THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

DIFFERENT DOG LIMITED

Company No.10589054

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Adopted by Special Resolution of the Company dated 11 May 2020



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THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Company No.10589054 (the "Company")

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

INTRODUCTION

1. Interpretation

1.1 In these Articles, unless expressly provided otherwise, the following words have the following meanings:

"Act" the Companies Act 2006;

"acting in concert" has the meaning given to it in the City Code on

Takeovers and Mergers published by the Panel on

Takeovers and Mergers (as amended);

"Adoption Date" the date of adoption of these Articles by the

Shareholders;

"Articles" the Company's articles of association from time to

time in force;

"Available Profits" profits available for distribution within the meaning

of part 23 of the Act;

"Bad Leaver" means, unless otherwise determined by the

holder(s) of the majority of the Shares then in issue (excluding those Shares held by the relevant Departing Employee Shareholder), an Employee

Shareholder who at any time becomes a Departing

Employee Shareholder by reason of:

- (a) their employment or consultancy is terminated because such Employee Shareholder is:
 - a. guilty of gross misconduct affecting the business of any Group Company; or
 - commits any serious or repeated breach or non-observance of any of the provisions of his service agreement or refuses or neglects to comply with any reasonable and lawful directions of the Company; or
 - c. commits a material breach of his service agreement; or
 - d. is, in the reasonable opinion of the Company, negligent and incompetent in the performance of his duties under his service agreement;

"Board"

means the board of directors of the Company from time to time;

"Business Day"

any day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in the United Kingdom) on which clearing banks in the City of London are generally open for business;

"Call Notice"

has the meaning given to it in Article 22.8;

"Call"

has the meaning given to it in Article 22.8;

"Chairman"

has the meaning given to it in Article 6;

"Companies Acts"

has the meaning given to it in the Act;

"connected"

has the meaning given in section 252 of the Act;

"Controlling Shareholder"

a registered holder for the time being of more than 50% of normal value of the equity share capital of

the Company from time to time;

"Controlling Interest"

an interest in Shares conferring on the holder or holders control of the Company within the meaning of section 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010;

"Deemed Transfer Notice"

a Transfer Notice which is deemed to have been served by any of the provisions of these Articles;

"Departing Employee Shareholder" an Employee Shareholder who ceases to be a director or employee of, or consultant to, any Group Company and who does not continue as, or become, a director or employee of, or consultant to, any other Group Company;

"Directors"

ttors" the directors of the Company from time to time;

"Eligible Director"

means a Director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of Directors (but excluding any Director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter);

"Employee Shareholder"

any holder of Shares (other than any person holding or acquiring Shares on or around the Adoption Date) who is, or has been, a director and/or an employee of, or consultant to the Company;

"Employee Trust"

a trust whose beneficiaries are the bona fide employees of the Company and/or any other Group Company;

"Employee Share Scheme"

a scheme of the Company or any other Group Company which falls within the definition of "employees' share scheme" in section 1166 of the Companies Act 2006 and has been adopted and approved by resolution of the Company;

"Fair Value"

has the meaning given in Article 17.2;

"Family Trust"

as regards any particular Shareholder who is an individual (or deceased or former Shareholder who is an individual) any trust (whether arising under a settlement, declaration of trust or other instrument by whomsoever or wheresoever made, or under a testamentary disposition or on an intestacy) under which no immediate beneficial interest in any of the

Shares in question is for the time being vested in any person other than the particular Shareholder and/or any of the Privileged Relations of that Shareholder (and so that for this purpose a person shall be considered to be beneficially interested in a Share if such Share or the income thereof is liable to be transferred or paid or applied or appointed to or for the benefit of any such person or any voting or other rights attaching thereto are exercisable by or as directed by any such person pursuant to the terms of the relevant trusts or in consequence of an exercise of a power or discretion conferred thereby on any person or persons);

an accounting reference period (as defined in section 391 of the Act) of the Company;

means Charlie Thurstan;

means an Employee Shareholder who becomes a Departing Employee Shareholder at any time and who is not a Bad Leaver;

the Company and its subsidiaries (if any) from time to time and "Group Company" shall be construed accordingly;

has the meaning given in section 1159 of the Act; an independent firm of accountants appointed by the Company and the Seller or, in the absence of agreement between the Company and the Seller on the identity of the expert or its terms of appointment within 10 Business Days of the expiry of the 15 Business Day period referred to in Article 17.2, an independent firm of accountants appointed, and whose terms of appointment are agreed, by the President, for the time being, of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales (in each case acting as an expert and not as an arbitrator);

"Financial Year"

"Founder"

"Good Leaver"

"Group"

"holding company"

"Independent Expert"

"Issue Price"	in respect of any Share, the subscription price paid
	(or agreed to be paid) in respect of that Share,
	including any share premium;
"Lien Enforcement Notice"	means a notice in writing which complies with the
	requirements of Article 22.4;
"Majority Shareholder(s)"	the holder(s) for the time being of more than 50%
	of the Shares in issue from time to time;
"Member of the Same Group"	as regards any company, a company which is from
	time to time a holding company or a subsidiary of
	that company or a subsidiary of any such holding
	company;
"Minimum Transfer Condition"	shall have the meaning given to it in Article 16.2.4;
"Model Articles"	the model articles for private companies limited by
	shares contained in Schedule 1 to The Companies
·	(Model Articles) Regulations 2008 as amended prior
	to the Adoption Date;
"Original Shareholder"	has the meaning given in Article 15.1;
"Permitted Transfer"	a transfer of Shares made in accordance with Article
	15;
"Permitted Transferee"	in relation to:
	(a) a Shareholder who is an individual, any of his
	Privileged Relations or the trustee(s) of a Family
	Trust; and
	(b) a Shareholder which is a company, a Member of
	the Same Group as that company;
"Privileged Relation"	in relation to a Shareholder who is an individual (or
	a deceased or former Shareholder who is an
	individual) means a spouse, civil partner (as defined
	in the Civil Partnerships Act 2004), child or
	grandchild (including step or adopted or illegitimate
	child and their issue);
"Relevant Securities"	any Shares or other securities convertible into, or
	carrying the right to subscribe for Shares, issued by
	the Company after the Adoption Date other than:

(a) the grant of any options under a share option

plan (and the issue of Shares on the exercise of any such options);

- (b) any Shares or other securities issued by the Company in order for the Company to comply with its obligations under these Articles; and
- (c) any Shares or other securities issued in consideration of the acquisition by the Company of any company or business which has been approved by the Majority Shareholder(s);

in relation to an Employee Shareholder means all Shares held by:

- (a) the Employee Shareholder in question; and
- (b) any Permitted Transferee of that Employee
 Shareholder (other than those Shares held by
 those persons that the Board declare
 themselves satisfied were not acquired
 directly or indirectly from the Employee
 Shareholder or by reason of his/her
 relationship with the Employee Shareholder)

and including any Shares acquired by any such person after the date the relevant Transfer Notice is deemed given but before completion of the transfer of Shares pursuant to the relevant Transfer Notice; means any Director(s) appointed pursuant to Article 6.1;

has the meaning given in Article 18.6;
has the meaning given in Article 16.2.1;
has the meaning given in Article 16.2;
a holder for the time being of any Share or Shares;
shares (of any class) in the capital of the Company
and "Share" shall be construed accordingly;
in relation to a holding company wherever
incorporated, means a "subsidiary" (as defined in
section 1159 of the Act) and any other company

which is itself a subsidiary (as so defined) of a

"Relevant Shares"

"Representative Director"

"Restricted Shares"

"Sale Shares"

"Seller"

"Shareholder"

"Shares"

"subsidiary"

company which is itself a subsidiary of such holding company;

"Termination Date"

- (a) where employment ceases by virtue of notice given by the employer to the employee, the date on which such notice expires;
- (b) where a contract of employment is terminated by the employer and a payment is made in lieu of notice, the date on which notice of termination was served;
- (c) where an Employee Shareholder dies, the date of his death;
- (d) where the Employee Shareholder concerned is a director but not an employee, the date on which his service agreement (or other terms of appointment) with the relevant Group Company comes to an end; or
- (e) in any other case, the date on which the employment or holding of office comes to an end;

"Transfer Notice"

"Transfer Price"

has the meaning given in Article 16.2; and has the meaning given in Article 17.

1.2 A reference in these Articles to:

- 1.2.1 an Article is a reference to the relevant numbered article of these Articles; and
- 1.2.2 a model article is a reference to the relevant article,
- unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.3 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles (but excluding any statutory modification of them not in force on the Adoption Date).
- 1.4 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.

- 1.5 In these Articles, words denoting the singular include the plural and vice versa and reference to one gender includes the other gender and neuter and vice versa.
- 1.6 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation is a reference to it as it is in force from time to time, taking account of:
 - 1.6.1 any subordinate legislation from time to time made under it; and
 - 1.6.2 any amendment or re-enactment and includes any statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation which it amends or re-enacts.

2. Adoption of the Model Articles

- 2.1 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles or are inconsistent with these Articles, and, subject to any such modifications, exclusions or inconsistencies, shall together with these Articles constitute the articles of association of the Company to the exclusion of any other articles or regulations set out in any statute or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation.
- 2.2 Model articles 8, 9(1), 11(2) and (3), 12, 14(1) to (4) (inclusive), 22, 26(5), 38, 39, 50 and 51 to 53 (inclusive) shall not apply to the Company.
- 2.3 Model article 20 shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and the secretary" before the words "properly incur".
- 2.4 In model article 25(2) (c), the words "evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee" shall be deleted and replaced with the words "evidence and indemnity".
- 2.5 Model article 29 shall be amended by the insertion of the words ", or the name of any person(s) named as the transferee(s) in an instrument of transfer executed under article 28(2)," after the words "the transmittee's name".

DIRECTORS

3. Number of directors

Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of Directors shall not be less than one but there shall be no maximum number of Directors. A sole Director shall have all the powers, duties and discretions conferred in or vested in the directors by these Articles.

4. Proceedings of directors

4.1 Any decision of the Board must be taken at a meeting of Directors in accordance with these Articles or must be a decision taken in accordance with Article 4.2 (subject to Article 4.3 and Article 4.4). All decisions made at any meeting of the Board (or any committee of the Directors) shall be made only by resolution and resolutions at any

- meeting of the Board (or committee of the Directors) shall be decided by a majority of votes. Each Director shall have one vote.
- 4.2 A unanimous decision of the Board is taken when all Eligible Directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.
- 4.3 A decision taken in accordance with Article 4.2 may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.
- 4.4 A decision may not be taken in accordance with Article 4.2 if the Eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at a Directors' meeting to vote on the matter in accordance with Article 4.6 and Article 4.7.
- 4.5 Except where there is only one Director, meetings of the Board shall take place at least 4 times in each year, with a period of not more than 18 weeks between any two meetings. Any Director may call a meeting of the Board, or authorise the company secretary (if any) to give such notice. At least 10 Business Days' advance notice of each such meeting shall be given to each Director (except with the prior consent in writing of all of the Directors, when meetings of the Board may take place on shorter notice).
- 4.6 Except where there is only one Director, where the quorum shall be that Director, the quorum for any meeting (or, where specified below, part of a meeting) of the Board shall be two Eligible Directors of which one must always be a Representative Director (if no Representative Director has been appointed then the requirement shall be waived). If the necessary quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, or if, during a meeting, such quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to such time and place as the Chairman determines provided that at least 5 Business Days' advance notice of such adjourned meeting is given to each Director (or such shorter notice as may be approved by all of the Directors). If a quorum is not present at any such adjourned meeting within 30 minutes from the time appointed, then the meeting shall proceed with those Director(s) present deemed to be a quorum.
- 4.7 For the purposes of any meeting (or part of a meeting) held pursuant to Article 8 to authorise a Conflict (as defined in Article 8.1), if there is only one Eligible Director in office other than the conflicted Director(s), the quorum for such meeting (or part of a meeting) shall be one Eligible Director.
- 4.8 Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. If there is an equality of votes, the Chairman (or other chairman of the meeting) shall have a second or casting vote unless, in respect of a particular meeting (or part of

- a meeting), in accordance with the Articles, the Chairman (or the other chairman of the meeting) is not an Eligible Director for the purpose of that meeting (or part of a meeting).
- 4.9 Where decisions of the Directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the Directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye.
- 4.10 The Directors may make any rule which they think fit about how they take decisions and about how such rules are to be recorded or communicated to Directors.

5. Appointment and removal of directors

- 5.1 Model article 17(1) shall be modified by the inclusion, at the end of that model article, of the words "provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed the maximum number (if any) set out in Article 3 of these Articles".
- 5.2 Model article 18 shall be modified by the addition of the following events upon the occurrence of which a person shall cease to be a Director:
 - 5.2.1 he is, after the Adoption Date, convicted of a criminal offence (other than a minor motoring offence) and a majority of the other Directors resolve that he cease to be a Director;
 - 5.2.2 save in the case of a Representative Director, a majority of the other Directors resolve that he cease to be a Director; or
 - 5.2.3 in the case of an executive Director only, he shall cease to be employed by the Company.

6. Representative Directors and Chairman

- 6.1 The holders of the majority of the Shares from time to time in issue shall have the right to appoint up to two Representative Directors to the Board and to remove any such Representative Directors and to appoint any replacements. All of the Representative Directors shall also be entitled to sit on any committees of the Company.
- 6.2 The Directors may appoint any person as chairman of the board of Directors ("Chairman") and may remove and replace any such Chairman. If there is no Chairman in office for the time being, or the Chairman is unable to attend any meeting of the Board, the Directors present at the meeting must appoint another Director present at the meeting to chair the meeting and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

7. Transactions or other arrangements with the Company

7.1 Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) and sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the Act and provided he has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the

requirements of the Companies Acts, a Director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company:

- 7.1.1 may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
- 7.1.2 shall be an Eligible Director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the Board (or committee of the Directors) in respect of such existing or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
- 7.1.3 shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of the Board (or of a committee of the Directors) or participate in any unanimous decision, in respect of such existing or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
- 7.1.4 may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director;
- 7.1.5 may be a Director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested; and
- 7.1.6 shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him) derives from any such transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the Act.

8. Directors' conflicts

- 8.1 The Directors may, in accordance with the requirements set out in this Article 8, authorise any matter or situation proposed to them by any Director which would, if not authorised, involve a Director (an "Interested Director") breaching his duty under section 175 of the Act to avoid conflicts of interest ("Conflict").
- 8.2 Any authorisation under this Article 8 will be effective only if:
 - 8.2.1 to the extent permitted by the Act, the matter in question shall have been proposed by any Director for consideration in the same way that any other matter may be proposed to the Directors under the provisions of these Articles or in such other manner as the Board may reasonably determine;

- 8.2.2 any requirement as to the quorum for consideration of the relevant matter is met without counting the Interested Director; and
- 8.2.3 the matter was agreed to without the Interested Director voting or would have been agreed to if the Interested Director's vote had not been counted
- 8.3 Any authorisation of a Conflict under this Article 8 may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):
 - 8.3.1 extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter or situation so authorised;
 - 8.3.2 provide that the Interested Director be excluded from the receipt of documents and information and the participation in discussions (whether at meetings of the Directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;
 - 8.3.3 provide that the Interested Director shall or shall not be an Eligible Director in respect of any future decision of the Directors in relation to any resolution related to the Conflict;
 - 8.3.4 impose upon the Interested Director such other terms for the purposes of dealing with the Conflict as the Board think fit;
 - 8.3.5 provide that, where the Interested Director obtains, or has obtained (through his involvement in the Conflict and otherwise than through his position as a Director of the Company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose that information to the Company, or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence; and
 - 8.3.6 permit the Interested Director to absent himself from the discussion of matters relating to the Conflict at any meeting of the Directors and be excused from reviewing papers prepared by, or for, the Directors to the extent they relate to such matters.
- 8.4 Where the Board authorise a Conflict, the Interested Director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms and conditions imposed by the Board in relation to the Conflict.
- 8.5 The Directors may revoke or vary such authorisation at any time, but this will not affect anything done by the Interested Director, prior to such revocation or variation, in accordance with the terms of such authorisation.
- 8.6 A Director is not required, by reason of being a Director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a Director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a

relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with these Articles or by the Company in a general meeting (subject, in each case, to any terms and conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.

- 8.7 The Shareholders hereby authorise any Conflict which arises solely by virtue of the relevant Interested Director being:
 - 8.7.1 an employee of:
 - 8.7.1.1 the Company;
 - 8.7.1.2 any company which is a subsidiary of the Company from time to time; or
 - 8.7.1.3 any company of which the Company is a subsidiary from time to time (its holding company) or any other subsidiaries of any such holding company from time to time;
 - and as a result, being a potential beneficiary under any employee benefit trust established by any Group Company; and/or
 - 8.7.2 a director of any Group Company which is acting as the trustee of any employee benefit trust established by any other Group Company;

and the provisions of Article 8.3 shall apply as if he had received an authorisation with no conditions attaching to it.

9. Secretary

The Directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the Board so decide, appoint a replacement, in each case by a decision of the Board.

SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS

10. Dividends

- 10.1 Any Available Profits which the Company may determine to distribute in respect of any Financial Year will be distributed among the holders of Shares pro rata according to the number of Shares held by them.
- 10.2 Subject to the Act, the Directors may pay interim dividends provided that the Available Profits of the Company justify the payment. Each dividend shall be distributed to the Shareholders pro rata according to the number of Shares held by them respectively.

11. Capital rights

On a return of assets on liquidation, capital reduction or otherwise (other than a redemption or purchase of Shares), the assets of the Company remaining after the payment of its liabilities shall be applied (to the extent that the Company is lawfully able to do so):

- 11.1 an amount equal to the Issue Price of such Share shall be paid to the holder of such Share; and
- 11.2 any balance remaining thereafter among the holders of the Shares pro rata to the number of Shares held.

12. Variation of class rights

Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of Shares, the special rights attached to any such class may only be varied or abrogated (either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding up) with the consent in writing of the holders of at least 75% in nominal value of the issued Shares of that class (excluding any holder(s) of Restricted Shares).

13. Pre-emption rights on the issue of shares

- 13.1 Save to the extent authorised by these Articles, the Directors shall not exercise any power to allot Shares or to grant rights to subscribe for, or to convert any security into, any Shares.
- 13.2 In accordance with section 567(1) of the Act, sections 561 and 562 of the Act shall not apply to an allotment of equity securities (as defined in section 560(1) of the Act) made by the Company.
- 13.3 If the Company proposes to allot any Relevant Securities, those Relevant Securities shall not be allotted to any person unless the Company has first offered them to the holders (on the date of the offer) of the Shares (each an "Offeree") on a pari passu basis and in the respective proportions that the number of Shares held by each such holder bears to the total number of Shares held by all such holders (as nearly as possible without involving fractions) and on the same terms, and at the same price, as those Relevant Securities are being, or are to be, offered to any other person.

13.4 An offer made under Article 13.3 shall:

- 13.4.1 be in writing and give details of the number, class and subscription price (including any share premium) of the Relevant Securities being offered;
- 13.4.2 remain open for a period of at least 20 Business Days from the date of service of the offer; and
- 13.4.3 stipulate that any Offeree who wishes to subscribe for a number of Relevant Securities in excess of the number to which he is entitled under Article 13.3

shall, in his acceptance, state the number of excess Relevant Securities ("Excess Securities") for which he wishes to subscribe

- 13.5 If, on the expiry of an offer made in accordance with Article 13.3, the total number of Relevant Securities applied for is less than the total number of Relevant Securities so offered, the Directors shall allot the Relevant Securities to the Offerees in accordance with their applications, subject to a maximum of each Offeree's proportionate entitlement.
- 13.6 Any Relevant Securities not accepted by Offerees pursuant to an offer made in accordance with Article 13.3 shall be used to satisfy any requests for Excess Securities made pursuant to Article 13.4.3. If there are insufficient Excess Securities to satisfy such requests, the Excess Securities shall be allotted to the applicants in the respective proportions that the number of Shares (as the case may be) held by each such applicant bears to the total number of such Shares (as the case may be) held by all applicants (as nearly as possible without involving fractions or increasing the number of Excess Securities allotted to any Shareholder beyond that applied for by him). After those allotments, any Excess Securities shall be offered to any other person(s) as the Board may determine, at the same price and on the same terms as the offer to the Shareholders.

14. Transfers of shares: general

- 14.1 In these Articles, reference to the transfer of a Share includes the transfer, assignment or other disposal of a beneficial or other interest in that Share, or the creation of a trust or encumbrance over that Share and reference to a Share includes a beneficial or other interest in a Share.
- 14.2 No Share shall be transferred, and the Board shall refuse to register a transfer of any Share, unless it is made in accordance with these Articles. The Directors shall register any duly stamped transfer made in accordance with these Articles, unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent.
- 14.3 If a Shareholder transfers (or purports to transfer) a Share other than in accordance with these Articles, he shall be deemed to have immediately served a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by him.
- 14.4 Any transfer of a Share by way of sale which is required to be made under Article 18, shall be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells the Share with full title guarantee.
- 14.5 To enable the Board to determine whether or not there has been any transfer (or purported transfer) of Shares the Board may require:

- 14.5.1 any holder (or the legal representatives of a deceased holder); or
- 14.5.2 any person named as a transferee in a transfer lodged for registration; or
- 14.5.3 such other person as the Board may reasonably believe to have information relevant to that purpose,
- to provide the Company with any information and evidence that the Board think fit regarding any matter which they deem relevant to that purpose
- 14.6 If any such information or evidence referred to in Article 14.5 is not provided to enable the Board to determine to their reasonable satisfaction that no breach has occurred, or that as a result of the information and evidence provided the Board are reasonably satisfied that a breach has occurred, the Board shall immediately notify the holder of such Shares of that fact in writing and, if the holder fails to remedy that situation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Board within 10 Business Days of receipt of such written notice, then:
 - 14.6.1 the relevant Shares shall cease to confer on the holder of them any rights:
 - 14.6.1.1 to vote (whether on a show of hands, on a poll or otherwise and whether in person, by proxy or otherwise), including in respect of any resolution of any class of Shares;
 - 14.6.1.2 to receive dividends or other distributions otherwise attaching to those Shares; or
 - 14.6.1.3 to participate in any future issue of Shares; and
 - 14.6.2 the Board may, by notice in writing to the relevant holder, determine that a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of some or all of his Shares with effect from the date of service of the notice (or such later date as may be specified in such notice),
 - the Directors may reinstate the rights referred to in Article 14.6.1 at any time and, in any event, such rights shall be reinstated in respect of any Shares transferred pursuant to Article 14.6.2 on completion of such transfer.
- 14.7 Unless expressly provided otherwise in these Articles, if a Transfer Notice is deemed to have been given under these Articles, the Deemed Transfer Notice shall be treated as having specified that:
 - 14.7.1 it does not contain a Minimum Transfer Condition; and
 - 14.7.2 the Seller wishes to transfer all the Shares held by him (including any Shares acquired after the date the relevant Transfer Notice is deemed given but before completion of the transfer of Shares pursuant to the relevant Transfer Notice).

14.8 Any Transfer Notice served in respect of the transfer of any Share which has not completed before the date of service of a Deemed Transfer Notice shall automatically be revoked by the service of a Deemed Transfer Notice.

15. Permitted transfers of shares

- 15.1 A Shareholder (the "Original Shareholder") may transfer Shares to a Permitted Transferee without restriction as to price or otherwise and any such transfer shall be registered by the Board SAVE THAT where any shares are the subject of a Transfer Notice or a Deemed Transfer Notice, no transfers of any such shares shall be permitted pursuant to this Article 15 apart from pursuant to Article 15.2.
- 15.2 Where Shares are held by the trustee(s) of a Family Trust, the trustee(s) may transfer Shares to:
 - 15.2.1 the Original Shareholder;
 - 15.2.2 any Privileged Relation(s) of the Original Shareholder;
 - 15.2.3 subject to Article 15.3, the trustee(s) of another Family Trust of which the Original Shareholder is the Settlor; or
 - 15.2.4 subject to Article 15.3, to the new (or remaining) trustee(s) upon a change of trustee(s) of a Family Trust, without any price or other restriction.
- 15.3 A transfer of Shares may only be made to the trustee(s) of a Family Trust if the Majority Shareholder(s) are satisfied:
 - 15.3.1 with the terms of the trust instrument and, in particular, with the powers of the trustee(s);
 - 15.3.2 with the identity of the proposed trustee(s);
 - 15.3.3 that the proposed transfer will not result in 50% or more of the aggregate of the Company's equity share capital being held by trustees of that and any other trusts; and
 - 15.3.4 that no costs incurred in connection with the setting up or administration of that Family Trust are to be paid by the Company.
- 15.4 If a Permitted Transfer has been to a body corporate, the Permitted Transferee shall, within 10 Business Days of ceasing to be a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder, transfer the Shares held by it to:
 - 15.4.1 the Original Shareholder; or
 - 15.4.2 a Member of the Same Group as the Original Shareholder,

(which in either case is not in liquidation), without any price or other restriction. If a Permitted Transferee fails to make a transfer as required by Article 15.4, a Transfer

- Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of the corresponding Shares on the expiry of the period set out in this Article 15.4 (as appropriate).
- 15.5 If the Original Shareholder is an individual and a Permitted Transfer has been made to a Privileged Relation of the Original Shareholder, the Permitted Transferee (or the transmittee(s) of any such person), shall within 10 Business Days of ceasing to be a Privileged Relation of the Original Shareholder (whether by reason of death, divorce or otherwise) either:
 - 15.5.1 execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the Shares held by him to the Original Shareholder (or to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder) for such consideration as may be agreed between them; or
 - 15.5.2 give a Transfer Notice to the Company in accordance with Article 14.
- 15.6 The trustee(s) of an employee benefit trust established by the Company or any other Group Company may transfer any Shares to any beneficiary of that trust or to any replacement trustees or into the joint name of the existing and any new or additional trustees.
- 15.7 Any Shares over which an option has been granted pursuant to the terms of an Employee Share Scheme may be transferred in accordance with the terms of that option.
- 15.8 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article 15, a transfer of any Shares approved in writing by the Majority Shareholder(s) may be made without any restriction as to price or otherwise and any such transfer shall be registered by the Board.
- 15.9 A Permitted Transferee acquiring Shares pursuant to this Article 15 shall not have the like right to transfer all or any of such Shares pursuant to this Article unless the transfer is to the Original Shareholder.
- 15.10 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Articles, in respect of any Shares held by Seedrs Nominees Limited, the following transfers shall be permitted without any restrictions and be deemed "Permitted Transfers":
 - 15.10.1 a transfer of the Shares to any person who is the beneficial owner of such shares;
 - 15.10.2 a transfer of the Shares to any person who is to hold the shares as nominee for the beneficial owner in substitution for the then registered shareholder; and
 - 15.10.3 a transfer of the beneficial ownership of such share, where the identity of the registered legal shareholder remains the same before and immediately after such transfer of beneficial ownership.

and such transfers shall not require the consent of the Board or be subject to any other restrictions.

16. Pre-emption rights on the transfer of shares

- 16.1 Except where the provisions of Article 15 apply, any transfer of Shares by a Shareholder shall be subject to the pre-emption rights in this Article 16.
- 16.2 A Shareholder who wishes to transfer Shares (a "Seller") shall, before transferring or agreeing to transfer any Shares, give notice in writing (a "Transfer Notice") to the Company specifying:
 - 16.2.1 subject to Article 14.7.2, the number of Shares he wishes to transfer ("Sale Shares");
 - 16.2.2 the name of the proposed transferee, if any;
 - 16.2.3 subject to Article 18.5, the price per Sale Share (in cash), if any, at which he wishes to transfer the Sale Shares (the "Proposed Sale Price"); and
 - 16.2.4 subject to Article 14.7.1, whether the Transfer Notice is conditional on all or a specific number of the Sale Shares being sold (a "Minimum Transfer Condition")
- 16.3 Once given, a Transfer Notice may only be withdrawn with the consent of the Board.
- 16.4 A Transfer Notice (or Deemed Transfer Notice) constitutes the Company the agent of the Seller for the sale of the Sale Shares at the Transfer Price.
- 16.5 As soon as practicable following the later of:
 - 16.5.1 receipt of a Transfer Notice (or in the case of a Deemed Transfer Notice, the date such notice is deemed to be served); and
 - 16.5.2 the determination of the Transfer Price,
 - the Board shall (unless the Transfer Notice is withdrawn in accordance with Article 16.3) offer the Sale Shares for sale in the manner set out in the remaining provisions of this Article 16 at the Transfer Price. Each offer shall be in writing and give details of the number and Transfer Price of the Sale Shares offered.
- 16.6 The Sale Shares shall be offered in the following order of priority:
 - 16.6.1 first, to the holders of Shares; and
 - 16.6.2 second, to (i) any Employee Trust that the Board may nominate for the purpose or to a person or persons agreed between the Board on that person commencing their employment and/or office with the Company (or other Group Company) and/or (ii) subject to the Act, the Company,
 - in each case on the basis set out in Article 16.8 to Article 16.14 (inclusive).
- 16.7 An offer of Sale Shares made in accordance with Article 16.6.1 shall remain open for acceptance for a period from the date of the offer to the date 15 Business Days after

- the offer (both dates inclusive). Any Sale Shares not allocated within that period shall be dealt with in accordance with Article 16.8 and Article 16.9.
- 16.8 Subject to Article 16.7, the Board shall offer the Sale Shares pursuant to Article 16.6 to the persons specified in the offer ("the Continuing Shareholders") (other than the Seller), inviting them to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 15 Business Days after the offer (both dates inclusive) (the "Offer Period") for the maximum number of Sale Shares they wish to buy.

16.9 If:

- 16.9.1 at the end of the Offer Period, the number of Sale Shares applied for is equal to or exceeds the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the Sale Shares to each Continuing Shareholder who has applied for Sale Shares in the proportion which his existing holding of Shares bears to the total number of Shares held by all Continuing Shareholders (other than the Seller). Fractional entitlements shall be rounded down to the nearest whole number (save where such rounding would result in not all Sale Shares being allocated, in which case, the allocation of any such fractional entitlements shall be determined by the Board). No allocation shall be made to a Shareholder of more than the maximum number of Sale Shares which he has stated he is willing to buy;
- 16.9.2 not all Sale Shares are allocated following allocations in accordance with Article 16.9.1, but there are applications for Sale Shares that have not been satisfied, the Board shall allocate the remaining Sale Shares to such applicants in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 16.9.1. The procedure set out in this Article 16.9.2 shall apply on any number of consecutive occasions until either all Sale Shares have been allocated or all applications for Sale Shares have been satisfied; and
- 16.9.3 at the end of the Offer Period, the total number of Sale Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the Sale Shares to the Continuing Shareholders in accordance with their applications. The balance (the "Surplus Shares") shall, subject to Article 16.10, be offered to any other person in accordance with Article 16.14.

16.10 Where the Transfer Notice contains a Minimum Transfer Condition:

- 16.10.1 any allocation made under Article 16.7 to Article 16.9 (inclusive) shall be conditional on the fulfilment of the Minimum Transfer Condition; and
- 16.10.2 if the total number of Sale Shares applied for under Article 16.7 to Article 16.9 (inclusive) is less than the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall notify the

Seller and all those Shareholders to whom Sale Shares have been conditionally allocated stating that the condition has not been met and that the relevant Transfer Notice has lapsed with immediate effect.

16.11 Where either:

- 16.11.1 the Transfer Notice does not contain a Minimum Transfer Condition; or 16.11.2 allocations have been made in respect of all the Sale Shares,
- the Board shall, when no further offers or allocations are required to be made under Article 16.7 to Article 16.9 (inclusive), give notice in writing of the allocations of Sale Shares (an "Allocation Notice") to the Seller and each Shareholder to whom Sale Shares have been allocated (each an "Applicant"). The Allocation Notice shall specify the number of Sale Shares allocated to each Applicant and the place and time for completion of the transfer of the Sale Shares (which shall be at least 5 Business Days, but not more than 15 Business Days, after the date of the Allocation Notice).
- 16.12 On the date specified for completion in the Allocation Notice (the "Allocation Date"), the Seller shall, against payment from an Applicant, transfer the Sale Shares allocated to such Applicant, in accordance with any requirements specified in the Allocation Notice.
- 16.13 If the Seller fails to comply with Article 16.12:
 - 16.13.1 the Chairman (or, failing him, any other Director or some other person nominated by a resolution of the Board) may, as agent and attorney on behalf of the Seller):
 - 16.13.1.1 complete, execute and deliver in his name all documents necessary to give effect to the transfer of the relevant Sale Shares to the Applicants;
 - 16.13.1.2 receive the Transfer Price and give a good discharge for it (and no Applicant shall be obliged to see to the distribution of the Transfer Price); and
 - 16.13.1.3 (subject to the transfer being duly stamped) enter the Applicants in the register of Shareholders as the holders of the Shares purchased by them; and
 - 16.13.2 the Company shall pay the Transfer Price into a separate bank account in the Company's name on trust (but without interest) for the Seller until he has delivered his certificate(s) for the relevant Shares (or an indemnity, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Board, in respect of any lost certificate, together with such other evidence (if any) as the Board may reasonably require to prove good title to those Shares) to the Company.

- 16.14 Where a Transfer Notice lapses pursuant to Article 16.10.2 or an Allocation Notice does not relate to all the Sale Shares, then, subject to Article 16.7, the Seller may, at any time during the 15 Business Days following the date of lapse of the Transfer Notice, or the date of service of the Allocation Notice as the case may be, transfer the Sale Shares (in the case of a lapsed offer) or the Surplus Shares (as the case may be) to any person at a price at least equal to the Transfer Price. The sale of the Sale Shares (following the lapse of a Transfer Notice) in accordance with this Article 16.14 shall continue to be subject to any Minimum Transfer Condition.
- 16.15 The Seller's right to transfer Shares under Article 16.14 does not apply if the Board reasonably consider that:
 - 16.15.1 the transferee is a person (or a nominee for a person) that is a competitor (or a Member of the Same Group as a competitor) of the business of any Group Company;
 - 16.15.2 the sale of the Sale Shares or Surplus Shares is not bona fide or the price is subject to a deduction, rebate or allowance to the transferee; or
 - 16.15.3 the Seller has failed or refused to promptly provide information available to him and reasonably requested to enable it to form the opinion referred to in Article 16.15.2.

17. Valuation

- 17.1 The Transfer Price for each Sale Share the subject of a Transfer Notice (or Deemed Transfer Notice) shall, save where expressly provided otherwise in these Articles, be the price per Sale Share (in cash) agreed between the Board (any Director with whom the Seller is connected not voting) and the Seller or, in default of agreement within 15 Business Days of the date of service of the Transfer Notice (or, in the case of a Deemed Transfer Notice, the date on which the board of Directors first has actual knowledge of the facts giving rise to such deemed service), the Fair Value of each Sale Share.
- 17.2 The Fair Value shall be the price per Sale Share determined by the Independent Expert on the following bases and assumptions:
 - 17.2.1 valuing the Sale Shares as on an arm's-length sale between a willing seller and a willing buyer as at the date the Transfer Notice was served (or deemed served);
 - 17.2.2 if the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, on the assumption that it will continue to do so;
 - 17.2.3 that the Sale Shares are capable of being transferred without restriction;
 - 17.2.4 valuing the Sale Shares as a rateable proportion of the total value of all the issued Shares without any premium or discount being attributable to the

- percentage of the issued share capital of the Company which they represent; and
- 17.2.5 reflecting any other factors which the Independent Expert reasonably believes should be taken into account.
- 17.3 If any difficulty arises in applying any of these assumptions or bases then the Independent Expert shall resolve that difficulty in whatever manner it shall in its absolute discretion think fit.
- 17.4 The Directors will give the Independent Expert access to all accounting records or other relevant documents of the Company, subject to it agreeing such confidentiality provisions as the Board may reasonably impose.
- 17.5 The parties are entitled to make submissions to the Independent Expert including oral submissions and shall provide (or procure that others provide) the Independent Expert with such assistance and documents as the Independent Expert may reasonably require for the purpose of reaching a decision.
- 17.6 The Independent Expert shall act as expert and not as arbitrator and its determination shall be final and binding on the parties (in the absence of fraud or manifest error).
- 17.7 The Independent Expert shall be requested to determine the Fair Value within 20 Business Days of its appointment and to deliver its certificate to the Company. Forthwith upon receipt, the Company shall deliver a copy of the certificate to the Seller.
- 17.8 The cost of obtaining the Independent Expert's certificate shall be borne by the parties in such other proportions as the Independent Expert directs unless:
 - 17.8.1 the Seller withdraws the relevant Transfer Notice in accordance with Article 16.3; or
 - 17.8.2 in respect of a Deemed Transfer Notice, the Fair Value is less than the price per Sale Share offered to the Seller by the Board before the appointment of the Independent Expert,

in which case the Seller shall bear the cost.

18. Compulsory transfer notices

- 18.1 A person entitled to a Share in consequence of the bankruptcy of a Shareholder (or equivalent procedure in any jurisdiction outside England and Wales) shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of that Share.
- 18.2 If a Shareholder which is a body corporate either suffers or resolves to appoint a liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver over it, or any material part of its assets (other than a voluntary liquidation for the purpose of a bona fide scheme of solvent amalgamation or reconstruction) or suffers or takes any equivalent action in any

jurisdiction outside England and Wales, that Shareholder shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by it at such time as the Board may determine. If a Shareholder which is a body corporate and which holds Shares ceases to be controlled by the individual(s) controlling it at the Adoption Date, that Shareholder shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by it at such time as the Board may determine.

- 18.3 If any person shall acquire Shares in pursuance of rights or interests previously obtained by such person or another party as an employee of any Group Company where such person is not at the time of such acquisition an employee of any Group Company, that person shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all such Shares so acquired at such time as the Board may determine.
- 18.4 If an Employee Shareholder becomes a Departing Employee Shareholder, a Transfer Notice shall, unless the Board otherwise directs in writing in respect of any particular Relevant Shares prior to or within 10 Business Days after the relevant Termination Date, be deemed to have been served on the relevant Termination Date in respect of all Relevant Shares (a "Compulsory Employee Transfer") and any Transfer Notice served in respect of any of such Relevant Shares before the date such Employee Shareholder becomes a Departing Employee Shareholder shall automatically lapse.
- 18.5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Articles, the Transfer Price in respect of a Compulsory Employee Transfer shall be as follows:
 - 18.5.1 where the relevant Employee Shareholder becomes a Departing Employee Shareholder by reason of being a Bad Leaver, the higher of 50% of the aggregate Fair Value of the Relevant Shares and the aggregate Issue Price of the Relevant Shares; and
 - 18.5.2 where the relevant Employee Shareholder becomes a Departing Employee Shareholder by reason of being a Good Leaver, the higher of the aggregate Fair Value of the Relevant Shares and the aggregate Issue Price of the Relevant Shares.
- 18.6 Forthwith upon a Transfer Notice being deemed to be served under article this Article
 18 the Shares subject to the relevant Deemed Transfer Notice ("Restricted Shares")
 shall cease to confer on the holder of them any rights:
 - 18.6.1 to vote (whether on a show of hands, on a poll or otherwise and whether in person, by proxy or otherwise), including in respect of any resolution of any class of Shares;

- 18.6.2 to receive dividends or other distributions otherwise attaching to those Shares; or
- 18.6.3 to participate in any future issue of Shares issued in respect of those Shares
 The Directors may reinstate the rights referred to in this Article 18.6 at any time and, in
 any event, such rights shall be reinstated in respect of any Shares transferred pursuant
 to Article 18 on completion of such transfer.

19. Change of Control

- 19.1 Tag Along: Except in the case of Permitted transfers and transfers pursuant to Article 15, and Article 18, after going through the pre-emption procedure in Article 16, the provisions of this Article 18 will apply if one or more persons proposing to transfer any shares in the capital of the Company ("Proposed Sellers") propose to transfer in one or a series of related transactions any Shares (the "Proposed Transfer") which would, if put into effect, result in any person (other than the Founder and any persons connected with him) whether alone or with persons acting in concert or connected with him ("the Proposed Purchaser") becoming the holder of more than 50% in nominal value of the Shares in the Company then:
 - 19.1.1 The Proposed Sellers must, before making the Proposed Transfer procure the making by the Proposed Purchaser of an offer (the "Offer") to the other Shareholders to acquire all of the Company's Shares for a consideration per share the value of which is at least equal to the Specified Price (as defined in Article 19.1.6);
 - 19.1.2 The Offer must be given by written notice (a "Proposed Sale Notice") at least 10 Business Days (the "Offer Period") prior to the proposed sale date ("Proposed Sale Date"). The Proposed Sale Notice must set out, to the extent not described in any accompanying documents, the identity of the Proposed Purchaser, the purchase price and other terms and conditions of payment, the Proposed Sale Date and the number of Shares proposed to be purchased by the Proposed Purchaser (the "Proposed Sale Shares");
 - 19.1.3 If any other holder of Shares is not given the rights accorded him by this Article, the Proposed Sellers will not be entitled to complete their sale and the Company will not register any transfer intended to carry that sale into effect;
 - 19.1.4 If the Offer is accepted by any Shareholder (an "Accepting Shareholder") within the Offer Period, the completion of the Proposed Transfer will be conditional upon the completion of the purchase of all the Shares held by Accepting Shareholders;

- 19.1.5 The Proposed Transfer is subject to the pre-emption provisions of Article 16 but the purchase of the Accepting Shareholders' shares shall not be subject to Article 16.
- 19.1.6 For the purpose of this Article:
 - 19.1.6.1 the expression "transfer" and "purchaser" shall include the renunciation of a renounceable letter of allotment and the renouncee under any such letter of allotment respectively;
 - 19.1.6.2 the expression "Specified Price" shall mean in respect of each Share a sum in cash equal to the highest price per Share offered or paid by the Proposed Purchaser:
 - (a) in the Proposed Transfer; or
 - (b) in any related or previous transaction by the Proposed Purchaser or any person acting in concert with the Proposed Purchaser in the 12 months preceding the date of the Proposed Transfer;

plus an amount equal to any other consideration (in cash or otherwise) paid or payable by the Proposed Purchaser or any other person acting in concert with the Proposed Purchaser, which having regard to the substance of the transaction as a whole, can reasonably be regarded as an addition to the price paid or payable for the Shares.

- Drag along: If the holders of more than 50% in nominal value of the Shares (the "Selling Shareholders") wish to transfer all their interest in Shares (the "Sellers' Shares") on arm's length terms to a bona fide independent third party acting in good faith ("the Buyer"), the Selling Shareholders shall have the option (the "Drag Along Option") to require all the other holders of Shares (the "Called Shareholders") to sell and transfer all their Shares to the Buyer or as the Buyer shall direct in accordance with the provisions of this Article 19.2.
 - 19.2.1 The Selling Shareholders may exercise the Drag Along Option by giving a written notice to that effect (a "Drag Along Notice") to the Company which the Company shall forthwith copy to the Called Shareholders at any time before the transfer of the Sellers' Shares to the Proposed Purchaser. A Drag Along Notice shall specify that the Called Shareholders are required to transfer all their Shares (the "Called Shares") under this Article 19.2, the person to whom they are to be transferred, the consideration for which the Called Shares are to be

- transferred (calculated in accordance with this Article) and the proposed date of transfer.
- 19.2.2 Drag Along Notices shall be irrevocable but will lapse if for any reason there is not a sale of the Sellers' Shares by the Selling Shareholders to the Proposed Purchaser within 40 Business Days after the date of service of the Drag Along Notice. The Selling Shareholders shall be entitled to serve further Drag Along Notices following the lapse of any particular Drag Along Notice.
- 19.2.3 The consideration (in cash or otherwise) for which the Called Shareholders shall be obliged to sell each of the Called Shares shall be that to which they would be entitled if the total consideration proposed to be paid by the Buyer were distributed to the holders of the Called Shares and the Sellers' Shares in accordance with the provisions of Article 11.1.
- 19.2.4 No Drag Along Notice may require a Called Shareholder to agree to any terms except those specifically provided for in this Article 19.2.
- 19.2.5 Within five Business Days of the Buyer serving a Drag Along Notice on the Called Shareholders, the Called Shareholders shall deliver stock transfer forms for their Shares in favour of the Buyer or as the Buyer shall direct, together with the relevant share certificate(s) (or a suitable indemnity in lieu thereof) to the Company. On the expiration of that five Business Day period the Company shall pay the Called Shareholders, on behalf of the Buyer, the amounts they are due pursuant to Article 19.2.3 to the extent the Buyer has put the Company in the requisite funds. The Company's receipt for the amounts due pursuant to Article 19.2.3 shall be a good discharge to the Purchaser. The Company shall hold the amounts due to the Called Shareholders pursuant to Article 19.2.3 in trust for the Called Shareholders without any obligation to pay interest.
- 19.2.6 To the extent that the Buyer has not, on the expiration of such five Business Day period, put the Company in funds to pay the amounts due pursuant to Article 19.2.3, the Called Shareholders shall be entitled to the return of the stock transfer forms and share certificate (or suitable indemnity) for the relevant Shares and the Called Shareholders shall have no further rights or obligations under this Article 19.2 in respect of their Shares.
- 19.2.7 If a Called Shareholder fails to deliver stock transfer forms and share certificates (or suitable indemnity) for its Shares to the Company upon the expiration of that five Business Day period, the Board shall, if requested by the Buyer, authorise any Director to transfer the Called Shareholder's Shares on the Called

Shareholder's behalf to the Buyer (or its nominee(s)) to the extent the Buyer has, at the expiration of that five Business Day period, put the Company in funds to pay the amounts due pursuant to Article 19.2.3 for the Called Shareholder's Shares offered to him. The Directors shall then authorise registration of the transfer once appropriate stamp duty has been paid. The defaulting Called Shareholder shall surrender his share certificate for his Shares (or provide a suitable indemnity) to the Company. On surrender, he shall be entitled to the amount due to him pursuant to Article 19.2.3.

- 19.2.8 Any transfer of Shares to a Buyer (or as they may direct) pursuant to a sale in respect of which a Drag Along Notice has been duly served shall not be subject to the provisions of Article 16.
- 19.2.9 On any person, following the issue of a Drag Along Notice, becoming a Shareholder pursuant to the exercise of a pre-existing option to acquire shares in the Company or pursuant to the conversion of any convertible security of the Company (a "New Shareholder"), a Drag Along Notice shall be deemed to have been served on the New Shareholder on the same terms as the previous Drag Along Notice who shall then be bound to sell and transfer all Shares so acquired to the Buyer or as the Buyer may direct and the provisions of this Article 19.2 shall apply with the necessary changes to the New Shareholder except that completion of the sale of the Shares shall take place immediately on the Drag Along Notice being deemed served on the New Shareholder.

DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

20. General meetings

- 20.1 No business other than, subject to Article 20.4, the appointment of the chairman of the meeting is to be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.
- 20.2 Where the Company only has one Shareholder for the time being, one qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the Act) present at the meeting shall be the quorum. In any other case, the quorums shall be:
 - 20.2.1 A Controlling Shareholder present in person, by proxy, or by authorised representative; or
 - 20.2.2 If the Company does not have a Controlling Shareholder, two Shareholders (together holding a Controlling Interest) present in person, by proxy or by authorised representative.

- 20.3 If the necessary quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, or if, during a meeting, such quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to such time and place as the Chairman determines provided that at least 5 Business Days' advance notice of such adjourned meeting is given to each Shareholder (or such shorter notice as may be approved by all of the Shareholders). If a quorum is not present at any such adjourned meeting within 30 minutes from the time appointed, then the meeting shall proceed with the members present being deemed to be a quorum.
- 20.4 The Chairman shall chair general meetings. If there is no Chairman in office for the time being, or the Chairman is unable to attend any general meeting, the Directors present (or, if no Directors are present, the meeting) must appoint another Director present at the meeting (or, if no Directors are present, a Shareholder) to chair the meeting and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

21. Voting

- 21.1 Subject to any other provisions in these Articles concerning voting rights each Share shall carry the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company.
- 21.2 A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by any qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the Act) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.
- 21.3 Model article 44(3) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that model article.
- 21.4 Model article 45(1) shall be amended by:
 - 21.4.1 the deletion of model article 45(1)(d) and its replacement with the words "is delivered to the company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate"; and
 - 21.4.2 the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid, unless the Board, in their discretion, accept the notice at any time before the meeting" as a new paragraph at the end of that model article.

22. Lien, calls on shares and forfeiture

- 22.1 The Company has a lien (the Company's Lien) over every Share which is registered in the name of a person indebted or under any liability to the Company, whether he is the sole registered holder of the Share or one of several joint holders, for all monies payable by him (either alone or jointly with any other person) to the Company, whether payable immediately or at some time in the future.
- 22.2 The provisions of articles 52(2) and (3), 55, 56(2), 57(2), (3) and (4), 59, 60, 61 and 62 for public companies set out in Schedule 3 to The Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) shall apply to the Company, save that each reference in those articles to a "member" or "members" shall be deemed to be references to a "Shareholder" or "Shareholders" (as the case may be).
- 22.3 Subject to the provisions of this Article 22, if:
 - 22.3.1 a Lien Enforcement Notice has been given in respect of a Share; and
 - 22.3.2 the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it, the Company may sell that Share in such manner as the Board decide.

22.4 A Lien Enforcement Notice:

- 22.4.1 may only be given in respect of a Share which is subject to the Company's Lien, in respect of which a sum is payable and the due date for payment of that sum has passed;
- 22.4.2 must specify the Share concerned;
- 22.4.3 must require payment of the sum within 14 clear days of the notice (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires);
- 22.4.4 must be addressed either to the holder of the Share or to a transmittee of that holder; and
- 22.4.5 must state the Company's intention to sell the Share if the notice is not complied with.
- 22.5 Where Shares are sold under this Article 22.5:
 - 22.5.1 the Board may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares to the purchaser or to a person nominated by the purchaser; and
 - 22.5.2 the transferee is not bound to see to the application of the consideration, and the transferee's title is not affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the sale.
- 22.6 The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other costs of enforcing the lien) must be applied:

- 22.6.1 first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice; and
- 22.6.2 second, to the person entitled to the Shares at the date of the sale, but only after the certificate for the Shares sold has been surrendered to the Company for cancellation, or an indemnity in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Board has been given for any lost certificates, and subject to a lien equivalent to the Company's Lien over the Shares before the sale for any money payable by that person (or his estate or any joint holder of the Shares) after the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice.
- 22.7 A statutory declaration by a Director or the company secretary that the declarant is a Director or the company secretary and that a Share has been sold to satisfy the Company's Lien on a specified date:
 - 22.7.1 is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share; and
 - 22.7.2 subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the Articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the Share.
- 22.8 Subject to the Articles and the terms on which Shares are allotted, the Board may send a notice (a "Call Notice") to a Shareholder requiring the Shareholder to pay the Company a specified sum of money (a "Call") which is payable to the Company at the date when the Board decide to send the Call Notice.

22.9 A Call Notice:

- 22.9.1 may not require a Shareholder to pay a Call which exceeds the total amount of his indebtedness or liability to the Company;
- 22.9.2 must state when and how any Call to which it relates is to be paid; and
- 22.9.3 may permit or require the Call to be made in instalments.
- 22.10 A Shareholder must comply with the requirements of a Call Notice, but no Shareholder is obliged to pay any Call before 14 clear days (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires) have passed since the notice was sent.
- 22.11 Before the Company has received any Call due under a Call Notice the Board may:
 - 22.11.1 revoke it wholly or in part; or
 - 22.11.2 specify a later time for payment than is specified in the notice,
 - 22.11.3 by a further notice in writing to the Shareholder in respect of whose Shares the Call is made.

- 22.12 A Call Notice need not be issued in respect of sums which are specified, in the terms on which a Share is issued, as being payable to the Company in respect of that Share:
 - 22.12.1 on allotment;
 - 22.12.2 on the occurrence of a particular event; or
 - 22.12.3 on a date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue.
- 22.13 If a person is liable to pay a Call and fails to do so by the Call payment date:
 - 22.13.1 the Board may issue a notice of intended forfeiture to that person; and
 - 22.13.2 until the Call is paid, that person must pay the company interest on the Call from the Call payment date at the relevant rate.
 - 22.14 A notice of intended forfeiture:
 - 22.14.1 may be sent in respect of any Share in respect of which a Call has not been paid as required by a Call Notice;
 - 22.14.2 must be sent to the holder of that Share (or all the joint holders of that Share) or to a transmittee of that holder;
 - 22.14.3 must require payment of the Call and any accrued interest and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment by a date which is not less than 14 clear days after the date of the notice (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires);
 - 22.14.4 must state how the payment is to be made; and
 - 22.14.5 must state that if the notice is not complied with, the Shares in respect of which the Call is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

23. Notices

- 23.1 Any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on or delivered to the intended recipient:
 - 23.1.1 if properly addressed and sent by prepaid United Kingdom first class recorded delivery post to an address in the United Kingdom, 48 hours after it was posted (or five Business Days after posting either to an address outside the United Kingdom or from outside the United Kingdom to an address within the United Kingdom, if (in each case) sent by reputable international overnight courier addressed to the intended recipient, provided that delivery in at least five Business Days was guaranteed at the time of sending and the sending party receives a confirmation of delivery from the courier service provider); and

- 23.1.2 if properly addressed and sent or supplied by electronic means, one hour after the document or information was sent or supplied.
- For the purposes of this Article 23, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.
- 23.2 In proving that any notice, document or other information was properly addressed, it shall suffice to show that the notice, document or other information was addressed to an address permitted for the purpose by the Act.

24. Indemnity and insurance

- 24.1 Subject to Article 24.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a Relevant Officer is otherwise entitled:
 - 24.1.1 each Relevant Officer shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a Relevant Officer:
 - 24.1.1.1 in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation thereto; and
 - 24.1.1.2 in relation to the Company's (or other Group Company's) activities as trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Act),

including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted, or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part, or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a Relevant Officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company's (or other Group Company's) affairs; and

- 24.1.2 the Company may provide any Relevant Officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in Article 24.1 and otherwise may take any action to enable such Relevant Officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.
- 24.2 This Article 24 does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.
- 24.3 The Directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any Relevant Officer in respect of any Relevant Loss.
- 24.4 In this Article 24:
 - 24.4.1 "Relevant Loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a Relevant Officer in connection with that Relevant Officer's duties or powers

- in relation to the Company (or other Group Company) or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company (or other Group Company); and
- 24.4.2 "Relevant Officer" means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of any Group Company (including any company with is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined by section 235(6) of the Act), but excluding in each case any person engaged by a Group Company as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor.

25. Data protection

- 25.1 Each of the Shareholders and Directors (from time to time) consents to the processing of his personal data by the Company, its Shareholders and Directors (each a "Recipient") for the purposes of due diligence exercises, compliance with applicable laws, regulations and procedures and the exchange of information amongst themselves.

 A Recipient may process such personal data either electronically or manually.
- 25.2 The personal data that may be processed for such purposes under this Article 25 shall include any information which may have a bearing on the prudence or commercial merits of investing in, or disposing of any Shares (or other investment or security) in, the Company. Save as required by law, court order or any regulatory authority, that personal data shall not be disclosed by a Recipient or any other person, except to employees, directors and professional advisers of that Recipient on a need to know basis.
- 25.3 Each of the Shareholders and Directors consent (from time to time) to the transfer of such personal data to persons acting on behalf of any Recipient and to the offices of any Recipient, both within and outside the European Economic Area, for the purposes stated above, where it is necessary or desirable to do so.