Eden Midco 1 Limited

Annual report and financial statements
Registered number 10489443
For the year ended 31 December 2019

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Contents

	Page(s)
Directors' report	1-2
Strategic report	3
Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements	4
Independent auditors' report to the members of Eden Midco 1 Limited	5-8
Statement of Comprehensive Income	g
Statement of Financial Position	10
Statement of Changes in Equity	11
Notes to the financial statements	12-18

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is to act as an intermediate holding company.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing of the financial statements were as follows:

T E Easingwood
J R SJ Lenane
N F Doe
E K Stimpson (resigned 31 December 2019)
J W Owen

The shareholdings of the directors of Eden Midco 1 Limited in the Company's ultimate holding company, The Leisure Pass Group Holdings Limited, are disclosed in the financial statements of that company. None of the directors who held office at the end of the year had any disclosable interest in the shares or debentures of the Company.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The Company has indemnified the directors of the Company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to conditions set out in Companies Act 2006. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision was in force throughout the year and at the date of approving the directors' report.

Financial risk management

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks that include interest rate risk and liquidity risk.

Interest rate risk

The borrowings of the Company are at a fixed rate. The amounts receivable from related undertakings are interest free.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company cannot settle its liabilities as they fall due. Liquidity risk is managed on a Group basis. Management monitor rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity position which comprise undrawn revolving credit facilities and cash on the basis of expected cash flows.

Political contributions

The Company made no political contributions or incurred any political expenditure during the year.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Directors' report (continued)

Material uncertainty related to going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The Company holds intercompany receivables balances and had net current assets of \$131,330k (2018: \$131,330k). It has issued unsecured loan notes which are listed on The International Stock Exchange with a carrying value of \$172,874k (2018: \$156,615k) and are repayable on 2 March 2024. Interest rolls up and is repayable on maturity.

Based on the Directors' current forecasts and plans, and taking into account existing cash and debt facilities, the Leisure Pass Holdings Group ("the Group") is forecast to remain within its covenant forecast and facilities, however the forecast is based on certain revenue assumptions estimating how consumer travel habits and the business will recover following COVID-19. The impact of COVID-19 on the travel industry is such that there is inherent uncertainty over these assumptions such that the Group could breach covenants which would make the loans repayable on demand.

The Directors are confident that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on the going concern basis. However, there is uncertainty whether the revenue assumptions will be achieved which represents a material uncertainty, which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the Company were unable to continue as a going concern.

Independent auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the board

N F Doe

Director

9 June 2020

25 Soho Square

W1D 3QR

London

Strategic report

Business review, results and dividends

The results for the year ended 31 December 2019 are set out on page 9.

During the year the Company continued to be the issuer of unsecured loan notes and interest of \$16,259,000 (2018: \$14,569,000) was accrued on the loan notes during the year.

No dividends were paid or declared during the year to 31 December 2019 (2018: nil).

The Leisure Pass Group Holdings Group Strategic Report contains details of the impact of COVID-19 on the Group.

Risks and uncertainties

The principal risks of the business are the financial risks as described in the directors' report.

Key Performance Indicators

The Company is an intermediate holding company within The Leisure Pass Group Holdings Group and as such has no significant activity in its own right. The Company's principal subsidiary is The Leisure Pass Group Limited and that company's financial statements contain a full Strategic Report covering its activities. Furthermore the Leisure Pass Group Holdings Group Strategic Report contains details of the Group's activities.

On behalf of the board

Director

N F Doe

9 June 2020

25 Soho Square London

W1D 3QR

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law). Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101, have been followed, subject to
 any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' confirmations

Each of the directors, whose names and functions are listed in Directors' report confirm that, to the best of their knowledge:

- the Company financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally
 Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure
 Framework", and applicable law), give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of the
 Company; and
- the Strategic report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that it faces.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Eden Midco 1 Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Eden Midco 1 Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019; the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 1 to the financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Based on the Directors' current forecasts and plans, and taking into account existing cash and debt facilities, the group is forecast to remain within its covenants and facilities, however the forecast is based on certain revenue assumptions estimating how consumer travel habits and the business will recover following COVID-19. The impact of COVID-19 on the travel industry is such that there is inherent uncertainty over these assumptions such that the group could breach covenants which would make the loans repayable on demand. These conditions, along with the other matters explained in note 1 to the financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

Audit procedures performed

In concluding that there was a material uncertainty, we reviewed the Directors' model supporting their going concern assumption, tested its mathematical accuracy and considered the reasonableness of the revenue and cost assumptions made and the available headroom throughout a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Our procedures included:

- Understanding and evaluating the drivers for the revenue and level of costs included in the model
- · Considering whether judgements/estimates are appropriately disclosed within the financial statements.
- Applying sensitivities to the model, including timing and quantum of revenue forecast in the period.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Eden Midco 1 Limited (continued)

Our audit approach

Overview



Overall materiality: \$1,351,000 (2018: \$1,351,000), based on 1% of total assets.

We performed a full scope audit of the complete financial statements of Eden Midco 1 Limited.

We performed substantive audit procedures over all of the material financial statement line items, including the notes payables balances and intercompany balances.

Recoverability of amounts owed to group undertakings Going concern

The scope of our audit

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. In particular, we looked at where the directors made subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including evaluating whether there was evidence of bias by the directors that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in the auditors' professional judgement, were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) identified by the auditors, including those which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy; the allocation of resources in the audit; and directing the efforts of the engagement team. These matters, and any comments we make on the results of our procedures thereon, were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to going concern, described in the Material uncertainty related to going concern section above, we determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. This is not a complete list of all risks identified by our audit.

Key audit matter

Recoverability of amounts owed by group undertakings

The Company has intercompany receivables of \$135,181,000 statements. In particular, we focussed our audit on the recoverability of these group receivables.

The directors' assessment of the recoverability of the receivables is based on the absence of any objective evidence of impairment in the underlying trade of the group. Their We have evaluated the directors' assessment of the value of assessment focussed on the historic, current and forecast the underlying business and found no exceptions. performance of the trading entities, reflecting the fact that, ultimately, the balance due will be recovered on the sale of the underlying business.

evidence of impairment and the size of the balance resulted in it being classified as an area of focus.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We obtained a breakdown of the intercompany balances as at the balance sheet date and traced these to the corresponding as at 31 December 2019 which is material to the financial balance in the counter party financial statements to confirm the accuracy of the balances.

> We have evaluated the directors' assertion that no objective evidence of impairment has been identified and we have found no exceptions.

We considered other procedures such as inquiries and minutes review to assess whether any future or enacted changes impact the ability of the counterparties to meet their The judgement applied by the directors to identify objective obligations and did not identify any relevant matters that would impact the recoverability of amounts owed.

> Based on the work performed we found that the recoverability of amounts owed by group undertakings were supported by the evidence we obtained.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Eden Midco 1 Limited (continued)

How we tailored the audit scope

We tailored the scope of our audit to ensure that we performed enough work to be able to give an opinion on the financial statements as a whole, taking into account the structure of the company, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which it operates.

We performed a full scope audit of the complete financial statements of Eden Midco 1 Limited.

Materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. We set certain quantitative thresholds for materiality. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures on the individual financial statement line items and disclosures and in evaluating the effect of misstatements, both individually and in aggregate on the financial statements as a whole.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole as follows:

Overall materiality	\$1,351,000 (2018: \$1,351,000).
How we determined it	1% of total assets.
Rationale for benchmark applied	The entity is an intermediate holding company with no trading activity other than the issuance of loan notes and the provision of funding to other group companies. As such an assets based measure is considered to be an appropriate benchmark to enable users to assess the performance of the entity. This is a generally accepted auditing benchmark for holding companies.

We agreed with the Audit Committee that we would report to them misstatements identified during our audit above \$67,000 (2018: \$67,000) as well as misstatements below that amount that, in our view, warranted reporting for qualitative reasons.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2019 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Eden Midco 1 Limited (continued)

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Matthew Mullins (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Uxbridge

9 June 2020

Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note 3	Year ended 31 December 2019 \$000	Year ended 31 December 2018 \$'000
Administrative expenses		(252)	(181)
Operating loss	2	(252)	(181)
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	(16,291)	(14,602)
Loss before taxation		(16,543)	(14,783)
Tax on loss	6	•	-
Loss for the financial year		(16,543)	(14,783)
Other comprehensive income		•	<u> </u>
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year		(16,543)	(14,783)

The Company had no items of other comprehensive income in the current year.

All results arose from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 12 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position

at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019		2018	
<u> </u>		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Fixed assets				•	
Investments	7		<u>-</u>		
Current assets					
Debtors : amounts falling due within one year	8	135,181		135,181	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(4,103)		(3,851)	
Net current assets	_		131,078		131,330
Total assets less current liabilities			131,078		131,330
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(172,865)		(156,574)
Net Liabilities			(41,787)		(25,244)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		-		-
Share premium account			1,095		1,095
Accumulated losses			(42,882)		(26,339)
Total shareholders' deficit			(41,787)		(25,244)

The notes on pages 12 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements on pages 9 to 18 were approved by the board of directors on 9 June 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

N F Doe Director

Company registered number: 10489443

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Called up share capital	Share Premium account	Accumulated losses	Total shareholders deficit
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2018	-	1,095	(11,556)	(10,461)
Loss for the financial year	-	-	(14,783)	(14,783)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	-	1,095	(14,783)	(14,783)
Balance as at 31 December 2018 and 1 January 2019	-	1,095	(26,339)	(25,244)
Loss for the financial year	-		(16,543)	(16,543)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	(16,543)	(16,543)
Balance as at 31 December 2019	•	1,095	(42,882)	(41,787)

The notes on pages 12 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

General information

Eden Midco 1 Limited (the "Company") is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in the UK.

Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101"), under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, as applicable to companies using FRS 101.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

Summary of disclosure exemptions:

The following exemptions from the requirements of IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

- The following paragraphs of IAS1 Presentation of financial statements
 - o 10(d) statement of cash flows
 - o 16 Statement of compliance with all IFRS
 - o 134-136 capital management disclosures
- IAS 7 Statement of cash flows
- IAS 8 Accounting policies, changes in estimates and errors, paragraphs 30 and 31 New standards issued but not yet effective
- IAS 24 Related party disclosures related party disclosures with transactions entered into between wholly owned group companies and paragraph 17, key management compensation
- IAS36 Impairment of assets, paragraphs 134(d) to 134(f) and 135(c) to 135(e) Key assumptions and estimates used to measure value in use of cash generating units
- IFRS7 Financial Instrument: Disclosures
- IFRS13 Fair value measurement, paragraphs 91-99 Valuation techniques used for fair value measurement of assets and liabilities

New standards, interpretations and amendments

No new accounting standards, or amendments to accounting standards, or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2019 have had a material effect on the financial statements.

Exemption from preparing group financial statements

These financial statements contain information about Eden Midco 1 Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group.

The Company is exempt, under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent Company, The Leisure Pass Group Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in United Kingdom.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Material uncertainty related to going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The Company holds intercompany receivables balances and had net current assets of \$131,330k (2018: \$131,330k). It has issued unsecured loan notes which are listed on The International Stock Exchange with a carrying value of \$172,874k (2018: \$156,615) and are repayable on 2 March 2024. Interest rolls up and is repayable on maturity.

Based on the Directors' current forecasts and plans, and taking into account existing cash and debt facilities, the Leisure Pass Holdings Group ("the Group") is forecast to remain within its covenant forecast and facilities, however the forecast is based on certain revenue assumptions estimating how consumer travel habits and the business will recover following COVID-19. The impact of COVID-19 on the travel industry is such that there is inherent uncertainty over these assumptions such that the Group could breach covenants which would make the loans repayable on demand.

The Directors are confident that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on the going concern basis. However, there is uncertainty whether the revenue assumptions will be achieved which represents a material uncertainty, which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the Company were unable to continue as a going concern.

Foreign currencies

a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in "US Dollars" (\$) which is also the company's functional currency.

b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income within finance income and expense.

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less provision for impairment.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise amounts owed by and to group and related undertakings and issued loan notes.

Amounts owed by group undertakings are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Amounts owed to group and related undertakings are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Issued loan notes are recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Fees paid on the establishment of the loan notes, which were used to facilitate the acquisition, have been capitalised and are amortised over the term of the loan notes. Interest on the loan notes has been recognised under finance expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

Dividend distribution

Dividends are recognised as a liability and deducted from equity when approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. Dividends for the period that are approved after the reporting date are dealt with as an event after the reporting date.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive the payment is established.

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The critical estimate and assumptions applied in the preparation of the financial statements include the impairment of amounts owed by group undertakings.

Per IFRS 9, the company is required to recognise expected credit loss for all financial assets, including for amounts owed by group undertakings. Amounts owed by group undertakings are all repayable on demand and therefore expected credit loss assumes that repayment is demanded at the reporting date. The expected credit loss calculation requires the use of estimates.

2 Operating Loss

The audit fee of \$16,000 (2018: \$16,000) is borne by The Leisure Pass Group Limited, another Group company.

3 Staff numbers

The Company is an intermediate holding company and does not employ any staff directly (2018: nil).

4 Directors' remuneration

None of the directors received remuneration for their services to the Company during the year (2018: \$nil).

5 Interest payable and similar expenses

•	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December	31 December
	2019	2018
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest payable and similar expenses		
Interest on loan notes	(16,259)	(14,569)
Amortisation of finance issue costs	(32)	(33)
	(16,291)	(14,602)

6 Tax on loss

a) Tax on loss for the year

	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December	31 December
	2019	2018
	\$'000	\$'000
UK corporation tax		
Current tax for the year	-	•
Deferred tax		
Origination / reversal of timing differences	-	-
Tax on loss for the year		

b) Reconciliation of tax charge for the year

The total tax charge for the year is not equal (2018: not equal) to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018: 19%). The differences are explained below:

	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	31 December	31 December
	2019	2018
	\$'000	\$'000
Loss before taxation	(16,543)	(14,783)
Tax @ 19% (2018: 19%)	(3,143)	(2,809)
Permanent differences	35	26
Interest not deductible	1,655	1,483
Group relief surrendered	1,453	1,300
Tax charge for the year (see above)	•	-

Changes to the UK corporation tax rates were substantively enacted as part of Finance Bill 2016 (on 6 September 2016). These include reductions to the main rate, to reduce the rate to 17% from 1 April 2020. In November 2019, the Prime Minister announced that he intended to cancel the future reduction in corporate tax rate from 19% to 17%. This announcement does not constitute substantive enactment and therefore it is possible that the corporation tax rate remains at 19% after 1 April 2020.

7 Investments

Share in group undertakings \$'000

. Cost/net book value at 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019

The Company's principal subsidiary undertakings at the year end are as follows:

Subsidiary undertakings	Registered Office	Principal activity	Direct/ Indirect	Class and percentage of shares held
Eden Midco 2 Limited	25 Soho Square, London, W1D 3QR, UK	Holding company	Direct	Ordinary 100%
Eden Bidco Limited	25 Soho Square, London, W1D 3QR, UK	Holding company	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
Newincco 1155 Limited	25 Soho Square, London, W1D 3QR, UK	Holding company	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
Newincco 1154 Limited	25 Soho Square, London, W1D 3QR, UK	Holding company	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
Newincco 1153 Limited	25 Soho Square, London, W1D 3QR, UK	Holding company	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
Newincco 1128 Limited	25 Soho Square, London, W1D 3QR, UK	Holding company	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
The Leisure Pass Group Limited	25 Soho Square, London, W1D 3QR, UK	Travel and tourism	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
The Leisure Pass Ireland Limited	Arthur Cox Building, Earlsfort Terrace	Travel and tourism	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
	Dublin 2, Republic of Ireland			
The Leisure Pass Group (Asia) Limited	25 Soho Square, London, W1D 3QR, UK	Holding company	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
Leisure Pass Group North America Inc.	100 High Street, 13 th Floor, Boston, MA 02110, US	Holding company	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
Leisure Pass North America LLC	100 High Street, 13 th Floor, Boston, MA 02110, US	Travel and tourism	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
Leisure Pass Group Inc	100 High Street, 13 th Floor, Boston, MA 02110, US	Travel and tourism	Indirect	Ordinary 100%
Smart Destinations Canada Inc	100 King Street W, Suite 6600, 1Firs Canadian Place, Toronto, Ontario M5 188, Canada		Indirect	Ordinary 100%
Leisure Pass Asia Pte. Limited	80 Robinson Road, 02-00 Singapore 068898.	Travel and Tourism	Indirect	Ordinary 100%

8 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 \$'000	2018 \$'000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	135,181	135,181

Amounts owed by group undertakings of \$87,359,000 (2018: \$87,359,000) are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Amounts owed by group undertakings of \$47,822,000 (2018: \$47,822,000) relate to intercompany Loan notes owed by Eden Midco 2 Limited, this instrument is unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
<u> </u>	\$'000	\$'000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,054	3,822
Amounts owed to related party	49	29
	4,103	3,851

Amounts owed to group and related undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

2018

67 156,574

2019

99

172,865

Notes (continued)

Amortisation of finance issue costs

10 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	\$'000	\$'000
Amounts falling due after 5 years		
Loan notes and other borrowings (see note 11)	172,865	156,574
11 Loan notes		
	2019	2018
	\$'000	\$'000
Loan notes – PIK	128,039	. 128,039
Loan notes	2,720	2,720
Accrued interest on loan notes	42,201	25,942
Less finance issue costs	(194)	(194)

The loan notes comprise Investor loan notes ("PIK") and Class 1 loan notes in addition to debt issue costs offset against the loan balance and rolled up accrued interest on the loan notes.

Investor loan notes and class 1 loan notes totalling \$130,673,000 accrue interest at a compound rate of 10% per annum and mature on 3 March 2024. Interest is rolled up on the balances on a quarterly basis. On 6 November 2017, the notes were listed on The International Stock Exchange ("TISE").

During the year to 31 December 2019, the PIK notes accrued interest of \$15,931,000 (year ended 31 December 2018: \$14,276,000) and the class 1 loan notes accrued interest of \$328,000 (2018: \$293,000). At 31 December 2019, the total amount due to PIK holders was \$169,389,000 (2018: \$153,458,000) and to class 1 loan note holders was \$3,511,000 (2018: \$3,243,000).

The initial issue costs of the shareholder loan notes of \$194,000 are being amortised over the period from the drawdown of the loan to the maturity date. During the year ended 31 December 2019, issue costs of \$32,000 (2018: \$33,000) were amortised and at the 31 December 2019 \$95,000 remains unamortised (2018: \$127,000).

12 Called up share capital

	2019	2018
	\$'000	\$'000
Allotted and fully paid		
Equity:		
1,220,206 (2018: 1,220,206) A ordinary shares of US\$0.00001		

13 Related parties

Group receivables and payables are as follows:

	Receivables outstanding	Payables outstanding	Receivables outstanding	Payables outstanding
	2019	2019	2018	2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$′000	\$'000
Entities with common control	-	(3,636)	-	(3,636)
Subsidiaries	135,181	(418)	135,181	(186)
Related undertakings	-	(49)	-	(29)
	135,181	(4,103)	135,181	(3,851)

The following directors/shareholders of The Leisure Pass Group Holdings Limited held loan notes at 31 December 2019:

	Coupon rate	Class of loan note	Subscription value	Amount outstanding including accrued interest 2019	Amount outstanding including accrued interest 2018
Name of loan note holder			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Neville Doe (Director)	10%	Class 1	169	224	203
Neville Doe (Director)	0%	Class 1	9	9	9
Exponent Private Equity LLP (see note 14)	10%	Investor	49,165	65,044	58,926
Big Bus Tours Group Limited (under					
common control)	10%	Investor	60,658	80,248	72,700

During the year, the Company was charged monitoring fees, directors' fees and arrangement fees totalling \$185,000 (year ended 31 December 2018: \$162,000) by Exponent Private Equity LLP of which \$49,000 (2018: \$29,000) was included in accruals at the year end.

14 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

Eden Midco 1 Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Leisure Pass Group Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent undertaking and the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements is The Leisure Pass Group Holdings Limited. The group financial statements of The Leisure Pass Group Holdings Limited can be obtained from 25 Soho Square, London, W1D 3QR.

The Leisure Pass Group Holdings Limited is controlled by funds managed by Exponent Private Equity LLP, an investment management firm, by virtue of their majority shareholding in The Leisure Pass Group Holdings Limited held through Exponent Private Equity Partners III, LP.