subsequent events

The Company performed a review of events subsequent to the statement of financial position date through to the date the financial statements were issued and determined that there were no such events requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.