Registration number: 10149826

Public First Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

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Company Information

Directors Mr James Frayne

Mrs Rachel Wolf

Registered office Ashleigh Villa

143 Tamworth Road

Long Eaton Nottingham NG10 1BY

Accountants LJ Hanbury Ltd

Chartered Accountant 143 Tamworth Road

Long Eaton Nottingham NG10 1BY

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Public First Limited for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Public First Limited for the year ended 30 April 2020 as set out on pages 3 to 9 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Public First Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 5 May 2016. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Public First Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Public First Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Public First Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Public First Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Public First Limited. You consider that Public First Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Public First Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

LJ Hanbury Ltd
Chartered Accountant
143 Tamworth Road
Long Eaton
Nottingham
NG10 1BY

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10 August 2020

(Registration number: 10149826) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	8,452	6,631
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	468,460	424,994
Cash at bank and in hand		1,495,184	429,818
		1,963,644	854,812
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(1,234,334)	(204,820)
Net current assets		729,310	649,992
Net assets		737,762	656,623
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		109	109
Share premium reserve		149,991	149,991
Profit and loss account		587,662	506,523
Shareholders' funds		737,762	656,623

For the financial year ending 30 April 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 10 August 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr James Frayne
Director

(Registration number: 10149826) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2020

Mrs Rachel Wolf
Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: Ashleigh Villa 143 Tamworth Road Long Eaton Nottingham NG10 1BY United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 10 August 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Office equipment

Depreciation method and rate 33.3% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 17 (2019 - 12).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

4 Tangible assets

		Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 May 2019		9,026	9,026
Additions		5,921	5,921
At 30 April 2020		14,947	14,947
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2019		2,395	2,395
Charge for the year		4,100	4,100
At 30 April 2020		6,495	6,495
Carrying amount			
At 30 April 2020	_	8,452	8,452
At 30 April 2019	_	6,631	6,631
5 Debtors			
		2020	2019
		£	£
Trade debtors		451,300	267,150
Prepayments		12,732	5,368
Other debtors		4,428	152,476
		468,460	424,994
6 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Ç .		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>7</u>	-	1
Trade creditors		44,033	31
Taxation and social security		419,558	200,399
Accruals and deferred income		22,600	-
Other creditors		748,143	4,389
		1,234,334	204,820

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2020

7 Loans and borrowings

	2020 £	2019 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank overdrafts		1

Long Eaton

Number of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.