Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

for

Cartwright King Limited

RIDAY

A17

22/06/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE #245

Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

	Page
Company Information	1
Strategic Report	2
Report of the Directors	3
Report of the Independent Auditors	4
Income Statement	6
Other Comprehensive Income	7
Balance Sheet	8
Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Cash Flow Statement	10
Notes to the Cash Flow Statement	11
Notes to the Financial Statements	12

Cartwright King Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

DIRECTORS:

Mr S J Gelsthorpe

Mr M G Thurston Mr R J Hawke

SECRETARY:

Mr S J Gelsthorpe

REGISTERED OFFICE:

First Floor

Lock House

Castle Meadow Road

Nottingham NG2 1AG

REGISTERED NUMBER:

10143062 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Franklin Underwood, Statutory Auditor

1 Pinnacle Way Pride Park Derby Derbyshire DE24 8ZS

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 30 September 2017.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The Company incorporated on 1st October 2016 and had previously traded for 17 years as a corporate partnership, so 2016/17 was the first trading year of the company.

Financial performance was slightly behind our targets for a number of reasons outside of our control but we remained profitable. Turnover has been maintained over the year and great energy has been put into improving internal efficiency.

Government sourced public funding is a major source of income for the company and, whilst the rates of pay in some sectors are lower than in other areas of the profession, those contracts provide a reliable source of income which is sufficient for our business models.

The exceptional income item (Note 5) in the profit and loss account is not trading income but a one off item that will not be repeated as it relates to the treatment of the assets acquired by the company from the former partnership when hived up on formation.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The outlook for 2017/18 remains positive. In 2018 the company renewed and expanded the Legal Aid Agency civil contracts for 5 years, giving a secure opportunity for fresh expansion and the momentum for increasing the income received from outside the public sector.

The directors are satisfied that there are no significant risks to the business outside those normally associated with the very competitive nature of the legal services industry.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr M G Thurston - Director

15 June 2018

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2017.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of a Solicitors firm.

DIVIDENDS

Interim dividends per share were paid during the year as follows:

Ordinary A1 £1 - £18.24 - 4 April 2017
Ordinary A2 £1 - £18.24 - 4 April 2017

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 30 September 2017 will be £364,800.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 October 2016 to the date of this report.

Mr S J Gelsthorpe Mr M G Thurston Mr R J Hawke

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr M G Thurston - Director

15 June 2018

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Cartwright King Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Cartwright King Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 30 September 2017 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Cartwright King Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Gary Underwood (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Franklin Underwood, Statutory Auditor

1 Pinnacle Way

Pride Park

Derby

Derbyshire

DE24 8ZS

Date: 15 6 18

Income Statement for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

		•	Period 22.4.16
		Year Ended	to
		30.9.17	30.9.16
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		14,858,744	-
Cost of sales		10,157,678	
GROSS PROFIT		4,701,066	-
Administrative expenses		4,473,265	
		227,801	-
Other operating income		80,561	<u> </u>
OPERATING PROFIT	4	308,362	-
Exceptional item	5	1,184,948	
		1,493,310	-
Interest receivable and similar income		4,788	<u>-</u>
		1,498,098	-
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	140,193	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		1,357,905	-
Tax on profit	7	40,539	
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		1,317,366	

Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

	·		Period
			22.4.16
		Year Ended	to
		30.9.17	30.9.16
	Notes	£	£
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		1,317,366	-
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCO	ME	-	-
TOTAL COMPANIENCE NICOL	. 60 0		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOM	ME	1.015.066	
FOR THE YEAR		1,317,366	

Balance Sheet 30 September 2017

		201	7	2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9		365,062		-
Investments	10		20,000		
			385,062		-
CURRENT ASSETS					
Work in progress	11	5,926,690		_	
Debtors	12	2,275,662		-	
Cash in hand		2,300		100	
		8,204,652		100	
CREDITORS		, ,			
Amounts falling due within one year	13	5,662,686		-	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,541,966		100
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,927,028		100
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	14		1,949,462	•	-
NET ASSETS			977,566	•	100
				:	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	18		25,000		100
Retained earnings	19		952,566		-
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			977,566	•	100
				=	

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 15 June 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr S J Gelsthorpe - Director

Mr M G Thurston - Director U. Q. Thurston

Mr R J Hawke - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
Changes in equity			
Issue of share capital	100		100
Balance at 30 September 2016		<u> </u>	100
Changes in equity			
Issue of share capital	24,900	-	24,900
Dividends	-	(364,800)	(364,800)
Total comprehensive income	<u> </u>	1,317,366	1,317,366
Balance at 30 September 2017	25,000	952,566	977,566

Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

			Period 22.4.16
		Year Ended	
		30.9.17	to 30.9.16
•	NT-4		
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities		(4.124.001.)	
Cash generated from operations	1	(4,134,801)	-
Interest paid		(136,180)	-
Interest element of finance lease payments		(4.012)	
paid		(4,013)	
Net cash from operating activities		(4,274,994)	_
Net cash from operating activities		(4,2/4,3)4)	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(549,342)	-
Purchase of fixed asset investments		(20,000)	_
Interest received		4,788	-
Net cash from investing activities		(564,554)	-
-			
Cash flows from financing activities		4 222 227	
New loans in year		4,230,007	-
Loan repayments in year		(816,257)	-
Amount introduced by directors		364,800	-
Amount withdrawn by directors		(406,928)	-
Share issue		24,900	100
Equity dividends paid		(364,800)	
Not each from financing activities		3,031,722	100
Net cash from financing activities			
			
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equiva	alents	(1,807,826)	100
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of			
year	2	100	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	(1,834,466)	100

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

		Period
		22.4.16
	Year Ended	to
	. 30.9.17	30.9.16
·	£	£
Profit before taxation	1,357,905	-
Depreciation charges	184,280	-
Finance costs	140,193	-
Finance income	(4,788)	
	1,677,590	-
Increase in work in progress	(5,926,690)	-
Increase in trade and other debtors	(2,133,574)	-
Increase in trade and other creditors	2,247,873	
Cash generated from operations	(4,134,801)	-
ì	====	

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 30 September 2017

	30.9.17	1.10.16
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	2,300	100
Bank overdrafts	(1,836,766)	
	(1,834,466)	100
Period ended 30 September 2016	· · · ·	
	30.9.16	22.4.16
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	100	-

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Cartwright King Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the use of fair values for certain financial instruments in accordance with the accounting policies set out below.

First year adoption of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102)

These financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017 are the first that are prepared in accordance with FRS 102. The previous financial statements were prepared in accordance with UK GAAP, the date of transition to FRS 102 is 22 April 2016.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Cartwright King Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company has taken the option under Section 402 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated financial statements on the grounds that the subsidiary undertakings are not material for the purpose of giving a true and fair view.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is reversed if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements

No significant judgements have been made by management in preparing these financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

No key sources of uncertainty have been identified by management in preparing these financial statements other than those detailed in these accounting policies.

Revenue recognition

Fees receivable represent the fair value of services provided during the year on client assignments. Fair value reflects the amount expected to be recoverable from clients based on time spent, skills provided and expenses incurred, and excludes VAT. Fee income is recognised as contract activity progresses and the right to consideration is secured, except where the final outcome cannot be assessed with reasonable certainty.

Fee income in respect of contingent fee assignments is recognised in the period when the contingent event occurs and collectability of the fee is assured.

Unbilled fee income on individual assignments is included as work in progress.

Page 12 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Office equipment

- 25% on cost

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued in accordance with FRS5 and the guidance issued in UITF 40. Hence all unbilled/incomplete time has been valued at fair value and reflects the time spent and the skills and expertise that have been provided.

Financial instruments

The company enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from and to related parties and bank loans.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Page 13 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due for services rendered in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting date, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

		Period
	Year Ended	22.4.16 to
•	30.9.17	30.9.16
	£	£
Wages and salaries	9,187,657	-
Social security costs	964,727	-
Other pension costs	175,712	<u>-</u>
	10,328,096	
		·
The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		.
		Period
	Year Ended	22.4.16 to
	30.9.17	30.9.16
Fee earning and administration	253	3
		=
		Period
		22.4.16
	Year Ended	to .
	30.9.17	30.9.16
	£	£
Directors' remuneration	150,000	===

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

4. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging:

			Period
			22.4.16
		Year Ended	to
		30.9.17	30.9.16
		£	£
	Hire of plant and machinery	46,331	
	Depreciation - owned assets	184,280	· -
	Auditors' remuneration	10,500	-
		=====	
5.	EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS		
J.	EACEI HONAL HEMS	·	Period
			22.4.16
		Year Ended	to
		30.9.17	30.9.16
		£	£
	Exceptional item	1,184,948	-
	•		====

On 1st October 2016, the business of Cartwright King, formerly conducted through a partnership of two limited companies; S J Gelsthorpe Limited and M G Thurston Limited, was "hived up" to the newly formed company Cartwright King Limited. In order to facilitate the hiving up of the assets of the former partnership, a dividend "in specie" was made to Cartwright King Limited. This dividend was not received in cash, but rather represents the book value of all assets introduced during the restructure.

6. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES

		Period
		22.4.16
	Year Ended	to
	30.9.17	30.9.16
	£	£
Bank interest	136,180	-
Leasing	4,013	-
		
	140,193	-

7. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

	Year Ended 30.9.17 £	22.4.16 to 30.9.16 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax	52,998	-
Deferred tax	(12,459)	-
Tax on profit	40,539	====

Period

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

7. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	Profit before tax	Year Ended 30.9.17 £ 1,357,905	
	Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.499%	264,778	
	Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Deferred tax movement Total tax charge	30,136 (231,053) (10,863) (12,459) 40,539	
		===	
8.	DIVIDENDS	Year Ended 30.9.17	Period 22.4.16 to 30.9.16
•	Ordinary A1 shares of £1 each	£	£
	Interim Ordinary A2 shares of £1 each	182,400	-
	Interim	182,400	
		364,800	
9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Office equipment £
	COST Additions		£ 549,342
	At 30 September 2017		549,342
	DEPRECIATION Charge for year		184,280
	At 30 September 2017	•	184,280
	NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2017		365,062

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Shares in group undertakings £
COST Additions	20,000
At 30 September 2017	20,000
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2017	20,000

The company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

%

%

S J Gelsthorpe Limited

Registered office: C/o Cartwright King Solicitors, Lock House, Wilford Road, Nottingham, NG2 1AG

Nature of business: Dormant

Class of shares:	holding	
Ordinary	100.00	
		2017
		£
Aggregate capital and reserves		(11,712)
Loss for the year		(11,713)
•		

M G Thurston Limited

Registered office: C/o Cartwright King Solicitors, Lock House, Wilford Road, Nottingham, NG2 1AG

Nature of business: Dormant

Class of shares: Ordinary	holding 100.00	
•		2017
		£
Aggregate capital and reserves		(1,875)
Loss for the year		(1,876)
·		==

WORK IN PROGRESS 11.

	2017	2016
	£	£
Work-in-progress	5,926,690	-

Costs of work in progress recognised as an expense in the year amounted to £9,037,657 (2016: £NIL)

12. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade debtors	1,561,084	-
Directors' loan accounts	129,629	-
Deferred tax	12,459	-
Prepayments and accrued income	572,490	<u>-</u>
	2,275,662	-
		

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
13.		2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 15)	2,435,457	-
	Other loans (see note 15)	43,547	-
	Finance leases (see note 16)	14,614	-
	Trade creditors	607,562	-
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	780,696	-
	Tax	52,998	-
	Social security and other taxes	325,829	-
	VAT	958,243	-
	Other creditors	56,972	-
	Directors' loan accounts	87,501	-
	Accruals and deferred income	299,267	
		5,662,686	-
			
14.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
•	I EAR	2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans (see note 15)	1,931,667	-
	Finance leases (see note 16)	17,795	
		1,949,462	
		=======================================	
15.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
	Bank overdrafts	1,836,766	_
	Bank loans	598,691	_
	Other loans .	43,547	-
		2.470.004	
		2,479,004	
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:		
	Bank loans - 1-2 years	626,100	-
	Amounts falling due between two and five years:		
	Bank loans - 2-5 years	958,451	-
		====	
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	347,116	_

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

16. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

	Finance leases	
	2017	2016
	£	£
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	14,614	-
Between one and five years	17,795	
	32,409	-
		===
	Non-cancella lea	
	2017	2016
	£	£
Within one year	565,134	-
Between one and five years	1,172,890	-
In more than five years	31,687	
	1,769,711	
SECURED DEBTS		
The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank overdraft	1,836,766	-
Bank loans	2,530,358	-
Finance leases	32,409	
	4,399,533	-

Bank loans and overdraft are secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets, as well as personal guarantees provided by S J Gelsthorpe and M G Thurston to the extent of £1.6 million.

18. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

17.

Allotted, issu	ied and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2017	2016
		value:	£	£
NIL	Ordinary	£1	-	100
10,000	Ordinary A1	£1	10,000	-
10,000	Ordinary A2	£1	10,000	-
5,000	Ordinary A3	£1	5,000	-
				
			25,000	100
			====	===

The following shares were issued during the year for cash at par:

19,900 Ordinary shares of £1 5,000 Ordinary A3 shares of £1

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2017

18. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL - continued

During the year the 20,000 Ordinary shares were redesignated as 10,000 Ordinary A1 shares and 10,000 Ordinary A2 shares.

19. RESERVES

	Retained earnings £
Profit for the year Dividends	1,317,366 (364,800)
At 30 September 2017	952,566

20. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the year ended 30 September 2017 and the period ended 30 September 2016:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Mr R J Hawke	•	
Balance outstanding at start of year	-	-
Amounts advanced	157,019	-
Amounts repaid	(27,390)	-
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	129,629	-
-		

Interest was charged on directors' advances at HM Revenue & Customs' official rate of 3% per annum to 5 April 2017 and 2.5% per annum thereafter.

The directors overdrawn loan account was cleared within nine months of the year end.

21. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, total dividends of £364,800 were paid to the directors.

The balance outstanding on interest free loans provided from companies with common directors / key management, amounted to £43,547 (2016: £NIL).

Key management personnel of the entity (in the aggregate)

,	2017	2016
	£	£
Salaries	150,000	_
Social security contributions	20,418	-
·		