**REGISTERED NUMBER: 10415104** 

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2021

for

Sorensen Developments Ltd

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## Sorensen Developments Ltd

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 October 2021

**DIRECTORS:** Mrs B L White

Mr SM White

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 10 The Covey

Thorpe Marriott Norwich Norfolk NR8 6GB

BUSINESS ADDRESS: 10 The Covey

Thorpe Marriott

Norwich NR8 6GB

**REGISTERED NUMBER**: 10415104

ACCOUNTANTS: Steve Pye & Co.

**Chartered Certified Accountants** 

Unit 8 Home Farm Norwich Road Norwich Norfolk NR10 5PQ

## Balance Sheet 31 October 2021

		2021		2020	
FIVER AGGETS	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Investment property	5		270,000		217,000
CURRENT ASSETS Cash at bank		17,210		9,266	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	6	161,035	<u>(143,825)</u> 126,175	160,495	<u>(151,229</u> ) 65,771
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year  PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	7		(91,425) (10,070)		(91,425) -
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			24,680		(25,654)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Fair value reserve Retained earnings	8		2 42,930 (18,252) 24.680		2 - (25,656) (25,654)

Balance Sheet - continued 31 October 2021

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 October 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 2 March 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs B L White - Director

Mr SM White - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2021

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Sorensen Developments Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Not specified/Other. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period to which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are the depreciation charges that are calculated with reference to the useful economic life of fixed assets.

### Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

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## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2021

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Financial instruments

The company enters into basic financial instruments that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

#### a) Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

#### c) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate, which is an approximation, of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

#### d) Trade and other creditors

Debt instruments like loans and other accounts payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable within one year, typically trade payables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an outright short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset is measured, initially and subsequently, at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

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## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2021

## 4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2020 - NIL).

### 5. **INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

			Total £
	FAIR VALUE		۲.
	At 1 November 2020		217,000
	Revaluations		53,000
	At 31 October 2021 NET BOOK VALUE		270,000
	At 31 October 2021		270,000
	At 31 October 2020		217,000
	Fair value at 31 October 2021 is represented by:		_
	Valuation in 2021		£ 53,000
	Cost		217,000
			270,000
	If investment properties had not been revalued they would have been included at the following h	istorical cost:	
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Cost	<u>217,000</u>	
	Investment properties was valued on an open market basis on 31 October 2021 by The Director	S .	
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2021	2020
	Other creditors	£ 161.025	£
	Other creditors	<u>161,035</u>	<u>160,495</u>
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2021	2020
	Bank loans	£ 91,425	£ 91,425
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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2021

7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR - continued		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	<u>91,425</u>	<u>91,425</u>
8.	RESERVES		
			Fair
			value
			reserve
			£
	Fair value reserve movement		42,930
	At 31 October 2021	_	42,930

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.