K.K.RANI LIMITED FILLETED ACCOUNTS COVER

K.K.RANI LIMITED

Company No. 10511244

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 December 2018

K.K.RANI LIMITED BALANCE SHEET REGISTRAR

at	31	Dece	mber	2018
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Company No. 10511244	Notes	2018	2017
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	4,500	6,000
		4,500	6,000
Current assets			
Stocks	4	82,243	52,561
Cash at bank and in hand		3,546	3,005
		85,789	55,566
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	5	(63,467)	(55,682)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		22,322	(116)
Total assets less current liabilities		26,822	5 <i>,</i> 884
Net assets	_	26,822	5,884
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account	6	26,722	5,784
Total equity	_	26,822	5,884

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 07 May 2019

And signed on its behalf by:

K. Kapilan

Director

K.K.RANI LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS REGISTRAR for the year ended 31 December 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from that standard.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the accounting policies set out below.

The accounts are presented in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

passed. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Furniture, fittings and equipment 25%% Reducing balance

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 Employees

	2018	2017
	Number	Number
The average number of persons employed during the year :	3	3

3 Tangible fixed assets

			Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
			£	£
	Cost or revaluation			
	At 1 January 2018		8,000	8,000
	At 31 December 2018		8,000	8,000
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2018		2,000	2,000
	Charge for the year		1,500	1,500
	At 31 December 2018		3,500	3,500
	Net book values			
	At 31 December 2018		4,500	4,500
	At 31 December 2017		6,000	6,000
4	Stocks			
		2018		2017
		£		£
	Finished goods	82,243	_	52,561
		82,243	_	52,561
5	Creditors:			
	amounts falling due within one year			
		2018		2017
		£		£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	2,124		-
	Other loans	7,815		12,038
	Trade creditors	3,565		1,995
	Corporation tax	6,201		2,295
	Other taxes and social security	2,165		2,342
	Loans from directors	40,598		36,113
	Accruals and deferred income	999	_	899
		63,467	_	55,682

6 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

7 Dividends

	2018	2017
	£	£
Dividends for the period:		
Dividends paid in the period	4,000	10,000
	4,000	10,000
Dividends by type:		
Non-equity preference dividends	-	-
Equity dividends	4,000	10,000
	4,000	10,000
Related narty disclosures		

8 Related party disclosures

Transactions with related parties £ £

Name of related party Kulasingam Kapilan

Description of relationship Director

between the parties

Description of transaction and Loan

general amounts involved

Amount due from/(to) the related party (40,598) (36,112)

Name of related party Sukarnalatha Kapilan

Description of relationship Shareholder

between the parties

Description of transaction and Loan

general amounts involved

Amount due from/(to) the related party (7,815) (12,038)

9 Additional information

Its registered number is:

10511244

189 Stafford Road

Wallington

Surrey

SM6 9BT

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.