Annual Report and Financial Statements Year Ended 31 December 2022

LLP registration number: OC365477



Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

Contents

	Page
LLP Information	1
Members' Report	2
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Consolidated Profit and Loss Account	6
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	8
Consolidated Balance Sheet	9
LLP Balance Sheet	10
Consolidated Reconciliation of Members' Interests	11
LLP Reconciliation of Members' Interests	13
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	15
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	16

LLP Information

LLP registration number	OC365477
Members	I Birtles (designated member) L Grut (designated member) G Stirk I Harbour J McElgunn T Meller R T Paul S J B Smithson S Barrett A Tyley RSHP Architects Limited
Registered office	Level 14 The Leadenhall Building 122 Leadenhall Street London EC3V 4AB
Auditor	Praxis 1 Poultry London EC2R 8EJ
Solicitor	Beale & Co 85 King William Street London EC4N 7BL
Bankers	HSBC Bank Plc Kings Mall King Street Hammersmith London W6 0QF

Members' Report

Year Ended 31 December 2022

Principal activities

The principal activity of the LLP and its group remained that of architects and design consultants. The work undertaken by the practice covers the full range of architecture services, working on master planning, the design and construction of residential schemes, commercial office developments, museums and transportation infrastructure.

Change of name

On 30 June 2022 the LLP changed its name from Rogers Stirk Harbour + Partners LLP to RSHP LLP.

Overseas establishments

The RSHP group of entities has a global presence, maintaining overseas offices in Australia, China and France. We also have staff seconded to client premises in Taiwan.

Designated members

The following members were designated members during the year:

I Birtles

L Grut

Members' drawings and amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members

Each member's subscription to the capital of the LLP is determined by the Group constitution and is repayable following retirement from the LLP, subject to a vote of the members being passed authorising the payment. Repayment of member's capital cannot be unreasonably withheld by the remaining members.

Details of changes to members' capital in the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the financial statements

Members are remunerated from the profits of the LLP and are required to make their own provision for pensions and other benefits. Profits are allocated and divided between members in accordance with the Group's constitution. Members draw a proportion of their profit shares monthly during the year in which it is made, with the balance of profits being distributed after the year, subject to the cash requirements of the business.

Members' responsibilities

The members are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the members have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008) the members must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and parent limited liability partnership and the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the members are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the limited liability partnership will continue in business.

Members' Report (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2022

The members are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the limited liability partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the limited liability partnership and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 (as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) regulations 2008). They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the limited liability partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the members

lan Birtles

I Birtles, Designated member

27 September 2023

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of RSHP LLP

Year Ended 31 December 2022

Opinior

We have audited the financial statements of RSHP LLP (the 'parent limited liability partnership') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account, the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Balance Sheet, the LLP Balance Sheet, the Consolidated and LLP Reconciliations of Members' Interests, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group and the parent limited liability partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2022, and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group and parent limited liability partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the members with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The members are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of RSHP LLP

Year Ended 31 December 2022

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent limited liability partnership, or returns
 adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent limited liability partnership's financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Responsibilities of members

As explained more fully in the members' responsibilities statement set out on page 2, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the members are responsible for assessing the Group and limited liability partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the members either intend to liquidate the limited liability partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the limited liability partnership and Group operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Companies Act 2006 together with the SORP on Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships. We assessed the required compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which might be fundamental to the limited liability partnerships and the Group's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. We also considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the limited liability partnership and the Group for fraud. The laws and regulations we considered in this context for the UK operations were, architectural laws and regulations, General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), and employment legislation.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be within the timing of recognition of income and the override of controls by management. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management and sample testing on the posting of journals. We also conducted procedures to detect systematic bias in the current and prior period assessments of the stage of completion of long-term contracts.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of RSHP LLP

Year Ended 31 December 2022

This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission, or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/Our-Work/Audit/Audit-and-assurance/Standards-and-guidance/Standards-and-guidance-for-auditors/Auditors-responsibilities-for-audit/Description-of-auditors-responsibilities-for-audit.aspx. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the limited liability partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships by the Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the limited liability partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the limited liability partnership and the limited liability partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Christopher Blunn

Chrothefter Blum

For and on behalf of Praxis, Statutory Auditor 1 Poultry London EC2R 8EJ

28 September 2023

RSHP LLP
Consolidated Profit and Loss Account

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2022 £	Year ended 31 December 2021 £
Turnover	2	23,644,854	24,102,780
Cost of sales		(10,492,325)	(8,376,001)
Gross profit		13,152,529	15,726,779
Administrative expenses Other operating income		(9,719,950) 1,361	(10,276,216)
Operating profit		3,433,940	5,450,563
Income from shares and similar undertakings Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses	6 6	3,273 (42,707)	2,453 1,240 (24,927)
Profit before tax		3,394,506	5,429,329
Tax on profit in corporate subsidiaries	7	(87,465)	(10,635)
Profit for the period before members' remuneration and profit shares	3	3,307,041	5,418,694
Members' remuneration charged as an expense		(3,304,192)	(5,264,302)
Profit/(loss) for the period available for discretionary division among members	,	2,849	154,392

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

	2022 £	2021 £
Profit for the period available for discretionary division among members	2,849	154,392
Foreign exchange differences on subsidiaries	13,940	(8,455)
Total comprehensive income for the period	16,789	145,937
Total agreemble against the same attached by the same		
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the parent LLP	16,789	145,937
	16,789	145,937

Consolidated Balance Sheet

Year Ended 31 December 2022

Pius disease	Nate	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	8	1,230,817	1,683,003
		1,230,817	1,683,003
Current assets Debtors	10	17,294,529	15,841,740
Cash at bank and in hand		1,421,343	4,484,989
	•	18,715,872	20,326,729
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(11,368,503)	(11,644,758)
Net current assets		7,347,369	8,681,971
Total assets less current liabilities		8,578,186	10,364,974
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(281,654)	(480,041)
Net assets attributable to members		8,296,532	9,884,933
Represented by:			
Loans and other debts due to members Other amounts		1,844,992	3,450,182
	•	1,844,992	3,450,182
Members' other interests			
Members' capital classified as equity		6,391,558	6,391,558
Other reserves classified as equity		59,982	43,193
	-	8,296,532	9,884,933
Total members' interests			
Amounts due from members (included in debtors)	10	(5,722,156)	(1,390,686)
Loans and other debts due to members	14	1,844,992	3,450,182
Members' other interests		6,451,540	6,434,751
	_	2,574,376	8,494,247

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Members on 27 September 2023.

Signed on behalf of the Members.

lan Birtles

Jan Birtles (Sep 27, 2023 17:41 GMT+1)

I Birtles, Designated Member

The notes on pages 16 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

LLP registration number: OC365477

LLP Balance Sheet

Year Ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets	11010	~	-
hivestinents	9	1	1
Current assets		1	1
Debtors	10	19,894,419	17,477,237
Cash at bank and in hand	, 0	1,155,740	1,338,572
		21,050,159	18,815,809
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(12,631,320)	(8,634,800)
Net current assets		8,418,839	10,181,009
Total assets less current liabilities		8,418,840	10,181,010
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(182,290)	(339,270)
Net assets attributable to members		8,236,550	9,841,740
Represented by:			
Loans and other debts due to members			
Other amounts		1,844, 9 92	3,450,182
		1,844,992	3,450,182
Members' other interests			
Members' capital classified as equity		6,391,558	6,391,558
		8,236,550	9,841,740
Total members' interests			
Amounts due from members (included in debtors)	10	(5,722,156)	(1,390,686)
Loans and other debts due to members	14	1,844,992	3,450,182
Members' other interests		6,391,558	6,391,558
		2,514,394	8,451,054
LLP's profit for the period available for discretionary division			

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Members on 27 September 2023.

Signed on behalf of the Members

Ian Birtles
Ian Birtles (Sep 27, 2023 17:41 GMT+1)

I Birtles, Designated Member

The notes on pages 16 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

LLP registration number: OC365477

RSHP LLP

Consolidated Reconcillation of Members' Interests

	Member) and other date of			Equity Members' other interests Members'			Total members' interests
	Capital (Classified as equity)	Other Reserves	Total	Other Amounts	Total	Total 2022		
Amounts due to members				3,450,182	3,450,182			
Amounts due from members				(1,390,686)	(1,390,686)			
At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	6,391,558	43,193	6,434,751	2,059,496	2,059,496	8,494,247		
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	-	-	-	3,304,192	3,304,192	3,304,192		
Profit for the year available for discretionary division among members		16,789	16,789	-	-	16,789		
Members' interests after profit for the year	6,391,558	59,982	6,451,540	5,363,688	5,363,688	11,815,228		
Expenses charged to members	-	-	-	(5,220,789)	(5,220,789)	(5,220,789)		
Drawings	-	-	•	(4,020,063)	(4,020,063)	(4,020,063)		
Other movements		-	*	-	-	-		
Amounts due to members				1,844,992	1,844,992			
Amounts due from members				(5,722,156)	(5,722,156)			
At 31 December 2022	6,391,558	59,982	6,451,540	(3,877,164)	(3,877,164)	2,574,376		

RSHP LLP

Consolidated Reconciliation of Members' Interests

Year Ended 31 December 2022 Total members' Debt Equity Loans and other debts due to members less any amounts due from members in debtors interests Members' Capital Other Other Total 2021 Total Total (Classified as Reserves Amounts equity) Amounts due to 941,078 941,078 members Amounts due from (2,210,769) (2,210,769)members At 31 December 2020 6,394,558 (102,744) 6,291,814 (1,269,691) (1,269,691) 5,022,123 and 1 January 2021 Members' remuneration charged 5,264,302 5,264,302 5,264,302 as an expense Profit for the year available for 145,937 discretionary division 145,937 145,937 among members Members' interests 6,394,558 43,193 3,994,611 10,432,362 6,437,751 3,994,611 after profit for the year Expenses charged to (424,634) (424,634) (424,634) members **Drawings** (1,513,481) (1,513,481)(1,513,481) Other movements (3,000)(3,000)3,000 3,000 Amounts due to 3,450,182 3,450,182 members Amounts due from (1,390,686) (1,390,686)members At 31 December 2021 6,391,558 43,193 6,434,751 2,059,496 2,059,496 8,494,247

RSHP LLP
Reconciliation of Members' Interests

	Equity Members' other interests					Total members' interests	
	Members' Capital (Classified as equity)	Other Reserves	Total	Other Amounts	Total	Total 2022	
Amounts due to members				3,450,182	3,450,182		
Amounts due from members				(1,390,686)	(1,390,686)		
At 31 December 2021	6,391,558	-	6,391,558	2,059,496	2,059,496	8,451,054	
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	-	-	•	3,304,192	3,304,192	3,304,192	
Members' interests after profit for the year	6,391,558	-	6,391,558	5,363,688	5,363,688	11,755,246	
Expenses charged to members	-	-	-	(5,220,789)	(5,220,789)	(5,220,789)	
Drawings	-	•		(4,020,063)	(4,020,063)	(4,020,063)	
Other movements		-	-			-	
Amounts due to members				1,844,992	1,844,992		
Amounts due from members				(5,722,156)	(5,722,156)		
At 31 December 2022	6,391,558	-	6,391,558	(3,877,164)	(3,877,164)	2,514,394	

RSHP LLP
Reconciliation of Members' Interests

	Equity Members' other Interests		Debt Loans and other debts due to members less any amounts due from members in debtors.			Total members' interests	
	Members' Capital (Classified as equity)	Other Reserves	Total	Other Amounts	Total	Total 2021	
Amounts due to members				941,078	941,078		
Amounts due from members				(2,210,769)	(2,210,769)		
At 1 January 2021	6,394,558	-	6,394,558	(1,269,691)	(1,269,691)	5,124,867	
Members' remuneration charged as an expense	-	-	-	5,264,302	5,264,302	5,264,302	
Members' interests after profit for the year	6,394,558	-	6,394,558	3,994,611	3,994,611	10,390,169	
Expenses charged to members		-	-	(424,634)	(424,634)	(424,634)	
Drawings	-		•	(1,513,481)	(1,513,481)	(1,513,481)	
Other movements	(3,000)	-	(3,000)	3,000	3,000		
Amounts due to members				3,450,182	3,450,182		
Amounts due from members				(1,390,686)	(1,390,686)		
At 31 December 2021	6,391,558	-	6,391,558	2,059,496	2,059,496	8,451,054	

RSHP LLP
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

No.	ote	2022 £	2021 £
Cash flow from operating activities Members' drawings	5	1,546,172 (4,020,063)	7,801,934 (1,513,481)
Net cash flow from operating activities		(2,473,891)	6,288,453
Cash used in investing activities Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets		(169,703)	(209,662)
Dividends received		(169,703)	(20 9,662) 2,453
Interest received		3,273	1,240
Net cash used in investing activities		(166,430)	(205,969)
Cash used in financing activities			
Repayment of long-term loans Repayment of finance lease liabilities		(2,421,462) (360,540)	(776,491) (491,174)
Interest paid		(42,707)	(24,927)
Net cash used in financing activities	•	(2,824,709)	(1,292,592)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	•	(5,465,030)	4,789,892
Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the period		4,484,989	(304,903)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		(980,041)	4,484,989
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:			
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdrafts		1,421,343 (2,401,384)	4,484,989
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	-	(980,041)	4,484,989

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) General information and basis of preparation

KSHP LLP is a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) incorporated in England, within the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is Level 14, The Leadenhall Building, 122 Leadenhall Street, London EC3V 4AB. The nature of the LLP's operations and principal activities are set out in the Members' Report on page 2.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (FRS 102), the Statement of Recommended Practice; Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships published in 2017 and the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs). The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the LLP and rounded to the nearest £.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

(b) Going concern

The LLP and group meets its day-to-day working capital requirements through an overdraft facility that is due for renewal in August 2024. The LLP's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the LLP should be able to operate within the level of its current facility. The LLP will open renewal negotiations with the bank in due course and no matters have been drawn to its attention to suggest that renewal may not be forthcoming on acceptable terms.

The members have a reasonable expectation that the LLP has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

(c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of the LLP and its own subsidiaries ("the Group") as if they form a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the purchase method. In the Balance sheet, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the Consolidated profit and loss account from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

In accordance with the transitional exemption available in FRS 102, the Group has chosen not to retrospectively apply the standard to business combinations that occurred before the date of transition to FRS 102, being 01 July 2014.

The LLP has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to LLPs by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 and has not presented its own Profit and loss account in these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on the following bases:

Motor vehicles

Over 4 years by the sum of digits method

Over 6 years by the straight-line method

Computer equipment

Over 4 years by the straight-line method

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Consolidated profit and loss account.

(e) investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

(f) Debtors and creditors receivable / payable within one year

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

(h) Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Group a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Consolidated profit and loss account in the year that the Group becomes aware of the obligation and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties. When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

(I) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank and bank overdrafts which are an integral part of the Group's cash management.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(j) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Nonmonetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Consolidated profit and loss account.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Consolidated profit and loss account within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Consolidated profit and loss account within 'Administrative expenses'.

On consolidation, the results of overseas operations are translated into Sterling at rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place. All assets and liabilities of overseas operations are translated at the rate ruling at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on translating the opening net assets at opening rate and the results of overseas operations at actual rate are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(k) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably:
- it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

(i) Operating leases: the Group as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Consolidated profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straightline basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the leasee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

(m) Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Consolidated profit and loss account using the effective interest method.

(n) Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Consolidated profit and loss account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

(o) Pensions

The Group operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Group has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Consolidated profit and loss account when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Group in independently administered funds.

(p) Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the LLP and the Group operate and generate income

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered
 against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met; and
- Where they relate to timing differences in respect of interests in subsidiaries, associates, branches and joint ventures and the Group can control the reversal of the timing differences and such reversal is not considered probable in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

(r) Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The LLP engages in projects that can take many years to complete. The partners therefore must make estimations in terms of the level of revenue to recognise within each set of annual financial statements. Such estimations are by their nature judgemental but are backed by reviews of correspondence and resourcing forecasts performed post year end.

2 Turnover

The analysis of turnover by activity and geographical area is as follows:

2022 £	2021 £
23,644,854	24,102,780
23,644,854	24,102,780
2022	2021
£	£
8,783,841	11,228,525
2,164,147	2,518,232
709,143	1,095,624
4,421,995	4,009,185
3,123,787	4,998,489
4,441,941	252,725
23,644,854	24,102,780
	£ 23,644,854 23,644,854 2022 £ 8,783,841 2,164,147 709,143 4,421,995 3,123,787 4,441,941

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

3 Profit before taxation and members' remuneration and profit shares

Profit before taxation and members' remuneration and profit shares is stated after charging:

		2022 £	2021 £
	Auditor's remuneration (including expenses and benefits)	80,000	75,000
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	622,270	629,797
	Defined contribution pension cost	232,901	188,332
	Net (gains)/losses on foreign exchange	38,307	465,388
4	Particulars of members		
		2022	2021
	Average number of members	11	11
		£	£
	Profit attributable to the member with the largest entitlement to profit	707,315	979,960

The Group's constitution divides profits automatically between partners, staff and the Group's charity.

5 Staff costs

The average monthly number of employees, including members with contracts of employment, during the period was as follows:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Architects	98	90
Modelshop	3	3
Office and administration	48	41
	149	134
The aggregate remuneration of such employees was as follows:	2022 £	2021 £
Wages and salaries	7,878,832	8,537,220
Social security	931,228	878,064
Other pension costs	232,901	188,332
	9,042,961	9,603,616

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

6 Interest and other finance income and expenses

	a) Interest receivable and similar income		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank interest receivable	3,273	1,240
		3,273	1,240
	b) Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Finance lease interest	32,449	24,727
	Other interest	10,258	200
		42,707	24,927
7	Tax		
	a) Tax on profit		
	a) rax on profit	2022	2021
	•	£	£
	Current tax:	44 679	
	UK corporation tax Foreign corporate tax	41,673 91,720	- -
	Total current tax	133,393	(10,890)
	Deferred tax	(45,928)	(21,525)
		87,465	10,635
	b) Reconciliation of tax charge		
	The difference between the tax on profit (note 7(a) above) and the profapplicable rate of corporation tax in the UK is reconciled below:	ît before tax mu	Itiplied by the
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Profit before tax	3,394,506	5,429,329
	Profit multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19%	644,956	1,031,573
	Effects of:		
	LLP profits taxable on the members		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(627,796)	(1,000,217)
	Foreign tax net of credits given Other tax adjustments	6,190 64,115	(20,721)
	·	•	
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities (note 7(a))	87,465	10,635

RSHP LLP

Notes to the Financial Statements

8 Tangible fixed assets

Group

	Long term Leasehold	Motor vehicles	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation:					
At 1 January 2022	1,863,078	46,139	579,168	3,795,781	6,284,166
Additions	-	-	20,132	149,571	169,703
Disposals	-	=	(10,203)	-	(10,203)
Exchange adjustments	-	2,238		50	2,288
At 31 December 2022	1,863,078	48,377	589,097	3,945,402	6,445,954
Depreciation:					
At 1 January 2022	1,208,510	39,311	556,653	2,796,689	4,601,163
Charge for the year	201,406	5,981	16,123	398,760	622,270
Exchange adjustments	-	1,906	-	1	1,907
Eliminated on disposals			(10,203)	_	(10,203)
At 31 December 2022	1,409,916	47,198	562,573	3,195,450	5,215,137
Net book value:					
At 31 December 2022	453,162	1,179	26,524	749,952	1,230,817
At 31 December 2021	654,568	6,828	22,515	999,092	1,683,003

The net book value of assets held under finance leases is £472,959 (2021: £778,008).

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

9 Fixed asset investments

LLP

	Investment in subsidiary £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022	1	1
At 31 December 2022	1	1
Carrying amount: At 31 December 2022	1_	1
At 31 December 2021	1	1

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the LLP:

Name	Country of Incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
RSHP Holdings Limited ¹	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	Sub-holding company
RSHP Taiwan Ltd ¹	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
RSHP Barangaroo Limited ¹	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	Project management services
RSHP1 Limited ¹	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	Project management services
RSHP2 Limited ¹	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	Project management services
RSHP3 Limited ¹	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
RSHP4 Limited ¹	England & Wales	Ordinary	100%	Leasing of equipment
RSHP US Inc. 2	USA	Capital stock	100%	Project support services
Rogers Stirk Harbour + Partners S.L. ³	Spain	Ordinary	100%	Architects and design consultants
RSHP Australia Pty Ltd ⁴	Australia	Ordinary	100%	Project support services
RSHP Switzerland GmbH ⁵	Switzerland	Ordinary	100%	Project support services
RSHP Colombia SAS ⁶	Colombia	Ordinary	100%	Architects and design consultants
Rogers Stirk Harbour Consulting Company Ltd ⁷	Taiwan	Ordinary	100%	Project support services

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

9 Fixed asset investments (continued)

Registered offices of subsidiaries:

- 1. Level 14 The Leadenhall Building, 122 Leadenhall Street, London, England, EC3V 4AB
- 2. Tower 45, Suite 2801, 120 West 45th Street, New York, NY 10036-4041
- 3. C/ Velazquez 78, 5º Piso Puerta Izquierda, Madrid 28001
- 4. Level 31 Tower Two, International Towers, 200 Barangaroo Avenue, Barangaroo, NSW 2000, Australia
- 5. c/o BDO SA Route de Meyrin 123 CP 24 1219 Châtelaine, Geneva, Switzerland
- 6. TV 21 No. 98 05, Bogota, DC
- 7. 27F, No 9, Songgao Road, Xinyi District, Taipei City 110, Taiwan R.O.C

For the year ending 31 December 2022 RSHP2 Limited (company registration number 10248950), a subsidiary company, was entitled to exemption from audit under Section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies

For the year ending 31 December 2022 RSHP4 Limited (company registration number 10248844), a subsidiary company, was entitled to exemption from audit under Section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

10 Debtors

Group

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	4,125,487	3,323,200
Amounts owed by connected parties	194.349	248,880
Amounts owed by corporate member	5,722,156	1,390,686
Corporation tax	27,040	28,414
Other debtors	196,873	333,947
Prepayments and accrued income	6,982,167	10,516,084
Deferred taxation	46,457	529
	17,294,529	15,841,740
LLP		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade debtors	3,866,754	3,102,650
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,491,742	2,721,337
Amounts owed by corporate member	5,722,156	1,390,686
Amounts owed by connected parties	120,2 6 4	194,036
Corporation tax	-	12
Other debtors	123,814	201,636
Prepayments and accrued income	7,569,689	9,866,880
	19,894,419	17,477,237

Amounts owed by group undertakings and connected parties are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Group

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (secured)	2,401,384	_
Other loans	-	2,404,013
Trade creditors	1,852,529	1,579,114
Amounts owed to connected parties	2,260,909	1,425,766
Corporation tax	-	104,775
Other tax and social security	660,059	884,265
Finance leases	529,157	212,313
Other creditors	314,463	336,761
Accruals and deferred income	3,350,002	4,697,751
	11,368,503	11,644,758

The bank overdraft of £2,401,384 (2021: £nil) is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the LLP and its group arising now or in the future.

LLP

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (secured)	2,401,384	-
Trade creditors	1,819,727	1,510,457
Amounts owed to group undertakings	447,995	431,136
Amounts owed to connected parties	1,897,768	1,062,539
Other tax and social security	498,701	554,011
Finance leases	482,305	156,980
Other creditors	89,607	104,385
Accruals and deferred income	4,993,833	4,815,292
	12,631,320	8,634,800

The bank overdraft of £2,401,384 (2021: £nil) is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the LLP and its group arising now or in the future.

Details of leasing arrangements are provided in note 13.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

12 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Group

	2022 £	2021 £
Finance leases	281,654	480,041
	281,654	480,041
LLP		
	2022 £	2021 £
Finance leases	182,290	339,270
	182,290	339,270
		

Details of leasing arrangements are provided in note 13.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

13 Financial Commitments

Group & LLP

a) Finance leases - lessee

Finance leases relate to hire purchase arrangements for equipment.

Total future minimum finance lease payments are as follows:

2022 £	2021 £
560,594 235,268	243,100 234,783
86,382	279,195
882,244	757,078
(71,433)	(64,724)
810,811	692,354
	£ 560,594 235,268 86,382 882,244 (71,433)

b) Operating leases - lessee

Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Not later than one year Later than one and not later than five years	1,193,271 1,491,589	1,193,271 2,684,860
	2,684,860	3,878,131

c) Defined contribution pension plans

Total pensions commitments which are included in the balance sheet amount to £91,154 (2021 - £89,972).

14 Analysis of loans and other debts due to members

Group & LLP

	2022 £	2021 £
Undrawn profits	1,844,992	3,450,182
	1,844,992	3,450,182

In the event of winding up, amounts in 'Loans and other debts due to members' would rank equally in relation to other creditors who are unsecured.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

15 Reconciliation of profit to cash flow from operating activities

	2022 £	2021 £
Profit / (loss) for the year / period	2,849	154,392
Members' remuneration charged as an expense Income from shares and similar undertakings Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges Tax on profit in corporate subsidiaries	3,304,192 - (3,273) 42,707 87,465	5,264,302 (2,453) (1,240) 24,927 10,635
Operating profit	3,433,940	5,450,563
Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets (Profit) / loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets Tax paid (Increase)/decrease in debtors Increase in creditors Foreign exchange effects Cash flow from operating activities	622,270 (186,379) (2,357,452) (57,114) 90,907 1,546,172	629,797 22,271 (48,653) (125,486) 1,832,737 40,705 7,801,934

15A Analysis of changes in net debt

	2021	Cash flows	Finance leases	Non-cash movements	2022
	£	£	£	£	£
Cash at bank	4,484,989	(3,063,646)	-	-	1,421,343
Bank overdrafts	-	(2,401,384)	-	-	(2,401,384)
Net cash	4,484,989	(5,465,030)	-	_	(980,041)
Long-term borrowings	(480,041)	198,387		-	(281,654)
Short-term borrowings	(2,616,326)	2,583,615	(478,997)	(17,449)	(529,157)
Total net debt	1,388,622	(2,683,028)	(478,997)	(17,449)	(1,790,852)

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 December 2022

16 Contingent liabilities

A cross guarantee has been given to HSBC Bank plc regarding the banking facilities provided to the LLP and the following entities, RSHP Group Limited, RSHP Architects Limited and RSHP Holdings 1 imited

A guarantee has been given to Eidgenossiche Steuruerwaltung by HSBC Bank plc on behalf of the LLP for CHF 490,000 in respect of potential future tax liabilities arising with the LLP's subsidiary undertaking, RSHP Switzerland GmbH, as required by the Swiss tax authorities.

17 Related party transactions

The immediate parent of the LLP is RSHP Architects Limited. The ultimate parent and the largest and smallest group financial statements that consolidate this LLP is RSHP Group Limited. These group accounts are available to the public from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff.

Information about related party transactions and outstanding balances is outlined below:

	Sales £	Purchases £	Debtors £	Creditors £
Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the LLP				
At 31 December 2022	2,312,772	-	5,722,156	113,788
At 31 December 2021	4,469,544	-	1,390,686	113,881
Other related parties				
At 31 December 2022	-	1,317,900	194,348	2,147,122
At 31 December 2021	-	910,929	248,880	1,311,885

Outstanding balances due to and from the LLP are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

The Group's and LLP's key management are the members of the LLP. No remuneration is paid to them under contracts of employment.

18 Financial instruments

The group and LLP have no financial instruments recognised at fair value through profit and loss.