# BFIC Limited Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2020

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# **Financial Statements**

# for the year ended 30 June 2020

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# **Directors' Report**

# for the year ended 30 June 2020

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of BFIC Limited ("the company") for the year ended 30 June 2020.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

JL Beckwith DF Rogers SD Roberts

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the period was investment company.

#### Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 12.13.12.1... and signed on behalf of the board by:

DF Rogers Director

Registered office: 124 Sloane Street London UK SW1X 9BW

# Statement of Comprehensive Income and Retained Earnings

# for the year ended 30 June 2020

|  | Note | 2020<br>£ | 2019<br>£ |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|
| Administrative expenses                                    |      | 68,568    | 940       |
| Operating profit   | 5    | 68,568    | 940       |
| Interest payable and similar charges                       | 6    | (132,680) | (175,198) |
| Loss on ordinary activities before taxation                |      | (64,112)  | (174,258) |
| Tax on loss on ordinary activities                         |      |           |           |
| Loss for the financial year and total comprehensive income |      | (64,112)  | (174,258) |
| Retained losses at the start of the year                   |      | (540,530) | (366,272) |
| Retained losses at the end of the year                     | -    | (604,642) | (540,530) |

#### **Statement of Financial Position**

## as at 30 June 2020

|   | Note | 2020<br>£   | 2019<br>£   |
|---|------|-------------|-------------|
| Fixed assets  | _    | 0.407.156   | 2.506.002   |
| Investments   | 7    | 2,407,156   | 2,586,882   |
| Current assets  |      |             |             |
| Debtors   | 8    | 12          | 42,224      |
| Cash at bank and in hand                                |      | 2,497,340   | 65,246      |
| •   |      | 2,497,352   | 107,470     |
| Net current assets                                      |      | 2,497,352   | 107,470     |
| Total assets less current liabilities                   |      | 4,904,508   | 2,694,352   |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 9    | (5,509,138) | (3,234,870) |
| Net liabilities   |      | (604,630)   | (540,518)   |
| Capital and reserves                                    |      |             |             |
| Called up share capital                                 | 11   | 12          | 12          |
| Profit and loss account                                 | 12   | (604,642)   | (540,530)   |
| Shareholders deficit                                    |      | (604,630)   | (540,518)   |

For the year ending 30 June 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

DF Rogers Director

Company registration number: 10255668

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

# for the year ended 30 June 2020

#### 1. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 2. General information

BFIC Limited is a company incorporated in England and Wales. The address and registered office is 124 Sloane Street, London, SWX 9BW. The nature of the company's operations are set out in the Directors' Report on page 1.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following exemptions available under FRS 102:

- The exemption from preparing a statement of Cash Flows
- The exemption from disclosing key management personnel compensation

#### Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

#### Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

#### Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## for the year ended 30 June 2020

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank, short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of the months or less and bank overdrafts which are an integral part of the company's cash management.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# for the year ended 30 June 2020

# 4. Key source of estimation uncertainty and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted practices requires management to make estimates and judgements that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period.

• In the opinion of the directors, there are no specific key sources of estimation uncertainty and judgements that are required to be disclosed.

## 5. Operating profit

|    | Operating profit or loss is stated after crediting: | 2020                 | 2019                               |
|----|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|
|    | Foreign exchange differences                        | £<br>(110,780)       | £<br>(1,297)                       |
| 6. | Interest payable and similar charges                |                      |                                    |
|    | Other interest payable and similar charges          | 2020<br>£<br>132,680 | 2019<br>£<br>175,198               |
| 7. | Investments   |                      |                                    |
|    |   |                      | Other investments other than loans |
|    | Cost At 1 July 2019 Disposals                       |                      | 2,586,882<br>(179,726)             |
|    | At 30 June 2020                                     |                      | 2,407,156                          |
|    | Impairment At 1 Jul 2019 and 30 Jun 2020            |                      | <del>-</del>                       |
|    | Carrying amount At 30 June 2020                     |                      | 2,407,156                          |
|    | At 30 June 2019                                     |                      | 2,586,882                          |
| 8. | Debtors   |                      |                                    |
|    |   | 2020<br>£            | 2019<br>£                          |
|    | Other debtors                                       | 12                   | 42,224                             |

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# for the year ended 30 June 2020

# 9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

|   | 2020<br>£              | 2019<br>£ |
|---|------------------------|-----------|
| Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest | 5,509,138              | 3,220,276 |
| Other creditors   | 5,50 <del>9</del> ,138 | 14,594    |
|   | 5,509,138              | 3,234,870 |

#### 10. Financial instruments

Financial assets at amortised cost comprise cash and cash equivalents.

# 11. Called up share capital

# Authorised share capital

|                                    | 2020 |    | 2019 |    |
|------------------------------------|------|----|------|----|
|                                    | No.  | £  | No.  | £  |
| Ordinary shares of £0.50 each      | 8    | 4  | 8 .  | 4  |
| Ordinary Class 2 shares of £1 each | 7    | 7  | 7    | 7  |
| Ordinary Class 3 shares of £1 each | 1    | 1  | 1    | 1  |
|                                    |      |    |      |    |
|                                    | 16   | 12 | 16   | 12 |
|                                    |      |    |      |    |

# Issued, called up and fully paid

| ,                                  | 2020 |    | 2019 |     |
|------------------------------------|------|----|------|-----|
|                                    | No.  | £  | No.  | £   |
| Ordinary shares of £0.50 each      | 8    | 4  | 8    | 4   |
| Ordinary Class 2 shares of £1 each | . 7  | 7  | 7    | 7   |
| Ordinary Class 3 shares of £1 each | 1    | 1  | · 1  | 1   |
|                                    |      |    |      |     |
|                                    | 16   | 12 | 16   | 12  |
|                                    |      |    |      | · — |

#### 12. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses, less amounts distributed to shareholders.