Registration number: 10407728

ANGLESEY MODEL VILLAGE LTD

Annual Report and Unaudited FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the Year Ended 31 October 2021



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

L'AWRENCE CHAMBERS ESQ.

NICOLAS BOWLER ESQ.

Registered office

ANGLESEY MODEL VILLAGE

NEWBOROUGH

NR. LLANFAIRPWLL

ANGLESEY LL61 6RS

Registered number

... (England and Wales)

(Registration number: 10407728) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	46,486	45,191
Current assets			
Stocks	4	643	387
Debtors	5	2,057	1,529
Cash at bank and in hand		12,238	39,779
		14,938	41,695
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one			
year	6	(154,934)	(166,430)
Net current liabilities		(139,996)	(124,735)
Total assets less current liabilities		(93,510)	(79,544)
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more			
than one year	6	(29,921)	(32,128)
Net liabilities		(123,431)	(111,672)
Capital and reserves		•	
Called up share capital	7	100	100
Profit and loss account		(123,531)	(111,772)
Shareholders' deficit		(123,431)	(111,672)

For the financial year ending 31 October 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

The notes on pages 4 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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(Registration number: 10407728) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2021

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 31 July 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

LAWRENCE CHAMBERS ESQ.

Director

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in ENGLAND & WALES.

The address of its registered office is: ANGLESEY MODEL VILLAGE NEWBOROUGH NR. LLANFAIRPWLL ANGLESEY LL61 6RS

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 31 July 2022.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when: The amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

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	Depreciation method and
Asset class	rate
Short leasehold property	22.699% on straight line
Plant and machinery	25% on reducing balance
Furniture, fixtures and fittings	25% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% on reducing balance
Office equipment	30% on reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Other tangible assets	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 November 2020 Additions	63,174 2,240	12,822	3,167	19,962 29,125	99,125 31,469
At 31 October 2021	65,414	12,926	3,167	49,087	130,594
Depreciation At 1 November 2020	52,577	8,349	2,165	21,017	84,108
At 31 October 2021	52,577	8,349	2,165	21,017	84,108
Carrying amount At 31 October 2021 At 31 October 2020	12,837	4,577	1,002	28,070	46,486

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £12,837 (2020 - £26,359) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

4 Stocks

•	2021 £	2020 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	643	387
5 Debtors		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Prepayments	1,796	1,311
Other debtors	<u> 261</u> _	218
	2,057	1,529

6 Creditors

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Due within one year	1,000		
Loans and borrowings	8	153,043	164,928
Trade creditors		2,358	2,836
Taxation and social security		(567)	(1,434)
Other creditors	_	100	100
	=	154,934	166,430

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	29,921	32,128

7 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2021		202	20
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1				
each	100	100	100	100
8 Loans and borrowings				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Non-current loans and be	orrowings			
Bank borrowings		<u>-</u>	29,921	32,128

	2021 £	2020 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	2,790	3,372
Other borrowings	150,253	161,556
	153,043	164,928

9 Related party transactions

Directors' remuneration

The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Remuneration	25,176_	22,032