Report and Financial Statements

For the period from incorporation on

22 March 2017 to 30 April 2018

Company Number 10684871

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# Report and financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2018

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### **Directors**

L Bacon S Konsta

### Secretary and registered office

Clyde Secretaries Limited The St Botolph Building 138 Houndsditch London EC3A 7AR

### Company number

10684871

### **Auditors**

BDO LLP Chartered Accountants 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

# Report of the directors for the period ended 30 April 2018

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the period from incorporation on 22 March 2017 to 30 April 2018.

### **Principal activity**

The principal activity is to act as a corporate member of Garza Tello & Asociados, S.C. (the S.C.), a sociedad civil incorporated in Mexico. The principle activity of the S.C. is the provision of legal services.

### **Review of business**

The company was incorporated on 22 March 2017 and became a corporate member of the S.C. on 4 May 2017.

The company did not generate a profit or loss for the period. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

### **Directors**

The directors who served during the period and to the date of this report were as follows:

L Bacon (appointed on 22 March 2017)

S Konsta (appointed on 22 March 2017)

### **Auditors**

BDO LLP were appointed as the company's first auditors. They have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them as auditors will be proposed.

### Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors have taken all of the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provision of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Approval**

This report was approved by the Board and signed on their behalf by:

L Bacon Director

Date: 10 December 2018

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

### **Directors' responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Independent auditor's report to the members of Clyde & Co (Mejico) Limited

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Clyde & Co (Mejico) Limited ("the Company") for the period ended 30 April 2018, which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, the Balance sheet, the Statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 April 2018 and of its result for the period then
  ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

### Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Report of the directors, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Independent auditor's report to the members of Clyde & Co (Mejico) Limited

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime
  and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the
  requirement to prepare a Strategic report.

### **Responsibilities of Directors**

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at:

https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

BDO LUP

Andrew Radford (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor London, UK

Date: 11 DECEMBER 2018

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# Statement of income and retained earnings for the period ended 30 April 2018

The company has not traded during the period.

The company received no income or other comprehensive income and incurred no expenditure or other comprehensive expenditure in the period and therefore did not make either a profit or loss. As a result, neither an income statement nor statement of comprehensive income has been presented for the period ended 30 April 2018.

# Balance sheet as at 30 April 2018

Company number 10684871	Note	2018 £
Fixed assets Investments	6	3,091
Current assets Called up share capital not paid		1
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(3,091)
Net current liabilities		(3,090)
Net assets		1
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	8	1
Total equity		1

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 10 December 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

L Bacon Director

# Statement of changes in equity for the period ended 30 April 2018

	Share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Balance at incorporation '	-	-	-
Share capital issued	. 1	-	. 1
Balance at 30 April 2018	1	-	1

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2018

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2018 (continued)

### 1 Statutory information

Clyde & Co (Mejico) Limited ('the company') is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in England. The address of its registered office is The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch, London, EC3A 7AR.

### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

### 3 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

### Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

### Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosing the following information in its accounts, as permitted by the reduced disclosure regime within FRS 102:

- A reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the period;
- · No cash flow statement has been presented for the company; and
- Disclosures in respect of the company's financial instruments have not been presented as equivalent disclosures have been provided in respect of the group as a whole.

The equivalent disclosures are made in the consolidated financial statements. The results of the company are consolidated in the financial statements of Clyde & Co LLP, the ultimate parent company, incorporated in England and Wales. A copy of the group consolidated financial statements can be obtained from: Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

### **Taxation**

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### (a) Current tax

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2018 (continued)

### 3 Accounting policies (continued)

### Taxation (continued)

### (b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

#### Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

### Financial liabilities

Trade and other payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2018 (continued)

### 3 Accounting policies (continued)

### Financial instruments (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership are transferred to another party or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has been transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

### 4 Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have not made any significant judgements.

### 5 Director's emoluments

During the period, no director received any emoluments.

### 6 Fixed asset investments

Cost or valuation	Unlisted investments £
At incorporation Additions	3,091
At 30 April 2018	3,091

The company is a corporate member of Garza Tello & Asociados, S.C. (the S.C.), a sociedad civil incorporated in Mexico. The principle activity of the S.C. is the provision of legal services. The company holds 15% of the total capital of the S.C.

### 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Creditors: amounts failing due within one year	2018 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,091
	3,091

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2018 (continued)

8	Share capital	2018 £
	Allotted, called up and not paid	
	1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1

### 9 Related party disclosures

Clyde & Co (Mejico) Limited has taken advantage of the exemptions provided by Section 33.1A of FRS 102 'Related Party Disclosures' and has not disclosed transactions with entities which are wholly owned members of the Clyde & Co LLP group.

### 10 Controlling party

The company is a 100% owned subsidiary of Clyde & Co LLP, a limited liability partnership, which is the immediate and ultimate controlling party.

The smallest and largest group in which results of Clyde & Co (Mejico) Limited is consolidated is Clyde & Co LLP. A copy of the group consolidated financial statements can be obtained from: Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.