FLOOR COVERING COMPANY LTD Filleted Accounts Cover

FLOOR COVERING COMPANY LTD

Company No. 10574302

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 January 2021

FLOOR COVERING COMPANY

LTD Directors Report Registrar

The Director presents his report and the accounts for the year ended 31 January 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was the supply and fitting of floor covering.

Director

The Director who served at any time during the year was as follows:

N. Mitchell

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

N. Mitchell Director 24 May 2021

FLOOR COVERING COMPANY LTD Balance Sheet Registrar

at 31 January 2021

Company No. 10574302	Notes	2021	2020
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	4	2,000	4,000
Tangible assets	5 _	43,913	57,944
		45,913	61,944
Current assets			
Stocks	6	49,839	22,606
Debtors	7	110,672	153,740
Cash at bank and in hand		274,222	242,984
		434,733	419,330
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	8	(107,047)	(162,587)
Net current assets		327,686	256,743
Total assets less current liabilities		373,599	318,687
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	-	(5,733)
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred taxation	10	(8,300)	(11,770)
Net assets	_	365,299	301,184
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account	11	365,199	301,084
Total equity	_	365,299	301,184

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 January 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 24 May 2021 And signed on its behalf by:

N. Mitchell Director 24 May 2021

FLOOR COVERING COMPANY LTD Notes to the Accounts Registrar for the year ended 31 January 2021

| General information

Its registered number is: 10574302

Its registered office is:

Ground Floor Cromwell House 15 Andover Road

Winchester SO23 7BT

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Companies Act 2006.

2 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Plant and machinery 10% Straight line Motor vehicles 25% Straight line

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Work in progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording revenue and related costs as contract activity progresses.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Leased assets

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet date as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy above).

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned assets.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

<i>3</i> .	Employees	2021		2020
		2021 Number		2020 Number
	The grange monthly number of appleyage (including			
	The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:	7		5
4 .	Intangible fixed assets			
			Goodwill	Total
			£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 February 2020		10,000	10,000
	At 31 January 2021	_	10,000	10,000
	Amortisation and impairment			
	At 1 February 2020		6,000	6,000
	Charge for the year		2,000	2,000
	At 31 January 2021	_	8,000	8,000
	Net book values			
	At 31 January 2021	_	2,000	2,000
	At 31 January 2020	_	4,000	4,000
5	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost or revaluation			
	At 1 February 2020	37,711	57,834	95,545
	Additions	2,165	3,000	5,165
	At 31 January 2021	39,876	60,834	100,710
	Depreciation			
	At 1 February 2020	6,721	30,880	37,601
	Charge for the year	3,988	15,208	19,196
	At 31 January 2021	10,709	46,088	56,797
	Net book values			
	At 31 January 2021	29,167	14,746	43,913
	At 31 January 2020	30,990	26,954	57,944
6	Stocks			
0		2021		2020
		£		£
	Raw materials and consumables	49,839		22,606
		49,839	_	22,606

_			
'1	110	bto	200
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1	Debtors		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	86,270	113,460
	Other debtors	17,177	34,437
		7,225	5,843
	Prepayments and accrued income	110,672	153,740
8	Creditors:		
	amounts falling due within one year		
	amount turning and print one your	2021	2020
		£	£
	Obligations under finance lease and hire		
	purchase contracts	-	3,440
	Trade creditors	43,192	46,027
	Corporation tax	29,714	40,239
	Other taxes and social security	21,309	40,035
	Loans from directors	1,136	476
	Other creditors	10,566	31,478
	Accruals and deferred income	1,130	892
	Accidate and deferred income	107,047	162,587
			102,367
9	Creditors:		
	amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
		æ	ı
	Obligations under finance lease and hire		
	purchase contracts	-	5,733
		<u> </u>	5,733
10	Provisions for liabilities		
10			
	Deferred taxation		
		Accelerated	
		Capital	
		Allowances,	
		Losses and	
		Other	
		Timing Differences	
			Total
		£	£
	At 1 February 2020	11,770	11,770
	Charge to the profit and loss account for the period	(3,470)	(3,470)
	At 31 January 2021	8,300	8,300
	•		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	A 1 2 1 5 1 11		
	Accelerated capital allowances	8,300	11,770
		8,300	11,770

11 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

12 Dividends

		2021		2020
		£		£
Dividends for the period:				
Dividends paid in the period		50,000		46,000
		50,000	_	46,000
Dividende by type				
Dividends by type:		50,000		46,000
Equity dividends				46,000
		50,000	_	46,000
13 Related party disclosures				
			2021	2020
Transactions with related parties	8		£	£
Name of related party	N. Mitchell			
Description of relationship	Director			
between the parties				
Description of transaction and	Directors loan account			
general amounts involved				
Amount due from/(to) the related	party		(1,136)	(476)
Provision for doubtful debts due	from the related party		-	-
Amounts written o∏ in the period party	in respect of debts from/(to)	the related	-	-

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.