Macheil Properties Utol
[64046]
Company Registration No. 04417618 (England and Wales)

# MACNEIL LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

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## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors

Mr N J Lukka

Mr B N Lukka

(Appointed 12 November 2019)

Secretary

Mrs A N Lukka

Company number

04417618

Registered office

9 Essex Park

Finchley Central

London N3 1ND

Auditor

HW Fisher

Acre House

11-15 William Road

London NW1 3ER United Kingdom

Bankers

Royal Bank of Scotland

5-10 Great Tower Street

London EC3P 3HX

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### STRATEGIC REPORT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

The directors present the strategic report for the year ended 30 November 2019.

#### Fair review of the business

The group made a pre-tax profit of £962,774 (2018: £1,644,161) for the year on a turnover of £6,212,680 (2018: £5,487,770).

At 30 November 2019 the group had net assets of £15,649,801 (2018: £14,928,563).

Both the level of business and the year end financial position were as expected in the light of current trading conditions and the directors do not anticipate any material changes in the present level of activity.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The directors recognise that within the business there are a number of risks which may affect the performance of the group. These risks are subject to regular review and, where appropriate, processes are established to minimise the level of exposure.

Regulatory - the group's nursing home business is regulated by the Care Quality Commission and is exposed to adverse findings that the Commission may raise. The group ensures that the nursing home is run to a high standard and to-date no such adverse findings have been reported.

Financial risk - the company is exposed to financial risk through its assets and liabilities. The key financial risk is that, in the current climate, the proceeds from its assets may not be sufficient to fund the obligations from liabilities as they fall due. The most important components of financial risk are:

- 1) Credit risk the group continues to minimise commercial credit risk and has not suffered unduly from bad debts.
- 2) Interest rate risk the group's borrowings are on a variable rate basis and the group is exposed to potential increases in interest rates. The group continues to monitor its interest obligations and its investment portfolio to ensure that future increases in interest rate will not unduly affect the performance of the business.

#### Key performance indicators

In the opinion of the director there are no Key Performance Indicators whose disclosure is necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

On behalf of the board

Mr N J Lukka

Director

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2019.

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continues to be that of property investment and development. In addition a significant activity of the group includes the provision of nursing home facilities for the elderly.

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr N J Lukka Mr B N Lukka

(Appointed 12 November 2019)

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

No ordinary dividends were paid. The directors do not recommend payment of a further dividend.

#### Post reporting date events

The directors have considered the effect of the Covid-19 outbreak, that has been spreading throughout the world in early 2020, on the group's activities. Although the extent and quantum of the disruption remains uncertain, this outbreak is unlikely to cause significant disruption to the group's business as at the date of approval of these financial statements, as the group has sufficient financial and other resources to be able to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

#### Auditor

The auditor, HW Fisher, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor of the company is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor of the company is aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

Mr N J Lukka

Director

Date: 25/8/2020

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF MACNEIL LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Macneil Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 30 November 2019 which comprise the group statement of comprehensive income, the group balance sheet, the company balance sheet, the group statement of changes in equity, the company statement of changes in equity, the group statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 30 November 2019 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

## Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF MACNEIL LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Darshna Choudhury (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of HW Fisher

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Acre House 11-15 William Road London NW1 3ER United Kingdom

25 August 2020

# **GROUP STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	3	6,212,680	5,487,770
Cost of sales		(2,863,538)	(2,545,727)
Gross profit		3,349,142	2,942,043
Administrative expenses		(764,539)	(746,280)
Other operating income		3,750	1,600
Operating profit	4	2,588,353	2,197,363
Interest receivable and similar income	7	1,651	19,575
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	(228,184)	(572,777)
Fair value gains and losses on investment properties	11	(1,399,046)	-
Profit before taxation		962,774	1,644,161
Taxation	9	(273,725)	(330,224)
Profit for the financial year		689,049	1,313,937
Other comprehensive income			
Revaluation of tangible fixed assets		-	2,807,592
Tax relating to other comprehensive income		32,189	(347,838)
Total comprehensive income for the year		721,238	3,773,691
		***	

Total comprehensive income for the year is all attributable to the owners of the parent company.

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

# **GROUP BALANCE SHEET**

## AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2019

		20:	19	201	.8
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		10,659,264		10,822,284
Investment properties	11		24,232,430		25,174,518
			34,891,694		35,996,802
Current assets					
Debtors	15	2,212,725		2,439,630	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,335,712		1,488,113	
		4,548,437		3,927,743	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(1,602,655)		(1,470,330)	
creditors: amounts failing due within one year	10	(1,602,655)		(1,470,330)	
Net current assets			2,945,782		2,457,413
Total assets less current liabilities			37,837,476		38,454,215
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	17		(21,526,738)		(22,610,130)
one year	1,		(21,320,730)		(22,010,130)
Provisions for liabilities	19		(660,937)		(915,522)
Net assets			15,649,801		14,928,563
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	22		100		100
Revaluation reserve			5,522,427		5,537,646
Profit and loss reserves	23		10,127,274		9,390,817
Total equity			15,649,801		14,928,563

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25/5/2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr N J Lukka Director

## **COMPANY BALANCE SHEET**

## AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2019

		20	19	201	18
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		185,054		217,711
Investment properties	11		24,232,430		25,174,518
Investments	12		200		200
			24,417,684		25,392,429
Current assets					
Debtors	15	6,948,544		7,698,030	
Cash at bank and in hand		614,154		218,477	
		7,562,698		7,916,507	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(1,006,309)		(944,664)	
Net current assets			6,556,389		6,971,843
Total assets less current liabilities			30,974,073		32,364,272
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than					
one year	17		(21,848,820)		(22,615,250)
Provisions for liabilities	19		(111,001)		(327,027)
Net assets			9,014,252		9,421,995
			=		=
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	22		100		100
Profit and loss reserves	23		9,014,152		9,421,895
Total equity			9,014,252		9,421,995
			<del></del>		=

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes. The company's loss for the year was £407,743 (2018 - £365,360 profit).

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25/8/2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr N J Lukka Director

Company Registration No. 04417618

# **GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

Share capital			Total
£	feserve	reserves £	£
100	3,117,907	8,036,865	11,154,872
	<del></del>		
-	-	1,313,937	1,313,937
-	2,807,592	-	2,807,592
•	(347,838)	-	(347,838)
<del></del>	2,459,754	1,313,937	3,773,691
-	(40,015)	40,015	-
100	5,537,646	9,390,817	14,928,563
<del></del>			
-	-	689,049	689,049
-	32,189	-	32,189
	32,189	689,049	721,238
-	•	47,408	-
100	5,522,427	10,127,274	15,649,801
	100	reserve £  100 3,117,907  - 2,807,592 - (347,838) - 2,459,754 - (40,015) - 100 5,537,646  - 32,189 - (47,408)	reserve reserves £ £ £  100 3,117,907 8,036,865  1,313,937  - 2,807,592 (347,838)  - 2,459,754 1,313,937  - (40,015) 40,015  100 5,537,646 9,390,817  689,049  - 32,189  - 32,189 689,049  - (47,408) 47,408

# **COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

Share capital		Total
£	£	£
100	9,056,535	9,056,635
-	365,360	365,360
100	9,421,895	9,421,995
-	(407,743)	(407,743)
100	9,014,152	9,014,252
	100	100 9,056,535  365,360  100 9,421,895  (407,743)

# **GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

		201	9	201	8
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	27		2,735,089		6,918,814
Interest paid			(228,184)		(572 <i>,</i> 777)
Income taxes paid			(386,560)		(379,779)
Net cash inflow from operating activities			2,120,345		5,966,258
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(167,795)		(23,475)	
Purchase of investment property		(456,958)		(4,736,041)	
Interest received		1,651		19,575	
Net cash used in investing activities			(623,102)		(4,739,941)
Financing activities					
Repayment of bank loans		(649,644)		(636,748)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(649,644)		(636,748)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			847,599		589,569
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			1,488,113		898,544
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			2,335,712		1,488,113

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Macneil Limited ("the company") is a private limited company incorporated by shares in England and Wales. The registered office is 9 Essex Park, Finchley Central, London, N3 1ND.

The group consists of Macneil Limited and all of its subsidiaries.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements for parent company information presented within the consolidated financial statements:

- Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position': Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares;
- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows': Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues': Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument; basis of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures': Compensation for key management personnel.

#### 1.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of Macneil Limited and all of its subsidiaries (ie entities that the group controls through its power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain economic benefits). Subsidiaries acquired during the year are consolidated using the purchase method. Their results are incorporated from the date that control passes.

All financial statements are made up to 30 November 2019. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by other members of the group.

All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

#### 1.3 Going concern

As stated in note 25 (Events after the reporting date), the directors have considered the effect of the Covid-19 outbreak. The directors consider that the outbreak is unlikely to cause a significant disruption to the group's business and is confident that the group can continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.4 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

Revenue for the provision of nursing home services is recognised by reference to the occupation and use of the facilities of the nursing home.

Revenue from rental receipts is recognised on an accruals basis and arises from the group's investment properties.

#### 1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than investment properties and freehold land at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings Freehold

2% straight line (excluding freehold land)

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

15% reducing balance

The excess depreciation between revalued land and buildings and historical cost is transferred between the profit and loss reserve and revaluation reserve.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### 1.6 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.7 Fixed asset investments

Equity investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss, except for those equity investments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably, which are recognised at cost less impairment until a reliable measure of fair value becomes available.

In the parent company financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

#### 1.8 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.9 Financial instruments

The group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the group's balance sheet when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the group transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities.

### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the group's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.10 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the group.

#### 1.11 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the accounts. Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the assets. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### 1.12 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

#### 1.13 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

#### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

(Continued)

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows.

#### Valuation of land and buildings

The group has consulted with external valuers to ascertain the fair value of the land and buildings. The valuation of the group's land and buildings is inherently subjective due to, among other factors, the individual nature, location and condition of the nursing home premises. The land element of the land and buildings is also a subjective judgement. As a result the valuation is subject to a degree of uncertainty.

The most recent valuation took place in January 2018 and was reflected in the prior year accounts. As at 30 November 2019, the directors believe that the fair value of the land and buildings, after the additions and depreciation charge for the year, materially reflects the market value.

Deferred tax has been recognised on revalued property, based on the estimated fair value at the year end date.

#### Valuation of investment properties

The directors have assessed the fair value of investment properties at year end. In determining the fair value of the investment properties, the directors made use of historical and current market data as well as existing lease agreements. The valuation of the company's investment properties is inherently subjective due to, among other factors, the individual nature, location and condition of the properties. As a result the valuation is subject to a degree of uncertainty.

#### 3 Turnover and other revenue

An analysis of the group's turnover is as follows:

		2019	2018
		£	£
	Turnover analysed by class of business		
	Nursing home fees	4,695,197	4,199,861
	Rental income	1,517,483	1,287,909
		6,212,680	5,487,770
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Other significant revenue		
	Interest income	1,651	19,575
			<del></del>
4	Operating profit		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Operating profit for the year is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	330,815	339,981
	·		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Auditor's remuneration		
	2019	201
Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:	£	
For audit services Audit of the financial statements of the group and company	7,200	7,00
Audit of the financial statements of the group and company  Audit of the financial statements of the company's	7,200	7,00
subsidiaries	5,885	5,62
	13,085	12,62
Employees		
The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the	group and company during the ye	ear was:
	2019	201
	Number	Numbe
Administration and care staff	115	9
Their aggregate remuneration comprised:		
	2019 £	201
Wages and salaries	2,374,693	2,106,07
Social security costs Pension costs	206,201 41,396	184,44 23,27
Tension costs		
	2,622,290 ————	2,313,80
Interest receivable and similar income		
	2019	201
	£	
Interest income Interest receivable from companies under common control	385	19,55
Other interest income	1,266	2
Total income	1,651	19,57
Interest payable and similar expenses	2010	201
	2019 £	201
Interest on bank overdrafts and loans	204.508	207.89
Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Interest payable to companies under common control	204,508 23,427	
Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Interest payable to companies under common control Other interest	204,508 23,427 249	362,91
Interest payable to companies under common control	23,427	207,89 362,91 1,96 

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

	2019	201
	£	
UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	496,121	356,21
Deferred tax	10-11-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-0	
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(222,396)	(25,99
Origination and reversal of tilling differences	(222,330) ————	======
Total tax charge	273,725	330,22
The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge based tax as follows:	on the profit or loss and the sta  2019 £	ndard rate o
Profit before taxation	962,774 ————	1,644,16
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of $1 (2018: 19.00\%)$	9.00% 182,927	312,39
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	2,773	5,10
Gains not taxable	265,819	
Change in unrecognised deferred tax assets	-	(2,11
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(216,026)	(19,90
Deferred tax movements		(6,08
Depreciation add back		57,16
Capital allowances	(15,646)	(16,33
	273,725	330,22
eferred tax movements epreciation add back	(6,370) 60,248 (15,646)	(6,0 57,1 (16,3
Tax expense for the year  In addition to the amount charged to the profit and loss account, the following directly in other comprehensive income:		
In addition to the amount charged to the profit and loss account, the following	2019	
In addition to the amount charged to the profit and loss account, the following		
In addition to the amount charged to the profit and loss account, the following	2019	en recognise <b>201</b>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

Total	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Land and ( buildings Freehold	Group
£	£	£	
			Cost or valuation
12,068,997	2,001,485	10,067,512	At 1 December 2018
167,795	32,294	135,501	Additions
12,236,792	2,033,779	10,203,013	At 30 November 2019
			Depreciation and impairment
1,246,713	1,090,667	156,046	At 1 December 2018
330,815	141,467	189,348	Depreciation charged in the year
1,577,528	1,232,134	345,394	At 30 November 2019
			Carrying amount
10,659,264	801,645	9,857,619	At 30 November 2019
10,822,284	910,818	9,911,466	At 30 November 2018
ttings & equipment	Fixtures, fittir		Company
£			Cost or valuation
940,705			At 1 December 2018 and 30 November 2019
			Depreciation and impairment
722,994			At 1 December 2018
32,657			Depreciation charged in the year
755,651			At 30 November 2019
			Carrying amount
185,054			At 30 November 2019

The carrying value of land and buildings was revalued as at 31 January 2018. The revaluation is based on a valuation report prepared on the 23 January 2018 by Colliers International Property Consultants Limited, a firm of property consultants. Their revaluation is based on the special assumption that the land and buildings are fully equipped as operational entities and valued having regard to trading potential, as at the valuation date. As at 30 November 2019 the director believes that the fair value of the land and buildings, after the additions and depreciation charge for the year, correctly reflect the market value.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Tangible fixed	assets					(Continued)
If revalued ass been as follow	sets were stated on an his	torical cost basis	rather than a fair v	alue basis, the tot	al amounts inclu	ded would have
			Group		Company	
			2019	2018	2019	2018
			£	£	£	£
Cost			5,008,277	4,872,776	-	-
Accumulated of	depreciation		(851,182)	(757,968)		
Carrying value	•		4,157,095	4,114,808	-	-
					<del></del>	
Investment pr	ronerty					
investment p	оренсу				Group	Company
					2019	2019
					£	£
Fair value At 1 Decembe	r 2010				25,174,518	25,174,518
Additions	1 2016				456,958	456,958
	osses through fair value ad	ljustments			(1,399,046)	(1,399,046
At 30 Novemb	er 2019				24,232,430	24,232,430
	er 2019 Der 2019, the comparable	· historic cost of i	nvestment propert	ies included at va		
At 30 Novemb	per 2019, the comparable	historic cost of i	nvestment propert	ties included at va		
At 30 Novemb £20,759,704)	per 2019, the comparable	historic cost of i	nvestment propert Group	ies included at va		
At 30 Novemb £20,759,704)	per 2019, the comparable	historic cost of i		des included at va	======================================	
At 30 Novemb £20,759,704)	per 2019, the comparable	historic cost of i	Group		Eluation was £21  Company	,216,662 (2018:
At 30 Novemb £20,759,704)	per 2019, the comparable		Group 2019	2018	Company 2019	,216,662 (2018: <b>2018</b>
At 30 November £20,759,704)  Fixed asset involves the fixed asset invol	per 2019, the comparable vestments in subsidiaries	Notes	Group 2019	2018	Company 2019	,216,662 (2018: <b>2018</b> <b>2018</b>
At 30 November £20,759,704)  Fixed asset involves the fixed asset invol	per 2019, the comparable	Notes	Group 2019	2018	Company 2019	,216,662 (2018: <b>2018</b> <b>2018</b>
At 30 November £20,759,704)  Fixed asset involves the fixed asset invol	per 2019, the comparable vestments in subsidiaries	Notes	Group 2019	2018	Company 2019	,216,662 (2018: 2018 £ 200 Shares in group undertakings
At 30 November £20,759,704)  Fixed asset involves the fixed asset invol	per 2019, the comparable vestments In subsidiaries In fixed asset investments	Notes	Group 2019	2018	Company 2019	,216,662 (2018: 2018 £ 200 Shares in group
At 30 November 120,759,704)  Fixed asset involves the company  Cost or valuation	per 2019, the comparable vestments In subsidiaries In fixed asset investments	Notes 13	Group 2019	2018	Company 2019	,216,662 (2018: 2018 £ 200 Shares in group undertakings
At 30 November £20,759,704)  Fixed asset involves the fixed asset invol	vestments  In subsidiaries  In fixed asset investments  It ion  It 2018 and 30 November	Notes 13	Group 2019	2018	Company 2019	,216,662 (2018: 2018 £  200  Shares in group undertakings
At 30 November 120,759,704)  Fixed asset involves the company  Cost or valuation	per 2019, the comparable vestments  In subsidiaries  In fixed asset investments  Ion  In 2018 and 30 November and	Notes 13	Group 2019	2018	Company 2019	,216,662 (2018: 2018 £  200  Shares in group undertakings
At 30 November £20,759,704)  Fixed asset involves the fixed asset invol	vestments  In subsidiaries  In fixed asset investments  It ion  In 2018 and 30 November  Junt  J	Notes 13	Group 2019	2018	Company 2019	,216,662 (2018: 2018 £  200  Shares in group undertakings £

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

#### 13 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 November 2019 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Registered	Nature of business	Class of	% He	ld
	office		shares held	Direct	Indirect
Lukka Care Homes (2010) Ltd	1	Residential Care	Ordinary	100.00	-
MacNeil Properties Ltd	2	Investment Property	Ordinary	100.00	-

# Registered Office addresses:

- 1. 1st Floor Macneil House, 407 Nether Street, Finchley Central, London, N3 1QG
- 2. 9 Essex Park, London, United Kingdom, N3 1ND

The outstanding liabilities at the balance sheet date of Macneil Properties Ltd, one of the company's subsidiary undertakings, have been guaranteed by Macneil Limited pursuant to s479A to s479C of the Companies Act 2006.

#### 14 Financial instruments

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Carrying amount of financial assets				
Debt instruments measured at amortised cost	2,143,549	2,377,970	n/a	n/a
Carrying amount of financial liabilities				
Measured at amortised cost	22,717,309	23,787,098	n/a	n/a

As permitted by the reduced disclosure framework within FRS 102, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosing the carrying amount of certain classes of financial instruments, denoted by 'n/a' above.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

15	Debtors					
			Group		Company	•
	Amount follow due within any years		2019	2018	2019	2018 £
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£	£	
	Trade debtors		441,840	499,109	60,123	113,421
	Other debtors		145,983	2,738	65,185	2,738
	Prepayments and accrued income		69,176	61,660	28,821	20,292
			656,999 	563,507 	15 <b>4,129</b>	136,451
	Amounts falling due after more than one year	ır:				
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		**		5,468,322	5,685,456
	Amount owed by companies under common	control	635,638	956,035	406,005	956,035
	Other debtors		920,088	920,088	920,088	920,088
			1,555,726	1,876,123	6,794,415	7,561,579
	Total debtors		2,212,725	2,439,630	6,948,544	7,698,030
16	Creditors: amounts falling due within one ye	ar	_		_	
			Group		Company	2010
		B1	2019	2018	2019	2018
		Notes	£	£	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	18	582,337	537,850	582,337	537,850
	Trade creditors		85,995	88,856	4,904	20,144
	Corporation tax payable		307,008	197,447	134,401	37,250
	Other taxation and social security		105,076	95,915	50,883	49,376
	Other creditors		304,443	339,354	88,319	151,980
	Accruals and deferred income		217,796 ————	210,908	145,465 ————	148,064
			1,602,655	1,470,330	1,006,309	944,664
17	Creditors: amounts falling due after more tha	in one year				
			Group		Company	
			2019	2018	2019	2018
		Notes	£	£	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	18	5,949,687	6,643,818	5,949,687	6,643,818
	Amounts due to companies under common control		15,577,051	15,966,312	15,899,133	15,971,432
			21,526,738	22,610,130	21,848,820	22,615,250

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

18	Loans and overdrafts				
		Group		Company	
		2019	2018	2019	2018
		£	£	£	£
	Bank loans	6,532,024	7,181,668	6,532,024	7,181,668
		<u></u>			
	Payable within one year	582,337	537,850	582,337	537,850
	Payable after one year	5,949,687	6,643,818	5,949,687	6,643,818
		6,532,024	7,181,668	6,532,024	7,181,668
					====
	Amounts included above which fall due after five years:				
	Payable by instalments	3,464,455	3,130,139	3,464,455	3,130,139

Included within bank loans is £2,138,094 repayable on a monthly basis and subject to interest of base rate + 3%; £274,168 repayable on a monthly basis and subject to interest of base rate + 2.75%; £243,726 repayable on a monthly basis and subject to interest of base rate + 1.25%; £429,551 repayable on a monthly basis and subject to interest of base rate + 1.4%; and £3,446,485 repayable on a monthly basis and subject to interest of Libor rate + 1.87%.

Bank loans are secured by a legal charge over the assets of the company, as well as by a cross-guarantee given by the other companies under common control of the shareholders amounting to £11,853,725 along with a guarantee of £600,000 from N J Lukka.

#### 19 Provisions for liabilities

		Group		Company		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Deferred tax liabilities	20	660,937	915,522	111,001	327,027	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

#### 20 Deferred taxation

21

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the group or company has a legally enforceable right to do so. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:

	Liabilities 201 <del>9</del>	Liabilities 2018
Group	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	28,249	37,206
Short term timing differences	(844)	-
Revaluations	315,649	562,472
Investment property	103,249	315,844
Deferred tax arising on held over gains from transfer of land and buildings	214,634	
	660,937	915,522
	Liabilities	Liabilities
	2019	2018
Company	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	7,882	11,183
Tax losses	(130)	-
Investment property	103,249	315,844
	111,001	327,027
	Group	Company
	2019	2019
Movements in the year:	£	£
Liability at 1 December 2018	915,522	327,027
Credit to profit or loss	(222,396)	(216,026)
Credit to other comprehensive income	(32,189)	-
Liability at 30 November 2019	660,937	111,001
Retirement benefit schemes		
	2019	2018
Defined contribution schemes	£	£
Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes	41,396	23,277
- · ·		

A defined contribution pension scheme is operated for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

22	Share capital		
		Group ar	nd company
		2019	2018
	Ordinary share capital	£	£

Issued and fully paid
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each

100 100

#### 23 Reserves

#### Profit and loss reserves

Profit and loss reserves include £2,912,519 (2018: £4,098,970) in respect of unrealised gains arising on investment properties.

### 24 Operating lease commitments

#### Lessee

At the reporting end date the group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	Group	Company			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
	£	£	£	£	
Within one year	7,200	-	7,200	-	
Between two and five years	61,920	-	61,920	-	
	69,120	-	69,120	-	

#### Lessor

The group's operating leasing arrangements as a lessor arise in respect of its investment properties which are held for rental purposes.

At the reporting end date the group and the company had contracted with tenants for the following minimum lease payments:

	Group		Company		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
	£	£	£	£	
Within one year	733,734	904,702	953,734	1,124,702	
Between two and five years	1,369,055	1,761,391	2,249,055	2,641,391	
In over five years	1,372,347	1,505,064	5,077,991	5,430,708	
	3,475,136	4,171,157	8,280,780	9,196,801	
	A-10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10				

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

#### 25 Events after the reporting date

The directors have considered the effect of the Covid-19 outbreak, that has been spreading throughout the world in early 2020, on the group's activities. Although the extent and quantum of the disruption remains uncertain, this outbreak is unlikely to cause significant disruption to the group's business as at the date of approval of these financial statements, as the group has sufficient financial and other resources to be able to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

#### 26 Related party transactions

#### Transactions with related parties

At 30 November 2019 the group was owed £635,638 by companies under common control (2018: £956,035). During the year, the group charged interest of £385 on this balance (2018: £23,869).

At 30 November 2019 the group owed £15,577,051 to companies under common control (2018: £15,966,312). During the year, the group was charged interest of £23,427 on this balance (2018: £367,232).

All of the above companies are related parties by virtue of the significant interest in the share capital of each by Mr N J Lukka and members of his close family, and the balances arose from loans made to/received from the above companies.

The assets of the group are subject to a cross-guarantee given in relation to the borrowings of other companies under the control of the shareholders.

At 30 November 2019 the company was owed £80,798 (2018: £nil) by a close family member of Mr N J Lukka. During the year, the company charged interest of £798 (2018: £nil) on this balance.

The company made payments of £64,143 for Mr N J Lukka which was repaid from available credits on his loan account.

At the year end the group owed £32,064 to Mr N J Lukka (2018: £96,207).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

27	Cash generated from group operations		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Profit for the year after tax	689,049	1,313,937
	Adjustments for:		
	Taxation charged	273,725	330,224
	Finance costs	228,184	572,777
	Investment income	(1,651)	(19,575)
	Fair value gains and losses on investment properties	1,399,046	-
	Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	330,815	339,981
	Movements in working capital:		
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors	226,905	(442,369)
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(410,984)	4,823,839
	Cash generated from operations	2,735,089	6,918,814
		A AMERICA COMMA	