

**CHRONYKO LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2020**

Chronyko Ltd
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 29 February 2020

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Chronyko Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 29 February 2020

Registered number: 10603529

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		30,578		22,859
			30,578		22,859
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	4	7,732		6,600	
Cash at bank and in hand		78,413		69,788	
		86,145		76,388	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	5	(24,409)		(21,571)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			61,736		54,817
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			92,314		77,676
NET ASSETS			92,314		77,676
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	6		1		1
Profit and Loss Account			92,313		77,675
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			92,314		77,676

Chronyko Ltd
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 29 February 2020

For the year ending 29 February 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Martyn Ruks

Director

19th June 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Chronyko Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 29 February 2020

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	3 year straight line
Fixtures & Fittings	2 year straight line
Computer Equipment	3 year straight line

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Chronyko Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 29 February 2020

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 5 (2019: 3)

3. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 March 2019	1,724	-	25,091	26,815
Additions	1,708	12,284	7,833	21,825
As at 29 February 2020	<u>3,432</u>	<u>12,284</u>	<u>32,924</u>	<u>48,640</u>
Depreciation				
As at 1 March 2019	427	-	3,529	3,956
Provided during the period	455	4,082	9,569	14,106
As at 29 February 2020	<u>882</u>	<u>4,082</u>	<u>13,098</u>	<u>18,062</u>
Net Book Value				
As at 29 February 2020	<u>2,550</u>	<u>8,202</u>	<u>19,826</u>	<u>30,578</u>
As at 1 March 2019	<u>1,297</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,562</u>	<u>22,859</u>

4. Debtors

	2020	2019
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	<u>6,000</u>	<u>6,600</u>
	6,000	6,600
Due after more than one year		
Other debtors	<u>1,732</u>	<u>-</u>
	1,732	-
	<u>7,732</u>	<u>6,600</u>

Chronyko Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 29 February 2020

5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	500	2,000
Corporation tax	1,635	7,650
VAT	13,950	4,591
Other creditors	111	23
Director's loan account	8,213	7,307
	24,409	21,571

6. Share Capital

	2020	2019
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1	1

7. General Information

Chronyko Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 10603529. The registered office is 20-22 Richfield Avenue, Richfield Avenue, Reading, RG1 8EQ.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.