Unaudited Financial Statements
16 months Ended
30 June 2017

Company Number 10071813

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Registered number: 10071813

Balance sheet As at 30 June 2017

	Note		2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4		989
		-	989
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	14,757	
	•	14,757	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(540,615)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets	•		(525,858)
Total assets less current liabilities		_	(524,869)
Net (liabilities)/assets		-	(524,869)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital			100
Profit and loss account			(524,969)
		_	(524,869)

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the 16 months in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

R M Turnbull Director

Date: 11/12/17

The notes on pages 2 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements For the 16 months ended 30 June 2017

1. General information

Adherium Europe Limited is a private company incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act. It is a company limited by shares. The address of the registered office is 31 Chertsey Street, Guildford, Surrey, GU1 4HD.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

At the balance sheet date the company had net current liabilities of £524,869. The ability of the company to continue trading is dependent on the continued support of the parent company.

The parent company have confirmed they will continue to provide the support and on this basis consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from the withdrawal of support by the parent company.

2.3 Turnover

No turnover has been generated for the period. The company is responsible for business development and moving forward, the sale of the parent, Adherium Limited's products. Turnover will comprise of revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, as shown below.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings

15% on a straight line basis per annum

Computer equipment - 33% on a reducing balance basis per annum

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

Notes to the financial statements For the 16 months ended 30 June 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.7 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Notes to the financial statements For the 16 months ended 30 June 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.10 Operating leases: the company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the statement of income and retained earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.11 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the 16 months was 4.

Notes to the financial statements For the 16 months ended 30 June 2017

4.	Tangible fixed assets			
		Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment £	Total £
	Cost or valuation			
	Additions	1,067	524	1,591
	Disposals	•	(399)	(399)
	At 30 June 2017	1,067	125	1,192
	Depreciation			
	Charge for the peiod	161	119	280
	Disposals	-	(77)	(77)
	At 30 June 2017	161	42	203
	Net book value			
	At 30 June 2017	906		989
5.	Debtors			
				2017 £
	Other debtors			11,801
	Prepayments and accrued income			2,956
			=	14,757
6.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year			
				2017 £
	Trade creditors			19,338
	Amounts owed to group undertakings			513,547
	Other creditors		_	7,730
			_	540,615
			-	

Notes to the financial statements For the 16 months ended 30 June 2017

7. Share capital

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Shares classified as equity

Allotted, called up and fully paid

1 Ordinary share of £100

100

Upon incorporation £100 ordinary shares of £1 each were issued at par value.

8. Related party transactions

At the year end the company owed £513,547 to Adherium Limited, the parent company.

9. Controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Adherium Limited which is the ultimate parent company incorporated in Australia.