Registered number: 10426225

BIRD & BIRD (SALONS) LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

BIRD & BIRD (SALONS) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 10426225

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2021

| | Note | | 2021 £ | | 2020 £ |
|--|------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Intangible assets | 4 | | - | | 2,800 |
| | | _ | | | 2,800 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors: amounts falling due within one year | 5 | 1,500 | | 1,500 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | 6 | 33,975 | | 21,120 | |
| | _ | 35,475 | _ | 22,620 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 7 | (27,981) | | (26,668) | |
| Net current assets/(liabilities) | _ | | 7,494 | | (4,048) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | _ | 7,494 | | (1,248) |
| Net assets/(liabilities) | | _ _ | 7,494 | | (1,248) |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 8 | | 2 | | 2 |
| Profit and loss account | | | 7,492 | | (1,250) |
| | | | 7,494 | | (1,248) |

BIRD & BIRD (SALONS) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 10426225

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2021

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 18 August 2022.

S J Bird

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

1. General information

Bird & Bird (Salons) Limited is a company domiciled in England and Wales, registration number 10426225. Registered office is The Dairy, Manor Courtyard, Aston Sandford, Buckinghamshire, HP17 8JB.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.4 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings in the same period as the related expenditure.

2.5 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.7 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.8 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.9 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis to the Statement of income and retained earnings over its useful economic life.

Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

2.10 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.12 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.13 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 3 (2020 - 5).

4. Intangible assets

| | Goodwill |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| | £ |
| Cost | |
| At 1 November 2020 | 14,000 |
| At 31 October 2021 | 14,000 |
| | |
| Amortisation | |
| At 1 November 2020 | 11,200 |
| Charge for the year on owned assets | 2,800 |
| At 31 October 2021 | 14,000 |
| | |
| Net book value | |
| At 31 October 2021 | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

| 5. | Debtors | | |
|----|--|-----------|-----------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Other debtors | 1,500 | 1,500 |
| | | 1,500 | 1,500 |
| 6. | Cash and cash equivalents | | |
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Cash at bank and in hand | 33,975 | 21,120 |
| | | 33,975 | 21,120 |
| 7. | Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year | | |
| | | 2021 £ | 2020 £ |
| | Corporation tax | 2,708 | 1,716 |
| | Other taxation and social security | 507 | 19 |
| | Other creditors | 23,677 | 23,839 |
| | Accruals and deferred income | 1,089 | 1,094 |
| | | 27,981 | 26,668 |
| | Chara comital | | |
| 8. | Share capital | | |
| 8. | Snare capital | 2021 | 2020 |
| 8. | Allotted, called up and fully paid | 2021 £ | 2020 £ |

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.