

Company Registration No. 10246508 (England and Wales)

**ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED**  
**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**



# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## GENERAL INFORMATION

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<b>Directors</b>	Mr Mark Dickinson (resigned 18 March 2022) Mr Nael Khatoun (resigned 24 June 2022) Mr Stefano Mazzoli (resigned 24 June 2022) Mr Michael Gill Mr David Clark Mr Stephen Bangs Mr Marc Evans (resigned 9 December 2021) Mr Ian Harrison (appointed 9 December 2021 and resigned 31 October 2022) Mr Chris Powell (appointed 30 June 2022)
<b>Secretary</b>	Mr Jeremy Williams (resigned 20 September 2022) Mr Conor Briggs (appointed 20 September 2022)
<b>Company number</b>	10246508
<b>Registered office</b>	105-107 Bath Road Cheltenham Gloucestershire United Kingdom GL53 7PR
<b>Auditor</b>	Deloitte LLP London United Kingdom EC4A 3HQ

# **ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED**

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# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## STRATEGIC REPORT

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**

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The directors present the strategic report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

### **Summary of the year**

Sales resulted in turnover for the year of £17,021,000 (2021: £36,763,000). Sales volumes were strong during the year with the sale of 32 homes. 2021's turnover included a one-off £17,000,000 commercial sale. At the balance sheet date there were seven homes remaining to be sold and the land stock is to be sold. At the time of signing, these seven homes have been sold.

### **Review of the business**

#### *Operating results*

The company's revenue for the year was £17,021,000 (2021: £36,763,000) and the operating loss was £8,221,000 (2021: profit of £703,000). The operating loss is largely due to the £6,974,000 impairment of inventories noted during the year following the decision to sell the land instead of developing it. Cost of sales were £17,681,000 (2021: £36,046,000).

#### *Balance sheet and funding*

The capital employed in the business has decreased in the year, with total assets at the year-end of £37,667,000 (2021: £66,280,000) which is due to the company being close to selling out of homes at the end of 2022, repaying loans and not purchasing any additional land.

On 5 December 2018, the company signed a loan agreement for £27,905,000 with GLA Land and Property Limited. The loan was repayable on 31 December 2022. The loan carries a fixed rate of interest of 6.5% and is secured over the company's assets. Last year the facility held with GLA Land and Property was increased to £38,119,000. In February 2023 the loan was extended to 30 June 2023.

### **Principal risks and uncertainties**

**Risk:** Market slowdown

#### **Mitigation**

- The site has sold out after the year end and this is no longer a principal risk

**Risk:** Securing finance

#### **Mitigation**

- The group is exceptionally experienced in securing finance and has access to highly skilled staff that ensure finance is secured when required in a timely manner

**ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED****STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED)****FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022****Key performance indicators**

	Year ended 30 June 2022	Year 30 June 2021
Units sold	32	36
Operating(loss)/profit	(£10.1m)	£0.7m
	As at 30 June 2022	As at 30 June 2021
Landbank homes completed	7	39
Landbank homes in the pipeline	-	247
Shareholders' deficit	(£13.1m)	(£0.4m)
GDV pipeline at year end	£25.4m	£139.2m

Homes sold, and the operating result are discussed in the review of the company's business above. The shareholders' deficit has increased in line with the loss for the financial year.

Landbank homes completed at year end have reduced due to sales during the year. The GDV excludes freehold title sales and revenue from the sale of car park spaces. The GDV pipeline and landbank units in the pipeline have fallen due to the decision to sell phase 2 of the site without developing homes.

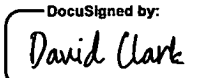
**Future Developments**

At the time of writing the company has completed sell out of phase 1 homes and plans to sell the land at phase 2 during the year ended 30 June 2023.

**Subsequent events**

In December 2022 the GLA loan was extended to 30 June 2023.

Approved and authorised for issue by the board and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:  
  
 .....0003EC7621D244D...  
 Mr David Clark  
 Director  
 18 April 2023  
 .....

# **ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED**

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**

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The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022. Information on the future developments and post balance sheet events of the company is given in the strategic report.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company is that of property development.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the period and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows unless otherwise stated:

Mr Mark Dickinson (resigned 18 March 2022)  
Mr Nael Khatoun (resigned 24 June 2022)  
Mr Stefano Mazzoli (resigned 24 June 2022)  
Mr Michael Gill  
Mr David Clark  
Mr Stephen Bangs  
Mr Marc Evans (resigned 9 December 2022)  
Mr Ian Harrison (appointment 9 December 2021 and resigned 31 October 2022)  
Mr Chris Powell (appointed 30 June 2022)

#### **Results and dividends**

The results for the year are set out on page 9. A loss of £10,734,000 (2021 £1,723,000) was recognised.

No dividends were paid (2021: £nil). The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

#### **Qualifying third party indemnity provisions**

The company has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the period. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

#### **Financial risk management objectives**

Information on financial risk management objectives as applicable to the company can be found in the consolidated financial statements of the intermediate parent company, Lifestory Holdings Limited which can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

#### **Statement of disclosure to auditor**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Auditor**

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed re-appointed as auditors in the absence of an annual general meeting.

## ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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##### Going concern


Given the structure of the wider group and the company's operations, the company is reliant on the continued support of its intermediate parent, Lifestory Holdings Limited ('Lifestory'), to ensure the company has sufficient cash resources to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due. The company has received a written commitment from Lifestory that it will provide all financial support necessary to the company to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due for a period no less than 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The directors have considered the ability of Lifestory to provide that support. The directors have identified that, whilst Lifestory's 30 June 2022 financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, a material uncertainty is disclosed in note 1 of those financial statements. Lifestory is reliant on the completion of certain debt funding which has not yet been formally agreed with its lenders. Accordingly, Lifestory may be unable to provide the support required. However, with a director in common with Lifestory, the company's directors are confident that those uncertainties in Lifestory will conclude as expected and that Lifestory will be able to provide the support necessary to the company. Therefore, the directors have deemed it appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis.

However, as those factors have not yet concluded at the date of approval of these financial statements, they, in combination, create a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern which in turn may result in the company being unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Approved and authorised for issue by the board and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:



00D3EC7621D244D...

Mr David Clark

Director

18 April 2023

Date: .....

# **ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED**

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

***FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022***

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The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



# **ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### **TO THE MEMBERS OF ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED**

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#### **Report on the audit of the financial statements**

##### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements of Anthology Stratford Mill Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of its loss for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 17.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

##### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

##### **Material uncertainty related to going concern**

We draw attention to note 1 in the financial statements, which indicates the company is reliant on the support of its intermediate parent, Lifestory Holdings Limited. A material uncertainty exists at the intermediate parent level related to its reliance upon the completion of certain debt funding which has not yet been formally agreed with its lenders and it may be unable to provide the support required. As stated in note 1, these events or conditions, along with the other matters as set forth in note 1 indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

##### **Other information**

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# **ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### **TO THE MEMBERS OF ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED**

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#### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance; but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### **Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud**

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including those specific to the company's business sector.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included UK Companies Act and tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included construction and environmental regulations.

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

As a result of performing the above, we identified the greatest potential for fraud in the following area, and our procedures performed to address it are described below:

- The carrying value of inventories as a result of impairment due to estimation applied in expected selling prices. We challenged forecast selling prices for developments in light of historical prices achieved, reservations agreed and recent open market selling prices achieved in the locale of the development.

# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

### TO THE MEMBERS OF ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

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#### **Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud (continued)**

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

#### **Report on other legal and regulatory requirements**

#### **Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

#### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

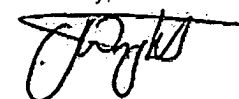
Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed



James Wright FCA (Senior statutory auditor)  
For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP  
Statutory Auditor  
London, United Kingdom

18 April 2023

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# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

### TO THE MEMBERS OF ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2022 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2021 £'000
<b>Revenue</b>	<b>4</b>	17,021	36,763
Cost of sales		(17,681)	(36,046)
Impairment of inventories		(6,974)	-
<b>Gross (loss)/profit</b>		<b>(7,634)</b>	<b>717</b>
Administrative expenses		(593)	-
Other operating income	<b>5</b>	6	12
Other operating expense		-	(26)
<b>Operating (loss)/profit</b>		<b>(8,221)</b>	<b>703</b>
Finance costs	<b>8</b>	(2,513)	(2,426)
<b>Loss before taxation</b>		<b>(10,734)</b>	<b>(1,723)</b>
Taxation	<b>9</b>	-	-
<b>Loss for the financial year</b>		<b>(10,734)</b>	<b>(1,723)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive expense for the year</b>		<b>(10,734)</b>	<b>(1,723)</b>

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations. There are no items of other comprehensive income.

The accompanying notes on pages 12 - 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED****BALANCE SHEET****AS AT 30 JUNE 2022**

	Notes	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventories	10	24,975	47,955
Trade and other receivables	11	207	2,480
Cash and cash equivalents		12,485	15,845
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>37,667</b>	<b>66,280</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	12	(31,770)	(29,649)
Borrowings	13	(17,059)	(37,059)
		<b>(48,829)</b>	<b>(66,708)</b>
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<b>(11,162)</b>	<b>(428)</b>
<b>Equity</b>			
Share capital	14	-	-
Share premium	14	4,866	4,866
Retained earnings	14	(16,028)	(5,294)
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>(11,162)</b>	<b>(428)</b>

The accompanying notes on pages 12 - 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

18 April 2023

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on ..... and are signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:  
  
 00B3EG7624G244D...  
 Mr David Clark  
 Director

Company Registration No. 10246508

# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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	Note	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 July 2020		-	1,644	(3,571)	(1,927)
Year 30 June 2021:					
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the period		-	-	(1,723)	(1,723)
Share issue		-	3,222	-	3,222
Balance at 30 June 2021		-	4,866	(5,294)	(428)
Year ended 30 June 2022:					
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year		-	-	(10,734)	(10,734)
Balance at 30 June 2022		-	4,866	(16,028)	(11,162)

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The accompanying notes on pages 12 - 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**

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### **1 Accounting policies**

#### **Company information**

Anthology Stratford Mill Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The registered office is 105-107 Bath Road, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, United Kingdom, GL53 7PR. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic Report on pages 1 to 2.

### **1.1 Accounting policies**

The company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 100 'Application of Financial Reporting Requirements' issued by the FRC. Accordingly, the company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

The financial statements are prepared in pounds sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £'000.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or liability, the company takes in to account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take these characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years/period presented, unless otherwise stated.

The company's intermediate parent undertaking, Lifestory Holdings Limited includes the company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Lifestory Holdings Limited are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and are available to the public and may be obtained from 105-107 Bath Road, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, GL53 7PR.

In these financial statements, the company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- Cash flow statement and related notes;
- Comparative period reconciliations for share capital and fixed assets;
- Standards not yet effective;
- Certain disclosures in respect of IFRS15;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel; and
- Disclosures of transactions entered into between two or more members of a wholly-owned member of a group.

As the consolidated financial statements of Lifestory Holdings Limited include the equivalent disclosures, the company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

- The disclosures required by IFRS 7 and IFRS 13 regarding financial instrument disclosures have not been provided apart from those which are relevant for the financial instruments which are held at fair value and are not either held as part of trading portfolio or derivatives.

# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.2 Going concern

Given the structure of the wider group and the company's operations, the company is reliant on the continued support of its intermediate parent, Lifestory Holdings Limited ('Lifestory'), to ensure the company has sufficient cash resources to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due. The company has received a written commitment from Lifestory that it will provide all financial support necessary to the company to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due for a period no less than 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The directors have considered the ability of Lifestory to provide that support. The directors have identified that, whilst Lifestory's 30 June 2022 financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, a material uncertainty is disclosed in note 1 of those financial statements. Lifestory is reliant on the completion of certain debt funding which has not yet been formally agreed with its lenders. Accordingly, Lifestory may be unable to provide the support required. However, with a director in common with Lifestory, the company's directors are confident that those uncertainties in Lifestory will conclude as expected and that Lifestory will be able to provide the support necessary to the company. Therefore, the directors have deemed it appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis.

However, as those factors have not yet concluded at the date of approval of these financial statements, they, in combination, create a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern which in turn may result in the company being unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

#### 1.3 Revenue

Revenue is generated from the sale of individual residential homes, commercial units, freeholds and leaseholds and from contracts for the construction of homes sold to affordable housing providers. Revenue arises solely in the UK and is stated net of value added tax.

Revenue for all revenue streams is recognised upon legal completion of contracts at which point the company's performance obligations are met. Revenue recognised is measured at the agreed contract price.

Private sales via the UK sales channel typically involve a reservation of 0.2% of contract price, with 10%-20% of the contract price paid upon exchange, and the remainder and help-to-buy (HTB) paid upon completion. Private sales via the non-UK sales channel are structured in the same fashion but with a reservation typically around 0.9%.

#### 1.4 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs comprise land and development costs in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less cost to completion and disposal.

#### 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### 1.6 Non-derivative financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset, and the net amount reported in the balance sheet and statement of comprehensive income, when there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and the company intends to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and liability simultaneously.



# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.6 Non-derivative financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Financial assets**

All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

#### **Classification of financial assets**

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The company does not hold any financial assets that meet conditions for subsequent recognition at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) or at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

#### **Impairment of financial assets**

The company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost which comprise mainly trade receivables. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The company always recognises lifetime ECL on trade receivables. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

#### **Derecognition of financial assets**

The company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received. On derecognition of a financial asset at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying value and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit and loss.

#### **Financial liabilities**

The classification of financial liabilities at initial recognition depends on the purpose for which the financial liability was issued and its characteristics. All purchases of financial liabilities are recorded on trade date, being the date on which the company becomes party to the contractual requirements of the financial liability. Unless otherwise indicated the carrying amounts of the company's financial liabilities approximate to their fair values. The company's financial liabilities consist only of financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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**1 Accounting policies (continued)**

**1.6 Non-derivative financial instruments (continued)**

***Financial liabilities measured subsequently at amortised cost***

Financial liabilities that are not (i) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, (ii) held for trading, or (iii) designated as at FVTPL, are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The company's financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other payables, and loans and borrowings. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset/liability and of allocating interest income/expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts/payments through the expected life of the financial asset/liability or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

***Derecognition of financial liabilities***

A financial liability (in whole or in part) is derecognised when the company has extinguished its contractual obligations, it expires or is cancelled. On derecognition of a financial liability at amortised cost, the difference between the liability's carrying value and the sum of the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit and loss.

**1.7 Equity instruments**

Financial instruments issued by the company are treated as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability. Ordinary shares are classified as equity and are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

**1.8 Taxation**

Tax on the profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

**Current tax**

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable profit or loss for the period/year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous periods.

Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled, or the asset is realised, based on tax laws and rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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### 2 Change in accounting policy

#### **Impact of initial application of other amendments to IFRS Standards and Interpretations**

In the current year, the Company has applied a number of amendments to IFRS Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) that are effective for an annual period that begins on or after 1 January 2021. Their adoption has not had any material impact on the disclosures or on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

### 3 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows.

#### ***Recoverability of inventories***

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Such inventories include completed units and work in progress. Residential development is largely speculative by nature and it is normal that not all inventories are covered by forward sales contracts. To assess the net realisable value of completed sites and working in progress, the group maintains a financial appraisal of the likely revenue which will be generated when these inventories become residential properties for sale and are sold. Where the financial appraisal demonstrates that the revenue will exceed the costs of the inventories and other associated costs of constructing the residential properties, the inventories are stated at cost. Where the projected revenue is lower, the extent to which there is a shortfall is written off through the statement of comprehensive income leaving the inventories stated at net realisable value. To the extent that the revenues which can be generated change, or the final cost to complete for the site varies from estimates, the realisable value of inventories may be different. Appraisals take into account estimated achievable revenues, actual inventory and costs to complete as at each reporting date. These estimates are made by management having regard to actual sales prices, together with competitor and marketplace evidence. An impairment to inventories was recognised in the year of £6,974,000 (2021: £nil). Should there be a future significant decline in UK house pricing, impairments of completed sites and work in progress may be necessary. By way of sensitivity analysis a 2% decrease in the sales price would cause an increase in the impairment by £499,500.

#### **Critical judgements**

The directors have determined that, in the preparation of the financial statements, no critical judgements have been applied.

# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

### 4 Revenue

Revenue represents income from sale of individual residential homes and commercial units and arises entirely in the United Kingdom.

#### Contract assets and liabilities

Contract assets arise when the company has right to consideration in exchange for residential housing that it has transferred to a customer but not yet invoiced. The company did not have any contract assets at the reporting date (2021: none).

Contract liabilities arise when a customer pays consideration in advance before the residential housing is transferred to the customer. The company's contract liabilities are disclosed in note 12.

### 5 Other operating income

Other operating income comprises ground rent receivable.

### 6 Auditor's remuneration

Audit fees payable to Deloitte LLP and their associates for the audit of the company's annual accounts were £22,000 (2021: £13,900). These fees were borne by Lifestory Group Limited, a fellow group undertaking, and not recharged.

Fees payable to Deloitte LLP and their associates for non-audit services to the company are not required to be disclosed because the consolidated financial statements of the parent company are required to disclose such fees on a consolidated basis.

### 7 Employees

The company had no employees other than directors in the current year and prior period. Directors were remunerated by sister group, Lifestory Group Limited, and their remuneration was not recharged.

### 8 Finance costs

	Year ended 30 June 2022	Year ended 30 June 2021
	£'000	£'000
Interest on bank loans	2,058	2,193
Interest payable to group undertakings	-	233
Amortisation of loan fees	473	-
Finance income	(18)	-
	<u>2,513</u>	<u>2,426</u>

# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

#### 9 Taxation

	Year ended 30 June 2022	Year ended 30 June 2021
	£'000	£'000
<b>Current tax</b>		
UK corporation tax on loss for the current year/period	-	-
<b>Total current tax</b>	-	-

The actual charge for the year/period can be reconciled to the expected credit for the year/period based on the loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2022	Year ended 30 June 2021
	£'000	£'000
Loss before taxation	(10,734)	(1,723)
Expected tax credit based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of: 19.00% (2021: 19.00%)	(2,039)	(327)
Group relief surrendered	2,039	327
<b>Total charge for the year/period</b>	-	-

#### Factors affecting future tax charge

UK corporation tax will increase to 25% from April 2023 which is not expected to significantly affect the company.

#### 10 Inventories

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Work in progress	-	3,523
Finished homes	4,237	44,432
Land stock	20,738	-
	<b>24,975</b>	<b>47,955</b>

Inventories are given as security for the company's borrowings. Included in cost of sales is £17,022,000 (2021: £34,237,000) relating to the cost of inventory.

# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

### 11 Trade and other receivables

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
<b>Current assets</b>		
Trade receivables	151	2,418
Other receivables	41	62
Prepayments	15	-
	<u>207</u>	<u>2,480</u>

### 12 Trade and other payables

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Trade payables	98	215
Contract liabilities	138	126
Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary	2,451	1,541
Amounts owed to parent company	22,757	22,451
Amounts owed to related parties (note 15)	974	38
Accruals	5,240	5,278
Other creditors	113	-
	<u>31,770</u>	<u>29,649</u>

Within the group headed by Anthology Group Limited intercompany balances are unsecured, payable on demand, and incur interest at 8.5% per annum. The exception being £22,757,000 (2021: £7,916,000) included within amounts owed to parent company which incurs interest at SONIA plus 1% margin.

### 13 Borrowings

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Secured bank loans	<u>17,059</u>	<u>37,059</u>
Payable within one year	17,059	37,059
Payable after one year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

On 5 December 2018, the company signed a loan agreement for £27,905,000 with GLA Land and Property Limited. The loan was repayable on 31 December 2022 but has since been extended to 30 June 2023. Last year the repayment date was changed to 31 March 2022. The loan carries a fixed rate of interest of 6.5% and is secured over the company's assets. Last year the facility held with GLA Land and Property was increased to £38,119,000.

### 14 Share capital and reserves

	2022 £	2021 £
<b>Ordinary share capital</b>		
Authorised, issued, and fully paid		
3 (2021: 3) ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>

# ANTHOLOGY STRATFORD MILL LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

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### 14 Share capital and reserves (continued)

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the company.

#### **Reserves**

Share premium reserve - relates to amounts subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value.

*Retained earnings* - retained earnings comprise all other net gains and losses and transactions with owners (e.g., dividends) not recognised elsewhere.

### 15 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemption available under FRS 101 paragraph 8(k) not to disclose transactions entered into between two or more wholly owned members of a group.

In 2021 the company was recharged £38,000 for costs incurred by Lifestory Group Limited on the company's behalf, and £38,000 was outstanding at the year-end.

During the year the company was recharged £461,000 (2021: £332,000) for services by OCM Luxembourg EPF III S.à.r.l. At the year-end £974,000 (2021: £661,000) was outstanding.

During 2022 Lifestory Group Limited merged with Anthology Group Limited and have the same intermediate parent and the above related party balances and transactions are not required to be disclosed this year.

### 16 Ultimate controlling party

The company's immediate holding company is Anthology Group Limited and the ultimate holding company and controlling party is Brookfield Corporation (formerly Brookfield Asset Management Inc.).

On 29 June 2022 Lifestory Holdings Limited acquired 100% of the share capital of Anthology Group Limited as part of a group reorganisation. Lifestory Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom, is the parent of the smallest group, of which Anthology Stratford Mill Limited is a member, to prepare consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements can be obtained from its registered address: 105-107 Bath Road, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, United Kingdom, GL53 7PR.

Brookfield Corporation (formerly Brookfield Asset Management Inc.), a company incorporated in Canada, is the parent of the largest group, of which Anthology Stratford Mill Works Limited is a member, to prepare consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements can be obtained from its registered address: Suite 300, Brookfield Place, 181 Bay Street, Toronto, Canada M5J 2T3.

### 17 Subsequent events

In December 2022 the GLA loan was extended to 30 June 2023.