REGISTERED NUMBER: 10264305 (England and Wales)

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

FOR

PKA TEESREP HOLDING (UK) LIMITED

THURSDAY

LD6 04/07/2019 COMPANIES HOUSE

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Page
Company Information	1
Report of the Directors	2 to 3
Independent Auditors' Report	4 to 6
Statement of Comprehensive Income	7
Statement of Financial Position	8
Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10 to 18

COMPANY INFORMATION for the year ended 31 December 2018

DIRECTORS:

S W S Norton

D Jensen A P Wallace

REGISTERED OFFICE:

5th Floor

6 St. Andrew Street

London EC4A 3AE

REGISTERED NUMBER:

10264305 (England and Wales)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS:

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

1 Embankment Place

London WC2N 6RH

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS for the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their report with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of an investment holding company.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been paid during the year (2017: nil) and the directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Company has invested in a joint venture to develop and build a biomass power station in Teesside. The biomass power station is still under construction and will be commissioned before year end 2019. The level of investment in the joint venture as at 31 December 2018 is £87,525,617 (2017: £74,024,367). The Company is intending to hold this investment through its useful economic life.

DIRECTORS

The directors who have held office during the whole period from 1 January 2018 to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated, are as follows:

M V Dalsager - resigned 8 February 2018

K Hansen - appointed 8 February 2018, resigned 5 April 2019

S E Lawrence - resigned 25 September 2018

SWS Norton

A P Wallace - appointed 25 September 2018

D Jensen - appointed 5 April 2019

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Liquidity risk

The company manages its cash and borrowing requirements in order to maximise interest income and minimise interest expense, whilst ensuring the company has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating needs of the business.

Credit risk

The company's only debts are due to related parties and from the joint venture. The directors therefore believe on the basis of the financial model that the company faces no credit risk.

Market risk

Market risk is mitigated by selecting investments in well understood markets.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES - continued

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that, so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The directors have appointed PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors of the Company. The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have expressed their willingness to be appointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be proposed for re-appointment.

SMALL COMPANIES REGIME

In preparing the directors' report the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemption under section 415A of the Companies Act 2006 for reduced disclosures. The directors have also taken advantage of the small companies exemption under section 414B in relation to preparation of a Strategic Report.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

D Jensen - Director

Date: 28 May 2019

Independent auditors' report to the members of PKA Teesrep Holding (UK) Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, PKA Teesrep Holding (UK) Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2018; the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast
 significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period
 of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above matters.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern. For example, the terms on which the United Kingdom may withdraw from the European Union are not clear, and it is difficult to evaluate all of the potential implications on the company's trade, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

Independent auditors' report to the members of PKA Teesrep Holding (UK) Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements - continued

With respect to the Report of the Directors, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Report of the Directors

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Report of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 2 to 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Independent auditors' report to the members of PKA Teesrep Holding (UK) Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements - continued

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Jonathan Matthews (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London

28 May 2019

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the year ended 31 December 2018

		Year Ended 31 December 2018	Period from 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017
	Notes	£ .	£
TURNOVER		-	•
Administrative expenses		687,064	(1,196,356)
		687,064	(1,196,356)
Other operating income		1,134,425	2,863,309
OPERATING PROFIT	5	1,821,489	1,666,953
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses	6 7	3,011,592 (3,046,449)	2,031,526 <u>(1,883,240</u>)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		1,786,632	1,815,239
Tax on profit	8	(340,285)	(354,166)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR/PE	RIOD	1,446,347	1,461,073
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FO YEAR/PERIOD	R THE	1,446,347	<u>1,461,073</u>

The Statement of Comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations. There is no other comprehensive income/ expense during the year.

PKA TEESREP HOLDING (UK) LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 10264305)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 December 2018

•	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
FIXED ASSETS	10.00	~	~
Investments	9	134,756,033	103,911,492
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	10	474,646	883,024
Cash at bank and in hand		2,297,460	1,251,810
		2,772,106	2,134,834
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	11	(622,146)	(635,495)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		2,149,960	1,499,339
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		136,905,993	105,410,831
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(46,286,482)	(29,738,839)
NET ASSETS		<u>90,619,511</u>	75,671,992
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	13	26	17
Called up share capital Share premium account	13	26 87.712.065	74,210,902
Retained earnings		2,907,420	1,461,073
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		90,619,511	75,671,992

The financial statements on pages 7 to 18 were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 May 2019 and signed on its behalf

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Called up		<u> </u>	
	share	Retained	Share	Total
	capital £	earnings £	premium £	. equity
Changes in equity				
On incorporation	1	-	-	1
Issue of share capital	16	•	74,210,902	74,210,918
Profit and Total comprehensive income		1,461,073		1,461,073
Balance at 31 December 2017	17	1,461,073	74,210,902	75,671,992
Changes in equity				
Issue of share capital	9	-	13,501,163	13,501,172
Profit and Total comprehensive income		1,446,347		1,446,347
Balance at 31 December 2018	26	2,907,420	87,712,065	90,619,511

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 December 2018

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

PKA Teesrep Holding (UK) Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom (England and Wales). The address of its registered office is 5th Floor, 6 St Andrew Street, London, United Kingdom, EC4A 3AE.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Financial Reporting Standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv);
- · the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirement of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.41(c), 11.41(e), 11.42, 11.48(a)(iv) and 11.48(b);
- the requirement of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The Company has net current assets and net assets and the directors expect the Company to have sufficient resources to meet its financial obligations for the foreseeable future.

Foreign currencies

The functional and presentational currency of the Company is Sterling. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the Statement of Financial Position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Current tax

Current tax is provided at the amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures are recognised at cost, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debt instruments which meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method:

- (a) The contractual return to the holder is (i) a fixed amount; (ii) a positive fixed rate or a positive variable rate; or (iii) a combination of a positive or a negative fixed rate and a positive variable rate.
- (b) The contract may provide for repayments of the principal or the return to the holder (but not both) to be linked to a single relevant observable index of general price inflation of the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated, provided such links are not leveraged.
- (c) The contract may provide for a determinable variation of the return to the holder during the life of the instrument, provided that (i) the new rate satisfies condition (a) and the variation is not contingent on future events other than (1) a change of a contractual variable rate; (2) to protect the holder against credit deterioration of the issuer; (3) changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law; or (ii) the new rate is a market rate of interest and satisfies condition (a).
- (d) There is no contractual provision that could, by its terms, result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current period or prior periods.
- (e) Contractual provisions that permit the issuer to prepay a debt instrument or permit the holder to put it back to the issuer before maturity are not contingent on future events, other than to protect the holder against the credit deterioration of the issuer or a change in control of the issuer, or to protect the holder or issuer against change in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law.
- (f) Contractual provisions may permit the extension of the term of the debt instrument, provided that the return to the holder and any other contractual provisions applicable during the extended term satisfy the conditions of paragraphs (a) to (c).

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one year on initial recognition and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

Other debt instruments not meeting these conditions are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Commitments to make and receive loans which meet the conditions mentioned above are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the company transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the company, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

(i) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of cash or other resources received or receivable, net of direct issue costs.

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with a maturity of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are presented as current liabilities to the extent that there is no right of offset with cash balances.

(iii) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are not interest bearing and are stated initially at fair value and subsequently held at amortised cost.

(iv) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis, Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Impairment of investments

The company adopts the following policy using the principles outlined below, taking into account the specific circumstances of itself and the nature of its investment in Chaptre Holdings Limited.

At each balance sheet date, an impairment test is undertaken in order to determine whether any impairment is required for the investment by comparing the investment's carrying value to its estimated recoverable amount. As Chaptre Holdings Limited is not listed, the recoverable amount will be based on the value in use. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow (DCF) model. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

•	Year Ended 31 December 2018 £	Period 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs	17,583 184	14,500 874
	<u> 17,767</u>	15,374

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued		
	The monthly average number of employees during the year was as follows:	Year Ende 31 December 2	Period 5 July 2016 ed to 018 31 December 2017
	Administration	· ·	1 1
		Year Ended 31 December 2018 £	Period 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017 £
	Directors' remuneration		
	Transactions with directors		
	The directors received no remuneration from PKA Teesrep Holding (UK 2018 (period from 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017: nil). A P Wallace directors of the Company during the year, were also employees of TMF accounting and administrative services to the Company and charged th to 31 December 2017: £25,831) for its services during the year. The Limited as at 31 December 2018 was £12,202 (2017: £10,959).	, S W S Norton and S Global Services (UK) te Company £26,622 (E Lawrence, who were Limited, which provided period from 5 July 2016
5 .	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		Year Ended 31 December 2018 £	Period 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017
	Auditors' remuneration Foreign exchange differences	18,500 1,714	12,500 4,368
	During the year ended 31 December 2018 the company charged 5 December 2017: £2,863,309) to MGT Teeside Limited in respect of shown as other operating income.		
	The auditors received £nil remuneration (2017: £nil) for non-audit service	es provided to the Co	mpany during the year.
6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
	Interest receivable on loans to joint ventures	Year Ended 31 December 2018 £ 3,011,592	Period 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017 £ 2,031,526

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

7. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES

Period 5 July 2016 Year Ended to 31 December 2018 31 December 2017

Interest payable on loans from related parties 3,046,449 1,883,240

8. TAX ON PROFIT

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

UK corporation tax has been charged at 19% in (2017 - 19.50%).

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK.

Profit before taxation	Year Ended 31 December 2018 £ 1,786,632	Period 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017 £ 1,815,239
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19.50%)	339,460	353,972
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Adjustments in respect of prior period	908 (83)	194
Total tax charge	340,285	354,166

Factors affecting future tax charges

In the 2015 Summer Budget, enacted on 18 November 2015, the Chancellor announced a reduction in the headline corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017) and 18% (effective from 1 April 2020). The Finance Act 2016, which was enacted on 15 September 2016, announced that the reduction effective from 1 April 2020 would be to 17% instead of 18%, as previously announced in the 2015 Summer Budget. This will reduce the Company's future current tax charge accordingly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

9.	INVESTMENTS		
		2018	2017
	Incomplete of the total construction	£	£
	Investment in joint ventures	87,525,617 47,000,440	74,024,367
	Loans to joint venture	<u>47,230,416</u>	29,887,125
		134,756,033	103,911,492
	Additional information is as follows:		
			Investment
			in joint
	•		venture £
	COST		L
	At 1 January 2018		74,024,367
	Additions		13,501,250
	At 31 December 2018		<u>87,525,617</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2018		87,525,617
	At 31 December 2017		74,024,367

The company's investments at the Statement of Financial Position date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Joint ventures

Chaptre Holdings Limited

Registered office: 8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent, United Kingdom, BR8 7AG Nature of business: Investment Holding Company

Class of shares: Ordinary

holding 50.00

Chaptre Finance PLC

Registered office: 8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent, United Kingdom, BR8 7AG

Nature of business: Financial intermediary

Class of shares: Ordinary

holding 50.00

Chaptre Holdings Limited owns all of the issued share capital of Chaptre Finance Ptc. As such, PKA TeesRep Holding (UK) Limited indirectly owns 50% of Chaptre Finance PLC through its holding in Chaptre Holdings Limited.

MGT Teesside Limited

Registered office: 8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, England, BR8 7AG

Nature of business: Construction of Tees Renewable Energy Plant

Class of shares:

holding

Ordinary

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

9. INVESTMENTS - continued

1

Chaptre Holdings Limited owns all of the issued share capital of MGT Teesside Limited. As such, PKA TeesRep Holding (UK) Limited indirectly owns 50% of MGT Teesside Limited through its holding in Chaptre Holdings Limited.

Loans to

	joint ventures £
At 5 July 2016 Loans issued to joint ventures during the period.	
At 31 December 2017 and 1 January 2018 Loans issued to joint ventures during the year.	29,887,125 17,343,291
At 31 December 2018	47,230,416

On 10 August 2016 the company entered into a Loan Note Instrument Agreement with Chaptre Holdings Limited. The loan attracts interest at a rate of 8% per annum and is redeemable 15 years under the Completion Date. At the statement of financial position date £5,043,117 (2017: £2,031,526) interest was accrued in respect of the loan notes.

Investments are held at cost less impairment because their fair value cannot be measured reliably.

10. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

10.	DED FORG. All GORFO FALLING DOL WITH ONE FEAR	2018 £	2017 £
	Prepayments and accrued income	474,646	883,024
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors	11.237	16,297
	Amounts owed to parent undertaking	226,858	226,858
	Corporation tax	340,368	354,166
	VAT	1,089	5.901
	Other creditors	10,229	- 0,00
	Accruals and deferred income	32,365	32,273
		622,146	635.495

Amounts owed to the parent undertaking and to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

On 8 August 2016 the company entered into individual Loan Note Instrument Agreements with Pensionskassen for Sundhedsfaglige, Pensionskassen for Socialraadgivere, Socialpaedagoger og Kontorpersonale and Pensionskassen for Sygeplejersker og Laegesekretaerer, who together are the joint owners of the company. The loans attract interest at a rate of 8% per annum and are redeemable 15 years after the Completion Date. At the statement of financial position date £4,929,690 of interest was accrued in respect of the loan notes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

12. CREDITORS; AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR- continued

The amounts are repayable by instalments as follows:

2018 2017 £ £

More than 5 years 46,286,482 29,738,839

13. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

 Allotted, issued and fully paid:
 Nominal
 2018
 2017

 Number:
 Class:
 Nominal value:
 £
 £

 26 (2017: 17)
 Ordinary
 £1
 26
 17

13. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL - continued

1 Ordinary share of £1 each was issued, allotted and fully paid on incorporation. 9 (2017: 16) ordinary shares of £1 each were issued, allotted and fully paid at a premium of £13,501,163 (2017: £74,210,902).

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of FRS 102, not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

During the year ended 31 December 2018 the Company borrowed £2,970,263 (period from 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017: £6,128,231) from Pensionskassen for Sundhedsfaglige, £3,780,334 (period from 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017: £7,799,568) from Pensionskassen for Socialraadgivere, Socialpaedagoger og Kontorpersonale and £6,750,597 (period from 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017: £13,927,799) from Pensionskassen for Sygeplejersker og Laegesekretaerer, who together are the joint owners of the company.

Interest of £3,046,449 (period from 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017: £1,883,240) was charged to the Income Statement during the year in respect of the amounts borrowed from the group companies.

At 31 December 2018 the amount due to Pensionskassen for Sundhedsfaglige was £10,175,125 (2017: £6,542,544). The amount due to Pensionskassen for Socialraadgivere, Socialpaedagoger og Kontorpersonale was £12,986,070 (2017: £8,326,876) and to Pensionskassen for Sygeplejersker og Laegesekretaerer was £23,125,287 (2017: £14,869,419).

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company charged £1,134,425 (period from 5 July 2016 to 31 December 2017: £2,863,309) to MGT Teesside Limited in respect of letter of credit fees. The amount due from MGT Teesside Limited as at 31 December 2018 was £474,646 (31 December 2017: £883,024).

No director received emoluments in respect of their services to the Company during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 December 2018

15. EVENTS SINCE THE YEAR END

There were no significant events since the year end that need disclosing in these financial statements.

16. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is PKA TeesRep Holding ApS, registered in Denmark. The financial statements of PKA TeesRep Holding ApS may be obtained from Tuborg Boulevard 3, Hellerup, 2900, Denmark.

PKA TeesRep Holding ApS is jointly controlled by Pensionskassen for Sundhedsfaglige, Pensionskassen for Socialraadgivere, Socialpaedagoger og Kontorpersonale and Pensionskassen for Sygeplejersker og Laegesekretaerer.

PKA TeesRep Holding ApS is also the largest and the smallest undertaking to include the results of PKA TeesRep Holding (UK) Limited.