Company Registration No. 10100609 (England and Wales)

# SDI (NOTTINGHAM) LIMITED DIRECTORS REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

A A Adegoke

APO Dick

(Appointed 14 March 2019)

Secretary

T J Piper

Company number

10100609

Registered office

Unit A

Brook Park East Shirebrook NG20 8RY

### CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 2
Statement of comprehensive income	3
Statement of financial position	4 - 5
Statement of changes in equity	6
Notes to the financial statements	7 - 12

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

The directors present their directors' report and financial statements for the period ended 28 April 2019.

#### Frincipal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of property investment.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the period are set out on page 3.

No ordinary dividends were paid. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the period and up to the date of approval of the financial statements were as follows:

A A Adegoke R I L Stockton

APO Dick

(Resigned 14 March 2019) (Appointed 14 March 2019)

#### Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

Frasers Group plc has granted the directors of the company with Qualifying Third Party Indemnity provisions within the meaning given to the term by Sections 234 and 235 of the Companies Act 2006. This is in respect of liabilities to which they may become liable in their capacity as director of the company and of any company within the group. Such indemnities were in force throughout the financial year and will remain in force.

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departure disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemptions, provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

On behalf of the board

-DocuSigned by:

Dolun Adegoke

Adegoke

Director 2020

### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

		Period ended 28 April	Period ended 29 April
		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
Revenue	3	1,664,947	1,633,846
Administrative expenses		(1.141,135)	(1.225,177)
Operating profit	4	523,812	408,669
Taxation	5	-	161,361
Profit and total comprehensive income for			<u></u>
the financial period	10	523,812	570,030

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations. There were no recognised gains or losses for the current or prior period other than those shown above.

The notes on pages 7 - 12 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### **AS AT 28 APRIL 2019**

•	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Non-current assets	6	20,972,792	22,156,361
Investment property	•		
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	7	81,610	75.602 ————
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables Deferred income	8	19,578,986 305,822	21,586,181 -
Bololida Moomo			
		19,884,808 ——————	21.586,181
Net current liabilities		(19,803.198)	(21,510,579
Total assets less current liabilities	s	1,169,594	645,782
Net assets		1.169,594	645,782
Equity			
Called up share capital	9	100	100
Retained earnings	10	1.169,494	645,682
Total equity		1,169,594	645,782
			=

For the financial period ended 28 April 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

#### Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with requirements of the act with respect
  to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The notes on pages 7 - 12 form part of these financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

**AS AT 28 APRIL 2019** 

and are signed on its behalf by:

Dotum Adegake An Andregreike Director

Company Registration No. 10100609

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 May 2017	100	75,652	75.752
Period ended 29 April 2018:			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	-	570,030	570,030
Balances at 29 April 2018	100	645,682	645.782
Period ended 28 April 2019:			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	-	523,812	523.812
Balances at 28 April 2019	100	1,169,494	1 169.594
	<del></del>		

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

SDI (Nottingham) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit A, Brook Park East, Shirebrook, NG20 8RY.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £. These financial statements cover the 52 weeks ended 28 April 2019 (2018: 52 weeks to 29 April 2018).

As permitted by FRS 101 the company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to presenting comparative information in respect of tangible assets, financial instruments, capital management, presentation of a cash flow statement, standards not yet effective and related party transactions with other wholly-owned members of the group.

Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group accounts of Frasers Group plc. The group accounts of Frasers Group plc are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 11.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing financial statements.

#### 1.3 Revenue

Revenue represents amounts receivable for rents and charges, net of VAT. Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

#### 1.4 Investment properties

Investment property is property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. In accordance with the option offered by IAS 40, investment properties are accounted for at cost less depreciation and any impairment.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the asset. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the costs can be measured reliably.

All other costs, including repairs and maintenance costs, are charged to the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is provided on investment property, other than freehold land and is calculated on a straight line basis to allocate cost less assessed residual value, other than assets in the course of construction, over the estimated useful lives, as follows:

Investment property

25 years straight line

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) +OR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

#### 7 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.5 Fair value measurement

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for all fair value measurements. IFRS 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how to measure fair value under IFRS when fair value is required or permitted. The company is exempt under FRS 101 from the disclosure requirements of IFRS 13. There was no impact on the company from the adoption of IFRS 13.

#### 1.6 Financial assets

#### Trade and other receivables

Other receivables are recognised and carried at the lower of their original invoiced value and recoverable amount. Where the time value of money is material, receivables are carried at amortised cost.

#### 1.7 Financial liabilities

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense.

#### Current tax

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

#### 2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are outlined below.

#### **Critical judgements**

#### Impairment of non-current assets

The directors assess the impairment of tangible assets subject to amortisation or depreciation whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Factors considered important that could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- Significant underperformance relative to historical or projected future operating results;
- Significant changes in the manner of the use of the acquired assets or strategy for the overall business; and
- · Significant negative industry or economic trends.

#### **Taxation**

Management judgement is required to estimate the availability and allocation of tax losses within the group, based upon the level of taxable profits across the group.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

3	Revenue		
	An analysis of the company's revenue is as follows:	2242	
		2019 £	2018 £
	Devenue analysed by along of bysiness	L	L
	Revenue analysed by class of business Rental income	1.664,947	1,633.846
	Remarincome		
4	Operating profit		
		2019	2018
	Operating profit for the period is stated after charging/(crediting):	£	£
	Depreciation of investment property	1.183,569	1,173,572
5	Income tax expense		
	·		2018 £
	·		
	Current tax		
	Current tax Adjustments in respect of prior periods	<u>-</u>	(161.361
		- ————— nent of comprehensiv	<del></del>
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods  The charge for the period can be reconciled to the profit per the staten	- ————— nent of comprehensiv 2019	e income as
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods  The charge for the period can be reconciled to the profit per the staten	,	<del></del>
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods  The charge for the period can be reconciled to the profit per the staten	2019	e income as
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods  The charge for the period can be reconciled to the profit per the staten follows:	2019 £	e income as 2018
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods  The charge for the period can be reconciled to the profit per the staten follows:	2019 £	e income as  2018 £
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods  The charge for the period can be reconciled to the profit per the staten follows:  Profit before taxation	2019 £ 523.812	e income as  2018 £ 408.669
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods  The charge for the period can be reconciled to the profit per the staten follows:  Profit before taxation  Expected tax charge based on a corporation tax rate of 19.00%	2019 £ 523.812	e income as  2018 £ 408.669
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods  The charge for the period can be reconciled to the profit per the statent follows:  Profit before taxation  Expected tax charge based on a corporation tax rate of 19.00% Adjustment in respect of prior years Group relief Depreciation on assets not qualifying for tax allowances	2019 £ 523.812 99,524 (228,383) 224,878	2018 £ 408,669 77,647 (161,361 (199,872
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods  The charge for the period can be reconciled to the profit per the statent follows:  Profit before taxation  Expected tax charge based on a corporation tax rate of 19.00% Adjustment in respect of prior years Group relief	2019 £ 523.812 99,524 (228,383)	e income as  2018 £  408,669  77,647 (161,361

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

6	Investment property		2019 £
	Cost At 30 April 2018 and 28 April 2019		24.523,500
	Accumulated depreciation At 30 April 2018		2,367,139
	Charge for the period		1,183.569
	At 28 April 2019		3,550,708
	Carrying value At 28 April 2019		20,972,792
	At 29 April 2018		22.156,361
	The fair value of the investment property as at 28 April 2019 was ematerially in line with carrying value.	estimated by managem	ent as being
7	Trade and other receivables	2019	2018
7	Trade and other receivables	2019 £	2018 £
7	Trade and other receivables  Other receivables		
7		£	£ 75,602
8		81,610 ————	75,602
	Other receivables	£	£ 75,602
	Other receivables	£ 81,610	75,602 
	Other receivables  Trade and other payables  Amounts due to fellow group undertakings	£ 81,610	75,602 2018 £ 21.265.392
	Other receivables  Trade and other payables  Amounts due to fellow group undertakings	£ 81,610  2019 £ 19,578.986  - 19,578,986	2018 £ 2018 £ 21.265.392 320,789 21.586.181
8	Other receivables  Trade and other payables  Amounts due to fellow group undertakings Accruals	£ 81,610  2019 £ 19,578.986  19,578,986	2018 £ 21.265.392 320,789 21.586.181

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2019

10	Retained earnings	2019	2018
		£	£
	At the beginning of the period	645,682	75.652
	Profit for the period	523,812	570,030
	At the end of the period	1,169.494	645.682
	•	<del></del> _	

#### 11 Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is M J W Ashley, by virtue of his 100% ownership of MASH Holdings Limited, the ultimate parent company. MASH Holdings Limited indirectly holds the majority of shares in Frasers Group plc, who own 100% of the share capital of SDI Property Limited (the immediate parent company).

Frasers Group ptc is the smallest company and MASH Holdings Limited is the largest company to consolidate these accounts. Both Frasers Group ptc and MASH Holdings Limited are companies registered in England and Wales. A copy of the group accounts can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.