Registration number: 10048011

# **Spectrum Photographic Limited**

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

# LUCRAFT HODGSON DAWES

Lucraft Hodgson & Dawes LLP Ground Floor 19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF

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# **Company Information**

**Directors** Ms Klair Elizabeth Bird

Mr Paul Lowe Ms Hazel Watts

Registered office Ground Floor

19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF

Accountants Lucraft Hodgson & Dawes LLP

Ground Floor 19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF

(Registration number: 10048011)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>3</u>	19,284	17,001
Current assets			
Stocks	4	13,922	10,883
Debtors	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	53,423	28,353
Cash at bank and in hand		44,510	71,605
		111,855	110,841
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(79,725)	(71,109)
Net current assets		32,130	39,732
Total assets less current liabilities		51,414	56,733
Provisions for liabilities		(2,656)	(3,097)
Net assets		48,758	53,636
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		150	150
Profit and loss account		48,608	53,486
Total equity		48,758	53,636

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 10048011)
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

Approved and authorised by the Board on 30 July 2019 and signed on its behalf by:		
Mr Paul Lowe		
Director		
The notes on pages 4 to 9 form an integral part of these financial statements.  Page 3		

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Ground Floor 19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF England

The principal place of business is: Ground Lower Floor Unit Frederick House 42 Frederick Place Brighton BN1 4EA

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 30 July 2019.

#### 2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### **Asset class**

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings Computer equipment

#### Depreciation method and rate

25% on reducing balance 25% on reducing balance 33% on reducing balance

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3	Tang	gibl	e a	ssets
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	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other property, plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2018	15,649	14,093	29,742
Additions	2,826	5,568	8,394
At 31 March 2019	18,475	19,661	38,136
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2018	6,575	6,166	12,741
Charge for the year	2,803	3,308	6,111
At 31 March 2019	9,378	9,474	18,852
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2019	9,097	10,187	19,284
At 31 March 2018	9,074	7,927	17,001
4 Stocks			
		2019 £	2018 £
Other inventories		13,922	10,883
5 Debtors			

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	45,809	20,621
Prepayments	7,614	7,732
	53,423	28,353

### 6 Creditors

### Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>7</u>	361	9,119
Trade creditors	_	27,864	20,910
Social security and other taxes		19,501	16,298
Outstanding defined contribution pension costs		376	-
Other payables		1,827	17
Accrued expenses		800	800
Corporation tax liability		21,639	22,250
Payments on account		7,357	1,715
		79,725	71,109

#### 7 Loans and borrowings

	2019	2018
	£	£
Current loans and borrowings		
Other borrowings	361	9,119

# 8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

#### Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £30,459 (2018 - £29,328). At the balance sheet date the company has operating lease commitments in the above amount which are payable over the total remaining term of the leases.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

9	Related party transactions		
Transactions with directors			
Oi	her transactions with directors		

During the year the directors provided the company with a loan. The loan was interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand. The amount outstanding at the balance sheet date was £361, (2018: £9,120).

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