Unaudited Financial Statements
Year Ended
31 May 2019

Company Number 10583182



#### Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Unaudited Financial Statements of LOQBOX Savings Limited

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of LOQBOX Savings Limited for the year ended 31 May 2019 which comprise the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/

It is your duty to ensure that LOQBOX Savings Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of LOQBOX Savings Limited. You consider that LOQBOX Savings Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of LOQBOX Savings Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the board of directors of LOQBOX Savings Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 24 October 2018. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of LOQBOX Savings Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of LOQBOX Savings Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release TECH07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than LOQBOX Savings Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

BDO LLP London United Kingdom 28 February 2019

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# LOQBOX Savings Limited Registered number: 10583182

# Balance Sheet As at 31 May 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5		116,409		26,779
Tangible assets	6		4,805		1,259
		•	121,214	-	28,038
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	10,642,262		2,178,362	
Cash at bank and in hand	8	2,204,313		253,105	
		12,846,575		2,431,467	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(13,072,879)		(2,429,114)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets		·	(226,304)		2,353
Total assets less current liabilities		•	(105,090)	-	30,391
Net (liabilities)/assets		•	(105,090)	<u>-</u>	30,391
Capital and reserves				_	
Called up share capital	10		100		100
Capital contribution	11		430,000		150,000
Profit and loss account	11		(535,190)		(119,709)
		•	(105,090)	-	30,391

Registered number: 10583182

#### Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 May 2019

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 28 February 2020.

G. W. Mowat

Director

The notes on pages 5 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

	Called up share capital £	Capital contribution £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity
At 1 June 2017	. 100	-	(1)	99
Comprehensive income for the year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(119,708)	(119,708)
Capital contribution	-	150,000	-	150,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	150,000	(119,708)	30,292
At 1 June 2018	100	150,000	(119,709)	30,391
Comprehensive income for the year				
Loss for the year	-	-	(415,481)	(415,481)
Capital contribution	-	280,000	•	280,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	280,000	(415,481)	(135,481)
At 31 May 2019	100	430,000	(535,190)	(105,090)

The notes on pages 5 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

#### 1. General information

LOQBOX Savings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company accounting policies (see note 3).

The presentational and functional currency of these financial statements is GBP. Values are rounded to the nearest pound.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is earned from helping customers to save. It is measured by estimating the stage that each customer is at in their LOQBOX journey at the period end. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The Company's principal sources of revenue are: affiliate commission and redemption charges.

#### 2.3 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

#### 2.4 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Computer equipment

- 33%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

#### 3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the director has had to make the following judgements:

- Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the group's tangible and intangible assets.
   Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.
- Determine the stage that each customer is at in their LOQBOX journey in order to accrue revenue
  earned helping customers to save. This was estimated by analysing historical distributions of the
  length of time that customers maintain unredeemed LOQBOXes and applying that data to the
  number of months that has passed for each customer since they bought their LOQBOX in order to
  determine what proportion of an average LOQBOX journey each unredeemed LOQBOX customer
  has completed.

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty:

Tangible and Intangible fixed assets (see notes 6 and 7)

Tangible and Intangible assets are depreciated/amortised over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

#### 4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 7 (2018 - 2).

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

5.	Intangible assets	
		Computer software £
	Cost	·
	At 1 June 2018	28,279
	Additions	97,383
	At 31 May 2019	125,662
	Amortisation	
	At 1 June 2018	1,500
	Charge for the year	7,753
	At 31 May 2019	9,253
	Net book value	
	At 31 May 2019	116,409
	At 31 May 2018	26,779

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

6.	Tangible fixed assets		
		•	Computer equipment £
	Cost		
	At 1 June 2018		1,373
	Additions		4,529
	At 31 May 2019		5,902
	Depreciation		
	At 1 June 2018		114
	Charge for the year		983
	At 31 May 2019		1,097
	Net book value		
	At 31 May 2019		4,805
,	At 31 May 2018		1,259
7.	Debtors		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Amounts owed by group companies	10,443,176	2,174,572
	Other debtors	13,454	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	177,995	3,790
	Tax recoverable	7,637	<b>-</b>
		10,642,262	2,178,362
		<del></del>	

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

8.	Cash		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	14,581	91,220
	LOQBOX funds	2,189,732	161,885
		2,204,313	253,105
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Unredeemed LOQBOX repurchase obligations	12,825,480	2,337,660
	Trade creditors	4,157	-
	Amounts owed to group companies	34,406	28,833
	Other taxation and social security	5,965	-
	Other creditors	136,253	12,460
	Accruals and deferred income	66,618	50,161
		13,072,879	2,429,114
10.	Share capital		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 May 2019

#### 11. Reserves

The company's reserves are as follows:

#### **Capital contribution**

This represents capital contributions from nooli UK Limited.

#### Profit and loss account

Profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

#### 12. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under Section 33.1A of FRS102 whereby it had not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.

#### 13. Controlling party

The company is a subsidiary of nooli UK Limited. The directors do not consider there to be a controlling party.