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UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					~
Intangible assets	4		42,691		49,748
Tangible assets	5		53,897		52,856
Investments	6		250,000		-
		- -	346,588	_	102,604
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one	_	205 200			
year	7	225,000		225,000	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	482,548		208,284	
Cash at bank and in hand	8	845,325	_	1,232,081	
		1,552,873		1,665,365	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(786,385)		(795,559)	
Net current assets			766,488		869,806
Total assets less current liabilities		-	1,113,076	_	972,410
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one	10		(104,035)		(147,245)
year Provisions for liabilities	10		(104,033)		(147,243)
Deferred taxation	13	(8,216)		(8,309)	
			(8,216)		(8,309)
Net assets excluding pension asset		-	1,000,825	_	816,856
		-	1,000,825	_	816,856

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	2022	2021
	£	£
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	200	200
Share premium account	256,217	256,217
Profit and loss account	744,408	560,439
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		
Company	1,000,825	816,856
		
	1,000,825	816,856

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

D Showell
Director

Date: 20 December 2022

The notes on pages 5 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	6		446,077		446,077
		-	446,077	_	446,077
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand	8	45,686		50,150	
	•	45,686	_	50,150	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(199,810)		(194,810)	
Net current liabilities	-		(154,124)		(144,660)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	291,953	_	301,417
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(36,064)		(45,000)
Net assets excluding pension asset		-	255,889	_	256,417
Net assets		-	255,889	_	256,417

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

		2022 £	2021 £
		~	2
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		200	200
Share premium account	25	6,217	256,217
Profit for the year	129,390	135,016	
Other changes in the profit and loss account	(129,918)	(135,016)	
Profit and loss account carried forward		(528)	-
	25:	5,889	256,417

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

D Showell
Director

Date: 20 December 2022

The notes on pages 5 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. General information

Be Confident Limited (the Company) is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act.

The Company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the Company's registered office is The Old Vicarage, Valley End Road, Chobham, Woking, England, GU24 8TB.

The Company's functional and presentational currency is pounds sterling (GBP) and the financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound (£).

The principal activity of the Company is that of a holding company. The principal activity of the trading subsidiary, Cycle Confident Limited, is that of education, training and sales of bicycles and its other subsidiary Bikeright! Limited is that of providing cycle training.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own Statement of Comprehensive Income in these financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of the Company and its own subsidiaries ("the Group") as if they form a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the purchase method. In the Balance Sheet, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor
 effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.4 Operating leases: the Group as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

2.5 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Group operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Group has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Group in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and the Group operate and generate income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.7 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the Group's share of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income over its useful economic life of 10 years.

2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Plant and machinery -4 years
Motor vehicles -4-5 years
Fixtures and fittings -3 years
Office equipment -3-4 years
Computer equipment -2 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.9 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.10 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.12 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Group a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Group becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

2.14 Financial instruments

The Group only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.15 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 50 (2021 - 40).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4. Intangible assets

Group

	Goodwill
Cost	£
At 1 April 2021	98,066
At 31 March 2022	98,066
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2021	48,318
Charge for the year on owned assets	7,057
At 31 March 2022	55,375
Net book value	
At 31 March 2022	42,691
At 31 March 2021	49,748

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

5. Tangible fixed assets

Group

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles	Fixtures and fittings	Office equipment £	Computer equipment £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2021	24,450	126,367	14,120	45,232	20,993
Additions	•	26,245	-	-	3,407
At 31 March 2022	24,450	152,612	14,120	45,232	24,400
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2021	16,779	85,282	13,581	41,821	20,843
Charge for the year on owned assets	361	23,660	-	2,991	1,599
At 31 March 2022	17,140	108,942	13,581	44,812	22,442
Net book value					
At 31 March 2022	7,310	43,670	539	420	1,958
At 31 March 2021	7,671	41,085	539	3,411	150

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

5. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Total set or valuation 1 April 2021
231,16 1 April 2021 231,16 ditions 29,65 31 March 2022 260,81
1 April 2021 ditions 29,65 31 March 2022 260,81
29,65 31 March 2022 260,81
260,81 preciation
preciation
1 April 2021 178,30
arge for the year on owned assets 28,61
31 March 2022 206,91
t book value
31 March 2022 <u>53,89</u>
31 March 2021 52,85
e net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:
2022 202 €
otor vehicles 19,612 36,42

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

6. Fixed asset investments

Company

Investments in subsidiary companies

Cost or valuation

At 1 April 2021 446,077

446,077 At 31 March 2022

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

	Class of	
Registered office	shares	Holding
The Old Vicarage, Valley End	Ordinary	100
Road, Chobham, Woking,		%
England, GU24 8TB.		
Unit 4.01 The Boatshed, 22	Ordinary	100
Exchange Quay, Manchester,		%
M5 3EQ		
The Old Vicarage, Valley End	Ordinary	100
Road, Chobham, Woking,		%
England, GU24 8TB.		
	The Old Vicarage, Valley End Road, Chobham, Woking, England, GU24 8TB. Unit 4.01 The Boatshed, 22 Exchange Quay, Manchester, M5 3EQ The Old Vicarage, Valley End Road, Chobham, Woking.	Registered office shares The Old Vicarage, Valley End Ordinary Road, Chobham, Woking, England, GU24 8TB. Unit 4.01 The Boatshed, 22 Ordinary Exchange Quay, Manchester, M5 3EQ The Old Vicarage, Valley End Ordinary Road, Chobham, Woking,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

7.	Debtors				
				Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £
	Due after more than one year				
	Other debtors			225,000	225,000
				225,000	225,000
				Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £
	Due within one year				
	Trade debtors			472,406	183,685
	Other debtors			6,463	6,463
	Prepayments and accrued income			3,679	18,136
				482,548	208,284
8.	Cash and cash equivalents				
		Group	Group	Company	Company
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		£	£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	845,325	1,232,081	45,686	50,150
		845,325	1,232,081	45,686	50,150

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year				
		Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
	Bank loans	30,000	21,666	10,000	5,000
	Trade creditors	4,829	32,512	-	-
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	189,810	189,810
	Corporation tax	65,674	42,834	-	-
	Other taxation and social security	216,521	357,347	-	-
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	15,129	15,129	-	-
	Other creditors	38,719	37,890	-	-
	Accruals and deferred income	415,513	288,181	-	-
		786,385	795,559	199,810	194,810
10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one ye	еаг			
		Group 2022	Group 2021	Company 2022	Company 2021
		£	£	£	£
	Bank loans	100,253	128,334	36,064	45,000
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase				

3,782

104,035

contracts

18,911

147,245

36,064

45,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

11. Loans

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
Amounts falling due within one year				
Bank loans	30,000	21,666	10,000	5,000
Amounts falling due 1-2 years				
Bank loans	30,000	30,000	10,000	10,000
Amounts falling due 2-5 years				
Bank loans	70,253	90,000	26,064	30,000
Amounts falling due after more than 5 years				
Bank loans	-	8,334	-	5,000
	130,253	150,000	46,064	50,000

12. Hire purchase and finance leases

Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £
Within one year	15,129	15,129
Between 1-5 years	3,782	18,911
	18,911	34,040

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

13. Deferred taxation

Group

		2022 £
At beginning of year Charged to profit or loss		(8,309) 93
At end of year		(8,216)
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
Accelerated capital allowances Pension surplus	Group 2022 £ (8,902) 686	Group 2021 £ (8,484) 175
	(8,216)	(8,309)

14. Pension commitments

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately

from those of the group in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the group to the fund and amounted to £12,655 (2021 - £11,130).

Contributions totalling £5,881 (2021 - £2,235) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

15. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2022 the Group and the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	Group	Group
	2022	2021
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	71,501	84,777
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	6,483	59,362
	77,984	144,139

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

16. Controlling party

The Company and the Group is controlled by its sole director D A Showell.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.