

Company registration number: 10044630

Alula Consulting Limited

Unaudited abridged financial statements

31 March 2017

REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES



Statement of consent to prepare abridged financial statements

All of the members of Alula Consulting Limited have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of financial position for the current year ending 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Alula Consulting Limited

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Alula Consulting Limited

Directors and other information

Directors	Eva Eisenschimmel John Soones
Company number	10044630
Registered office	2 Beverley Court 26 Elmtree Road Teddington Middlesex TW11 8ST
Business address	1A Ormond Crescent Hampton Middlesex TW12 2TJ
Accountants	Bradbury Stell Unit 2 Beverley Court 26 Elmtree Road Teddington Middlesex TW11 8ST

Alula Consulting Limited

**Abridged statement of financial position
31 March 2017**

	Note	2017 £	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	900	
		<hr/>	900
Current assets			
Debtors		20,034	
Cash at bank and in hand		162,578	
		<hr/>	
		182,612	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		<hr/>	
		(72,594)	
Net current assets			110,018
Total assets less current liabilities			<hr/>
			110,918
Provisions for liabilities			(180)
Net assets			<hr/>
			110,738
Capital and reserves			
Profit and loss account			110,738
Shareholders funds			<hr/>
			110,738

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

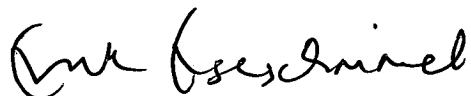
In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Alula Consulting Limited

Abridged statement of financial position (continued)
31 March 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 July 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Eva Eisenschimmel', written in a cursive style.

Eva Eisenschimmel
Director

Company registration number: 10044630

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Alula Consulting Limited

**Statement of changes in equity
Year ended 31 March 2017**

	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 April 2016	-	-
Profit for the year	241,388	241,388
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>241,388</u>	<u>241,388</u>
Dividends paid and payable	(130,650)	(130,650)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	<u>(130,650)</u>	<u>(130,650)</u>
At 31 March 2017	<u><u>110,738</u></u>	<u><u>110,738</u></u>

Alula Consulting Limited

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in UK. The address of the registered office is 2 Beverley Court, 26 Elmtree Road, Teddington, Middlesex, TW11 8ST.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

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Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

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Notes to the financial statements (continued) **Year ended 31 March 2017**

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

Depreciation of tangible assets

2017

£

300

Alula Consulting Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Year ended 31 March 2017

5. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2016	-
Additions	1,200
At 31 March 2017	<u>1,200</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2016	-
Charge for the year	300
At 31 March 2017	<u>300</u>
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017	<u><u>900</u></u>

6. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2017		
	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£
Eva Eisenschimmel	-	10,034	10,034
John Soones	-	10,000	10,000
	<u>-</u>	<u>20,034</u>	<u>20,034</u>