UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

		202	2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Intangible assets	3		467		1,269	
Tangible assets	4		2,864		3,374	
			3,331		4,643	
Current assets						
Debtors	5	21,494		23,284		
Cash at bank and in hand		293,475		200,480		
		314,969		223,764		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(28,116)		(15,372)		
Net current assets			286,853		208,392	
Total assets less current liabilities			290,184		213,035	
Provisions for liabilities	7		(833)		(882)	
Net assets	•		289,351		212,153	
•						
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			100		100	
Profit and loss reserves			289,251		212,053	
Total equity	•		289,351		212,153	

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue	07/12/22 on	
S Ahmad		
Director		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Ahmad Vision Limited (the 'company') is a private company limited by shares and is registered and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is RSM, 1 St James' Gate, Newcastle upon Tyne, United Kingdom, NE1 4AD.

Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business.

Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Website

33% straight line

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Equipment

25% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade debtors, other debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including other creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price and are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements.

Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

Retirement benefits

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to profit or loss is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2	Employees		
	The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company	y during th	ne year was:
		2022	2021
	N	umber	Number
	Total	3	3
		===	==
3	Intangible fixed assets		
•			Website
			£
	Cost At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022		2,405
	ACT April 2021 and 31 March 2022		
	Amortisation and impairment		
	At 1 April 2021		1,136
	Amortisation charged for the year		802
	At 31 March 2022		1,938
	Carrying amount		407
	At 31 March 2022		467 ———
	At 31 March 2021		1,269
4	Tangible fixed assets		
•	Tangible fixed assets		Equipment
			£
	Cost		7.000
	At 1 April 2021 Additions		7,368 1,365
	Additions		
	At 31 March 2022		8,733
	en de la companya de La companya de la companya del companya de la companya de la companya del companya de la companya del la companya de la		1.14 <u></u>
	Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2021		3,994
	Depreciation charged in the year		1,875
	Depleciation charged in the year		
	At 31 March 2022		5,869
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2022		0.064
	ALST WATCH 2022		2,864 =====
	At 31 March 2021		3,374
			- 1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

5	Debtors		
		2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	2,671	5,490
	Other debtors	18,823	17,794
		21,494	23,284
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
•	oresitors, amounts faming due within one year	2022	2021
		£	£
	Corporation tax	19,246	10,754
	Other taxation and social security	4,757	-
	Other creditors	4,113	4,618
		28,116	15,372
_			
7	Provisions for liabilities	2022	2021
		£	£
	Deferred tax liabilities	833	882
8	Related party transactions		
	related party transactions		
	Transactions with related parties During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related	parties:	
	Dividends totalling £2,000 (2021: £2,000) were paid in the year in respect of s director.	-	company's
	The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
• , ••	and the same and the same same same same same and an analysis of the same and an anticommunity and an annual same and	2022	2021
	Amounts due from related parties	£	£
	Director	5,391	5,548