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EQUITIX SOCIAL HOUSING (S) IV GP LIMITED

10159245

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2022

Principal activity

The company has been dormant, as defined in section 480 of the Companies Act 2006, throughout the period.

Directors

The directors who served during the period and up to the signing of the financial statements were:

C Douglass

J Jones

Signed on behalf of the Board

VA J

J Jones

Director

Approved by the Board on 26 June 2023.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

| | Notes | 2022 £ | 2021 £ | |
|--|-------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Investment | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| Current assets Debtors Creditors | | 1 (2) | (2) | |
| Capital and reserves Called up share capital | 3 | 1 | 1 | |
| Shareholder's funds | | 1 | | |

The company did not trade during the current year and has made neither a profit nor a loss, nor any other recognised gain or loss.

For the financial year 01 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 Companies Act 2006. No member of the company has deposited a notice, pursuant to section 476, requiring an audit of these financial statements under the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledges their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial period and of its profit or loss for the financial period in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements, were authorised for issue on 26 June 2023 and signed by:

147

J Jones

Director

Company Registration No:

10159245

The notes on page 3 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Going concern

The principal activity of Equitix Social Housing (S) IV GP Limited (the 'Company') is to hold an investment in Equitix Social Housing (S) IV LP and Equitix Social Housing 4 GP Ltd.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting and have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, which in this case is Financial Reporting Standard 102.

2 Investment

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------|------|------|
| | £ | £ |
| Equitix Social Housing (S) IV LP | 1 | 1 |
| Equitix Social Housing 4 GP Ltd | 1 | 1 |
| | 2 | 2 |

3 Called up share capital

| , | 2022 | 2021 |
|------------------------------------|------|------|
| | £ | £ |
| Allotted, issued and fully paid up | | |
| 1 ordinary share of £1 each | 1 | 1 |
| | 1 | 1 |

During the period, the Company issued 1 ordinary £1 share for a total consideration of £1.

4 Controlling party

The Company's parent company is Equitix Fund Holdco IV Ltd. The smallest and largest group into which results of the Company are consolidated is Equitix Fund Holdco IV Limited, a company registered in England and Wales which is the ultimate parent company and controlling party.

Limited Partnership Registration No. SL026655 (Scotland)

EQUITIX SOCIAL HOUSING (S) IV LP

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022



LIMITED PARTNERSHIP INFORMATION

General partner Equitix Social Housing (S) IV GP Limited

c/o EMS Ltd

2nd Floor Toronto Square

Toronto Street

Leeds LS1 2HJ

Limited partnership number SL026655

Registered office Avondale House

Suite 11-10

Strathclyde Business Park

Bellshill ML4 3NJ

Auditor UHY Hacker Young

Quadrant House

4 Thomas More Square

London E1W 1YW

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GENERAL PARTNER'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The General Partner presents its annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the limited partnership is that of investment company.

Fair review of the business

The results for the period and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by General Partner.

Constitution and governance

The partnership is a limited partnership, registered on 10 May 2016 under the Limited Partnership Act 1907.

The registered office of the general partner is Avondale House, Suit 11-10, Strathclyde Business Park, Bellshill, ML4 3NJ. The principal place of business of the partnership is Avondale House, Suite 11-10, Strathclyde Business Park, Bellshill, ML4 3NJ.

Partners' drawings, contributions and repayments

The partners' drawing policy allows each partner to draw a proportion of their profit share, subject to the cash requirements of the business.

A partner's capital requirement is linked to their share of profit and the financing requirement of the limited partnership. There is no opportunity for appreciation of the capital subscribed. Just as incoming partners introduce their capital at "par", so the retiring partners are repaid their capital at "par".

The partners

The General Partner is Equitix Social Housing (S) IV GP Limited. The Limited Partner is Equitix GP 4 Limited.

Auditor

The auditor, UHY Hacker Young, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

GENERAL PARTNER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Statement of General Partner's responsibilities

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the General Partners' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Partnership Agreement requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the General Partner has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice. The General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the partnership and of the profit or loss of the partnership for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the limited partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the partnership and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulation 2008. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

The General Partner is required to make the following statement:

- so far as the General Partner is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the partnership's auditor is unaware, and
- the General Partner has taken all the steps that it ought to have taken as a General Partner in order to make itself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the partnership's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small LLPs within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the partnership

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30-Jun-2023 | 1:01 AM PDT

J Jones

Director

For and on behalf of Equitix Social Housing (S) IV GP Limited



UHY Hacker Young LLP Quadrant House 4 Thomas More Square London E1W 1YW

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF EQUITIX SOCIAL HOUSING (S) IV LP

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Equitix Social Housing (S) IV LP (the 'limited partnership') for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the limited partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities* for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the limited liability partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the members' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the limited liability partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the members with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.



UHY Hacker Young LLP Quadrant House 4 Thomas More Square London E1W. 1YW

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF EQUITIX SOCIAL HOUSING (S) IV LP

Other information

The general partner is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the general partner report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the general partner is not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small entities regime.

Responsibilities of members

As explained more fully in the general partner's responsibilities statement, the general partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the general partner is responsible for assessing the limited partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the general partner either intend to liquidate the limited partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



UHY Hacker Young LLP Quadrant House 4 Thomas More Square London E1W 1YW

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF EQUITIX SOCIAL HOUSING (S) IV LP

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and the industry in which it operates, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the acts by the company, which were contrary to applicable laws and regulations including fraud, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the preparation of the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to inflated revenue and profit.

Audit procedures performed included: review of the financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation, review of correspondence with legal advisors, enquiries of management and review of contracts and reports in so far as they relate to the financial statements, and testing of journals and evaluating whether there was evidence of bias by the general partner that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the limited partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the limited partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the limited partnership and the limited partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Marc Waterman (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of UHY Hacker Young

Date: 30/6/623

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-------|-------------|-------------|
| | Notes | £'000 | £'000 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | 4 | 2,091 | 1,987 |
| Interest payable and similar expenses | 3 | (2,091) | (1,987) |
| Profit for the financial year before taxati | ion | - | - |
| • | | | |
| Profit for the financial year before partn | ers' | | |
| remuneration and profit shares | | - | - |
| | | | |
| Profit for the financial year before partners | 1 | | |
| remuneration and profit shares | | - | - |
| Partners' remuneration charged as an expen | ise | - | - |
| | | | |
| Profit for the financial year available for | • | | |
| discretionary division among partners | | - | - |
| | • | | |

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

| | | 202 | 2022 | | 1 |
|---|-------|---------|-------------|---------|----------|
| | Notes | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Investments | 5 | | 250 | | 250 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors falling due after one year | 6 | 14,939 | | 14,939 | |
| Debtors falling due within one year | 6 | 6,283 | | 5,591 | |
| | • | 21,222 | | 20,530 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 8 | (6,283) | | (5,591) | |
| Net current assets | | | 14,939 | | 14,939 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 15,189 | | 15,189 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 9 | | (14,939) | | (14,939) |
| Net assets attributable to partners | | | 250 | | 250 |
| Represented by: | | | | | ==== |
| Partners' other interests | 7 | | 250 | | 250 |
| Partners' capital classified as equity | | | 250 | | 250 |
| | | | 250 | | 250 |
| | | | | | = |
| Total partners' interests | 7 | | 250 | | 252 |
| Partners' other interests | | | 250 | | 250 |
| | | | | | ==== |

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to limited partnerships subject to the small entities regime.

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J Jones

Director

For and on behalf of Equitix Social Housing (S) IV GP Limited.

Limited Partnership Registration No. SL026655

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Limited partnership information

Equitix Social Housing (S) IV LP is a limited partnership incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is Avondale House, Suite 11-10, Strathclyde Business Park, Bellshill, ML4 3NJ.

The limited partnerships's principal activities are disclosed in the General Partner's Report.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Partnership (Accounts) Regulations 2008, together with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the limited partnership. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £'000.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The limited liability partnership has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the limited liability partnership as an individual entity and not about its group as the group qualifies as small.

1.2 Fixed asset investments

Investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publically traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Investments in limited partnerships are measured at fair value, the basis of which are the latest audited consolidated financial statements as those financial statements are prepared on a net asset value basis.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the limited liability partnership. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Financial instruments

The limited partnership has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the limited partnership's statement of financial position when the limited partnership becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the limited partnership transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies.

(Continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the limited partnership after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Debt instruments may be designated as fair value through profit or loss to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instruments are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the limited liability partnership's obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

2 Partner remuneration and employee information

The partners received no remuneration from the partnership. The partnership does not have any employees.

3 Interest payable and similar expenses

| - | 2022 £'000 | 2021 £'000 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Interest payable and similar expenses includes the following: | | |
| Interest payable to group undertakings | 2,091 | 1,987 |
| | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

| 3 | Interest payable and similar expenses | ((| Continued) |
|---|--|---------------|--|
| 4 | Interest receivable and similar income | 2022 £'000 | 2021 £'000 |
| | Interest receivable and similar income includes the following: | 2 000 | 2 000 |
| | Interest receivable from investment | 2,091 | 1,987 |
| 5 | Fixed asset investments | 2022 £'000 | 2021 £'000 |
| | Investments | 250 | 250 —— |
| | Movements in fixed asset investments | | estment in limited artnership £'000 |
| | Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022 & 31 December 2022 | | 250 |
| | Carrying amount At 31 December 2022 | | 250 |
| | At 31 December 2021 | - | 250 —— |
| 6 | Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: | 2022 £'000 | 2021 £'000 |
| | Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings | 6,283 | 5,591 |
| | Amounts falling due after more than one year: | | |
| | Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings | 14,939 | 14,939 |
| | Total debtors | 21,222 | 20,530 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

6 Debtors (Continued)

Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings is loan owed by Equitix Social Housing 4 LP of £14,939k (2021: £14,939k) and unpaid interest of £6,283k (2021: £5,591k). The loan is unsecured with interest rate of 10% per annum.

7 Reconciliation of Partners' Interests

| , | Acconcination of Latthers Interests | EQUITY Partners' other interests | | TOTAL PARTNERS' INTERESTS | |
|---|---|---|--|---------------------------------|--|
| | | Limited Patner's capital £'000 | General Partner's capital £'000 | Total 2022 £'000 | |
| | Partners' interests at 1 January 2022 Profit for the financial year available for discretionary | 250 | - | 250 | |
| | division among partners | | - | · <u>-</u> | |
| | Partners' interests after loss for the year | 250 | _ | . 250 | |
| | Partners' interests at 31 December 2022 | 250 | _* | 250 | |
| | -* = less than £1k | | | | |
| 8 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | | | |
| | | Notes | 2022 £'000 | | |
| | Amounts owed to group undertakings | | 6,283 | 5,591 | |
| 9 | Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | r | | | |
| | | Notes | 2022 £'000 | 2021 £'000 | |
| | Amounts owed to group undertakings | | 14,939 | 14,939 | |
| | | | | | |

10 Loans and other debts due to partners

In the event of a winding up the amounts included in "Loans and other debts due to partners" will rank equally with unsecured creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

11 Controlling party

The Partnership is managed and controlled by the General Partner, Equitix Social Housing (S) IV GP Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate controlling party is Equitix Fund IV LP, a limited partnership registered in England and Wales.