# Web Duk Limited

Filleted Accounts

For the period ended 31 July 2017

Web Duk Limited

Registered number: 10260798

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 July 2017

	Notes		2017
Fixed assets			£
	_		
Tangible assets	3		1,012
Current assets			
Stocks		12 550	
		13,550	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,554	
		22,104	
Consideration and the Collins of the	_		
Creditors: amounts falling du		(0.040)	
within one year	4	(9,946)	
Net current assets			12,158
Total assets less current			_
liabilities			13,170
Provisions for liabilities			(192)
Trovisions for habilities			(102)
Net assets			12,978
		•	
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital			20
Profit and loss account			12,958
Shareholder's funds			12,978

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Approved by the board on 3 April 2018

### Web Duk Limited

#### **Notes to the Accounts**

### for the period from 4 July 2016 to 31 July 2017

## 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

25% per annum on net book value

#### Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

# **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2	Employees	2017
		Number
	Average number of persons ampleyed by the company	1
	Average number of persons employed by the company	ı

# 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures
	fittings and
	equipment
	£
Cost	
At 4 July 2016	-
Additions	1,080
Disposals	-
At 31 July 2017	1,080
Depreciation	
At 4 July 2016	-
Charge for the period	68
At 31 July 2017	68
Net book value	
At 31 July 2017	1,012

4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017
		£
	Trade creditors	572
	Taxation and social security costs	5,693
	Other creditors	3,681
		9,946

# 5 Other information

Web Duk Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is 67 Talehangers Close, Bexleyheath, Kent DA6 8AE.

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