

Company registration number: 10115749

SM Plumbing and Heating Stoke Ltd

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 April 2022

SM Plumbing and Heating Stoke Ltd

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SM Plumbing and Heating Stoke Ltd**Statement of financial position****30 April 2022**

	Note	2022 £	£	2021 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	16,257		21,979	
		<u> </u>	16,257	<u> </u>	21,979
Current assets					
Debtors	6	17,501		24,018	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		2,567	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
		17,501		26,585	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(17,373)		(22,228)	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net current assets			128		4,357
Total assets less current liabilities			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
			16,385		26,336
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(16,158)		(25,147)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net assets			227		1,189
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			127		1,089
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Shareholders funds			227		1,189
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>

For the year ending 30 April 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 December 2022 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr S C Macmillan

Director

Company registration number: 10115749

SM Plumbing and Heating Stoke Ltd

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 April 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 58 Goldenhill Road, Stoke on Trent, Staffordshire, ST4 3DW.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	25 % straight line
Motor vehicles	-	25 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2021: 2).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 May 2021 and 30 April 2022	2,547	37,550	40,097
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2021	911	17,207	18,118
Charge for the year	636	5,086	5,722
At 30 April 2022	1,547	22,293	23,840
Carrying amount			
At 30 April 2022	1,000	15,257	16,257
At 30 April 2021	1,636	20,343	21,979

6. Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade debtors	8,626	23,052
Other debtors	8,875	966
	17,501	24,018

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	5,184	-
Trade creditors	2,135	7,324
Corporation tax	2,394	314
Social security and other taxes	967	8,107
Other creditors	6,693	6,483
	17,373	22,228

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	12,250	15,000
Other creditors	3,908	10,147
	<u>16,158</u>	<u>25,147</u>

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2022

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£
Mr S C Macmillan	(193)	6,606	6,413

2021

	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£
Mr S C Macmillan	(391)	198	(193)

10. Controlling party

The company is under the control of its directors by virtue of their entire shareholdings therein.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.