Registered number 10029618

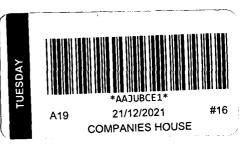
#### **Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited**

**Directors' Report and Financial Statements** 

For the year ended 30 June 2021

(TO BE FILED WITH

HERMES PARADISE CIRCUS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP-LPOIT 290)



Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2021 Contents

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Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2021 Company Information

#### **Directors**

R Carnan C R A Darroch C M Taylor T O Jackson I A Panova

#### **Company Secretary**

Hermes Secretariat Limited

#### Registered office

150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET

#### **Auditor**

KPMG LLP Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5GL

#### Registered number

10029618

#### Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2021 Directors' Report

#### **Financial statements**

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021. The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council and section 1A as applicable to small entities and therefore taking the exemption from preparing a strategic report and equity statement.

A copy of the latest accounts for Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership, a Qualifying Partnership under The Companies and Partnership (Accounts and Audit) Regulations 2013, are appended to the Company's report and financial statements and will be sent to the Registrar in accordance with S441 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served throughout the year are as stated in the Company Information.

#### Principal activity, review of business and future developments

The Company commenced trading on 26 February 2016 and is registered in the United Kingdom. The principal activity of the company is that of a General Partner of Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership which is currently developing commercial investment property.

The share capital of the company is jointly held by Britel Fund Nominees Limited and CPPIB US RE-1, Inc.

The directors do not foresee any changes to the company's investment or activity in the forthcoming year. The company had no employees during the year.

#### **Going Concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of going concern, as the directors intend Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership to continue to develop and hold its investment property for the foreseeable future.

Under the Limited Partnership Deed of Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership, the Limited Partnership meets the General Partner's expenses by distributing amounts equal to all costs and expenses incurred by the General Partner from time to time in relation to the conduct of its affairs.

The directors are satisfied that, at the time of approving the financial statements, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The directors have assessed the going concern assumption including the impact of COVID 19 on the operations of the Company. As the Company is dependent on the Limited Partnership, the directors have made the necessary inquiries and have prepared the cash flow forecasts incorporating severe plausible downside scenarios of the Limited Partnership for the 12 months ending the date of the report. Based on the assumptions made and the cash-flow forecasts prepared, the directors have concluded that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risk of the General Partner is based on their income being dependent on the Limited Partner. Therefore unforeseen changes in property value patterns which could potentially have a material impact on the business of the Limited Partnership will directly impact the General Partner. The business mitigates these risks through balanced development and investment strategies under the direction of property specialists with significant industry experience.

Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2021 Directors' Report

#### **Results**

The results of the company for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 9.

#### **Disclosure of information to Auditor**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

• so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

Approved by the Board on 23 November 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

Clinis Darroch
\_\_21B4837152D24C5...

C Darroch Director

24 November 2021

Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2021

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in Respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- •Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- ·make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related t going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to ceas operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES PARADISE CIRCUS GP ONE LIMITED

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited ("the company") for the year ended 30 June 2021, which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- · give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2021 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards applicable to smaller entities, including Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard, and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out in note 1 to the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate:
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES PARADISE CIRCUS GP ONE LIMITED (continued)

#### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors and inspection of policy documentation as to the Company's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- · Reading Board minutes;
- · Considering remuneration incentive schemes and performance targets for management.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because the calculation of the revenue is non-judgmental and straightforward, with limited opportunity for manipulation.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We also performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included all post-closing entries.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors (as required by auditing standards) and other management and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of noncompliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies' legislation), distributable profits and taxation legislation. We assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: data protection and certain aspects of company legislation recognising the nature of the Company's activities and its legal form.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore, if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES PARADISE CIRCUS GP ONE LIMITED (continued)

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws or regulation.

#### **Directors' Report**

The directors are responsible for the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- · we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in that report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- The directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES PARADISE CIRCUS GP ONE LIMITED (continued)

#### Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:

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Craig Steven-Jennings (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor **Chartered Accountants** 15 Canada Square **Canary Wharf** London E14 5GL

24 November 2021

#### Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2021 Profit and Loss Account

	Notes	Year Ended 30 June 2021	Year Ended 30 June 2020
		£	£
Revenue	2	6,112	9,219
Administrative expenses		(6,112)	(9,219)
Operating profit	3	-	•
Profit on ordinary activities	• •		

There were no recognised gains and losses for the current year or previous period other than those included in the Profit and Loss Account, and as a result no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

All amounts derive from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 11 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

#### Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited Balance sheet As at 30 June 2021

	Notes	As at 30 June 2021	As at 30 June 2020
	Motes	£	£
Current assets		_	_
Debtors	6	100	100
Net current assets		100	100
Net assets		100	100
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	100	100
Profit and loss account	8	-	-
Shareholders' funds		100	100

Company number: 10029618

The notes on pages 11 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 23 November 2021 and signed on their behalf by:

C Darroch
Director

Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited

24 November 2021

#### 1 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies of Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited (the "Company") are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the current year.

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 *The Financial Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* ("FRS 102") as applicable to small entities and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The functional and presentational currency of Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited is considered to be pounds sterling as this is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Partnership operates.

#### Goina concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of going concern, as the directors intend Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership to continue to develop and hold its investment property for the foreseeable future.

Under the Limited Partnership Deed of Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership, the Limited Partnership meets the General Partner's expenses by distributing amounts equal to all costs and expenses incurred by the General Partner from time to time in relation to the conduct of its affairs.

The directors are satisfied that, at the time of approving the financial statements, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The directors have assessed the going concern assumption including the impact of COVID 19 on the operations of the Company. As the Company is dependant on the Limited Partnership, the directors have made the necessary inquiries and have prepared cash flow forecasts incorporating severe plausible downside scenarios of the Limited Partnership for the 12 months ending the date of the report. Based on the assumptions made and the cash-flow forecasts prepared, the directors have concluded that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### Revenue

Revenue represents the priority profit share receivable from Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, and is recognised on an accruals basis.

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at transaction value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

#### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at transaction value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of exemptions available under FRS 102 not to present a cash flow statement as it meets the definition of a small entity as set out in FRS 102.

#### Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of exemptions available under FRS 102 whereby transactions with and between wholly owned subsidiaries are not required to be disclosed. There are no other related party transactions.

#### Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 2 Revenue

	Year Ended 30 June 2021	Year Ended 30 June 2020
	£	£
Profit share received	6,112	9,219
3 Auditor's remuneration		
This has been arrived at after charging:	Year Ended 30 June 2021 £	Year Ended 30 June 2020 £
Auditor's remuneration for audit services	5,750	8,602

There were no non-audit services provided by the Company's auditors (2020: £nil).

#### 4 Employees

The company had no employees during the year (2020: nil).

#### 5 Directors' emoluments

None of the directors received any emoluments in respect of their services to the company during the year (2020: nil).

6 Debtors		
	Year Ended	Year Ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£	£
Amounts due from related parties (note 9)	100	100
7 Called up share capital		
	As at 30 June	As at 30 June 2020
	£	£
Allotted and called		
50 "A" shares of £1 each	50	50
29 Director non-voting "B" shares of £1 each	29	29
21 full voting "B" shares of £1 each	21	21
-	100	100

<sup>&</sup>quot;A" shares have full voting rights as set out in the Articles of Association.

Director non-voting "B" shares have all the same rights as "A" shares and full voting "B" shares except the holder of director non-voting "B" shares may not vote in the appointment or removal of directors of the company.

Full voting "B" shares have full voting rights as set out in the Articles of Association.

#### 8 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Shareholders' funds
At 30 June 2020	100	-	100
Issued share capital	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	-
As at 30 June 2021	100	-	100
9 Related parties			
As at 30 June 2021 the following amounts were	e outstanding:	As at 30 June 2021 £	As at 30 June 2020 £
Amounts due from Hermes Paradise Circus Lin	nited Partnership	100	100
This amount represents £100 (2020: £100) call	ed up share capital.		

#### 10 Ultimate parent company

The directors regard the BT Pension Scheme (a UK pension scheme with scheme registration number 100850030) and Canada Pension Plan Investment Board (a Canadian crown corporation) as the immediate and ultimate joint controlling entities.

Copies of Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited accounts are available from 150 Cheapside, London EC2V 6ET. Copies of the BT Pension Scheme accounts One America Square, 17 Crosswall, London, EC3N 2LS.

The address of Canada Pension Plan Investment Board is One Queen Street East, Suite 2500, Toronto, ON, M5C 2W5, Canada where copies of Canada Pension Plan Investment Board's accounts are available.

#### 11 Events after the balance sheet date

There were no significant events occuring after the balance sheet date but before the signing of this report.

# Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership General Partners' Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2021

(TO BE FILED WITH

HERMES PARADISE CIRCUS GP ONE LIMITED

- 10029618)

#### Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2021 Contents

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# Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership Partnership Information

#### **General Partners**

Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited 150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET

Hermes Paradise Circus GP Two Limited 150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET

#### **Registered Office**

150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET

#### Operator

Hermes Investment Management Limited 150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET

#### **Auditor**

KPMG LLP Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5GL

#### Registered number

LP017290

# Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership General Partners' Report

The General Partners present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021. This Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council and section 1A as applicable to small entities and therefore taking the exemption from preparing a strategic report.

Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership ("the Partnership") is regulated by an Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Deed dated 29 November 2017.

#### **Principal activities**

The Partnership commenced trading on 9 March 2016 and is registered in England. The principal activity during the year was to develop commercial investment property. The General Partners do not foresee any material changes in the scope or nature of the Partnership's activities for the forthcoming year.

#### Review of the business

The results for the year are set out in the Profit and Loss Account on page 9. The turnover for the year was £6,685,828 (2020: £3,265,652) and profit for the year before unrealised gains was £5,199,626 (2020: £928,955).

No distributions were paid during the year to the partners. At the year end no distributions remained unpaid.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of going concern, as the General Partners intend Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership to continue to develop and hold commercial investment property for the foreseeable future. The Partnership has predictable cash flows deriving from monthly contractual drawdowns from the Limited Partners which will enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due.

The General Partners are satisfied that at the time of approving the financial statements it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### **Brexit disclosure**

The United Kingdom has officially left the European Union on 31 January 2020 ("Brexit"); however, under the agreed transitional agrangements, all relevant rules and regulations will currently remain in place until 31 December 2020. It is currently not practicable to forecast with certainity how the value of, or the cash flows arising from, assumption involved in the Company's assets might be affected by Brexit. Consequently, it is currently not possible to accurately quantify the possible effect of Brexit on the Company.

#### The Partners

The capital of the Partnership has been provided by the Partners in the following amounts:

	Capital and loan advances		Holding	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited	£0.00	£0.00	0%	0%
Hermes Paradise Circus GP Two Limited	£0.00	£0.00	0%	0%
Britel Fund Trustees Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust)	£3,829,035	£10,094,217	50%	50%
CPP Investment Board Real Estate Holdings Inc.	£3,829,035	£10,094,217	50%	50%

Under the terms of the Partnership Agreement, the net income or loss and net realised capital gain or loss shall be allocated between the Partners at each quarter end in proportion to their percentage interests.

#### Capital and loan advances

Loan advances of £7,658,070 (2020: £20,188,434) were made to the Partnership during the year by the Partners.

#### Results

The results of the Partnership for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 9.

#### **Events after the Balance Sheet date**

There were no significant events since the balance sheet date.

#### **Future developments**

The General Partners expect the general level of activity to continue in the forthcoming year.

#### Duration

The Partnership will continue indefinitely unless terminated in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement.

#### **Political contributions**

The Partnership did not make any political donations or incur any political expenditure during the year (2020: £nil).

#### Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership General Partners' Report (continued)

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Partnership's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that market prices of investment properties change. The General Partners mitigate this risk through balanced investment strategies under the direction of property specialists with significant industry experience.

#### Credit risk

The Partnership's principal financial assets are cash and deposits, debtors and work in progress.

The Partnership's credit risk is primarily attributable to its debtors. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful debts. An allowance for impairment is made when there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of cash flows.

The credit risk on cash and deposits is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

#### Liquidity risk

The Partnership is financed by Partners' loans and capital. The Partnership maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements at all times.

#### **Auditor**

The General Partners at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- so far as the General Partners are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware; and
- the General Partners have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a General Partners in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of that information.

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

Approved by the General Partners on 23 November 2021 and signed on their behalf by:

-DocuSigned by:

Clinis Darroch

For Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited Chris Darroch (Director)

24 November 2021

# Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership Statement of the General Partners' responsibilities in respect of the General Partners' Report and the Financial Statements

The general partners are responsible for preparing the General Partners' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulation 2008 require the general partners to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with Part 15 and Chapter 1 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Under that law the general partners have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

Under company law the general partners must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the partnership and of the profit or loss of the partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the general partners are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the qualifying partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The general partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the qualifying partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the qualifying partnership and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the qualifying partnership and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES PARADISE CIRCUS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership ("the qualifying partnership") for the year ended 30 June 2021 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Partnership Funds and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the qualifying partnership's affairs as at 30 June 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reportin Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnership by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under and are independent of the qualifying partnership in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### Going concern

The general partner has prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the qualifying partnership or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the qualifying partnership's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the general partner's conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the qualifying partnership's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the qualifying partnership's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- We consider that the general partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- •We have not identified, and concur with the general partner's assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES PARADISE CIRCUS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP (CONTINUED)

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the qualifying partnership will continue in operation.

#### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included: •Enquiring of the director of the general partner and inspection of policy documentation as to the qualifying partnership's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.

- ·Reading Board meeting minutes.
- •Considering remuneration incentive schemes and performance targets for management.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards, and taking into account our overall knowledge of the control environment, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because the calculation of the revenue is non-judgmental and straightforward, with limited opportunity for manipulation.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We also performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included all post-closing journals.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, and through discussion with the directors of the general partner and other management (as required by auditing standards), and from inspection of the qualifying partnership's regulatory and legal correspondence and discussed with the directors of the general partner and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of noncompliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the qualifying partnership is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related partnership legislation), distributable profits legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the qualifying partnership is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation or the loss of the qualifying partnership's authority to operate. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: property laws and building legislation recognising the nature of the qualifying partnership's activities and its legal form. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors of the general partner and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES PARADISE CIRCUS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP (CONTINUED)

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

#### General partner's report

The general partner is responsible for the general partner's report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon

Our responsibility is to read the general partner's report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- ·We have not identified material misstatements in that report;
- •in our opinion the information given in the general partner's report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements: and
- •in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branche not visited by us; or
- •the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of members' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- •We have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the general partner were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption, as applied to qualifyin partnerships, from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### General partners' responsibilities

As explained more fully in the their statement set out on page 4, the general partner is responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the qualifying partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES PARADISE CIRCUS LIMITED PARTNERSHIP (CONTINUED)

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the qualifying partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as required by regulation 4 of the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the qualifying partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the qualifying partnership and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

-DocuSigned by:

লৈরপ্রি জার্টি প্রার্থনি শ্রিছিল inings (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5GL

24 November 2021

#### Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Note	Year Ended 30 June 2021 £	Year Ended 30 June 2020 £
Revenue Service charge income Property expenses	2 2	6,685,828 1,358,449 (2,557,777)	3,265,652 312,149 (2,236,487)
Gross Profit	_	5,486,500	1,341,314
Administrative expenses		(583,790)	(412,359)
Operating Profit	3 -	4,902,710	928,955
Unrealised gains on revaluation of investment property	4	10,632,613	18,352,066
Profit before distributions	_	15,535,323	19,281,021
Distributions			-
Profit for the year attributable to partners	_	15,535,323	19,281,021

There were no recognised gains and losses for the current year or previous period other than those included in the Profit and Loss Account, and as a result no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

All amounts derive from continuing operations.

Notes 1 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

#### Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership Balance Sheet As at 30 June 2021

	Note	As at 30 June 2021 £	As at 30 June 2020 £
Non-current assets			
Investment property	4	162,539,700	148,023,093
Current assets			
Debtors	5	13,137,627	4,111,356
Cash at bank and in hand	•	761,165	357,957
		13,898,792	4,469,313
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(1,806,448)	(1,053,755)
Net current assets		12,092,344	3,415,558
Net assets attributable to Partners		174,632,044	151,438,651
Capital and liabilities due to Partners			
Capital	_	2.242	0.040
Partners' capital accounts	7	3,810	3,810
Liabilities due to Partners			
Partners' loan accounts	7	132,766,588	125,108,518
Profit and Loss	7	3,605,554	(1,297,156)
Revaluation reserve	7	38,256,092	27,623,479
Partnership funds		174,632,044	151,438,651

Notes 1 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements of Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership (registered number LP017290) were approved by the General Partners and authorised for issue on 23 November 2021. They were signed on its behalf by:

--- DocuSigned by:

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For Hermes Paradise Circus GP One and GP Two Limited

**Chris Darroch** 

Director

24 November 2021

#### Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership Statement of Changes in Partnership Funds For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Capital accounts	Loan accounts	Profit and Loss	Revaluation reserve	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 July 2019	3,810	104,920,084	(2,226,111)	9,271,413	111,969,196
Additions	-	20,188,434	-	-	20,188,434
Profit for the year	-	_	19,281,021	-	19,281,021
Transfer to revaluation reserve	-	-	(18,352,066)	18,352,066	-
Balance at 30 June 2020	3,810	125,108,518	(1,297,156)	27,623,479	151,438,651
	£	£	£		£
Balance at 1 July 2020	3,810	125,108,518	(1,297,156)	27,623,479	151,438,651
Additions	, =	7,658,070	-		7,658,070
Profit for the year	-	•	15,535,323		15,535,323
Transfer to revaluation reserve	-	-	(10,632,613)	10,632,613	•
Balance at 30 June 2021	3,810	132,766,588	3,605,554	38,256,092	174,632,044

Notes 1 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

#### 1 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the current year.

#### Basis of accounting

Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership is a Partnership registered and incorporated in the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is given on page 1. The nature of the Partnership's operations and its principal activities are set out in the General Partners' Report on page 2.

The financial statements have been prepared under Regulation 4 of the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 and Companies Act 2006 as applicable to qualifying partnerships.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified by the revaluation of investment properties to fair value, and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council as applicable to smaller entities.

The functional and presentational currency of Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Partnership operates.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and per Section 1A of the FRS 102 as applicable to small entities.

#### Going concern

The Partnership is in a net current asset position as at 30 June 2021 of £12,389,260 (2020: £3,415,558). The Limited Partners have indicated their willingness to make available financing to enable the Partnership to meet its working capital requirements for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

The General Partners have prepared a cash flow forecasts for the Partnership for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. In this forecast, the General Partners have taken account of the implications of COVID-19 which impacted the cash flows from rental income. The General Partners have modelled a severe but plausible downside scenario in respect of the Partnership's cash flows and incorporating mitigating actions. The result of this forecast indicates that, in this scenario, the Partnership's cash needs are still within the available financial resources.

In preparing this forecast, the General Partners have taken into account the following key business risks and uncertainties:

- Market risks on demand and supply;
- Yield shift movements: and
- Increased capital expenditure required to maintain the assets.

Having taken into account the risks and uncertainties, including the impact of COVID that exist within the business, the General Partners have concluded that the Partnership has adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the General Partners have concluded that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Partnership becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at transaction value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

A provision for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when they are specifically identified.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at transaction value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

No taxation is provided as the tax liabilities on the Partnership's profits are a liability of the Partners and not of the Partnership.

#### Cash and deposits

Cash and deposits includes cash at bank, cash on hand and overnight deposits.

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Cashflow statement

The partnership has taken advantage of exemptions available under FRS 102 not to present a cashflow statement as it meets the definition of a small entity as set out in FRS 102.

#### Revenue

Property related income is derived from continuing operations in the United Kingdom and are attributable to one activity, the ownership of investment properties. Property related income is accounted for on an accruals basis and recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, net of any discounts, VAT and other related taxes.

Service charge income and expenditure is accounted for on a gross basis, consistent with the Partnership's status as Principal for the service charge operations at its investment properties.

#### Leases

Rent receivable under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are similarly spread on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Partnership's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the General Partners are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

There were no critical judgements, estimate or assumptions made by the General Partners in the current accounting period in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies and preparing the financial statements.

#### Valuation of investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value, determined by market values in accordance with valuations carried out by independent valuers. Valuations are based on a number of key assumptions including an estimate of future rental income and an appropriate discount rate.

The report of external valuer contains a material uncertainty statement, which is in line with RICS guidance. See Note 4 for further details.

2	Revenue	Year Ended 30 June 2021	Year Ended 30 June 2020
	Revenue Service charge income	6,685,828 1,358,449 8,044,277	3,265,652 312,149 3,577,801
3	Operating Profit	Year Ended 30 June 2021 £	Year Ended 30 June 2020 £
	This is stated after charging:	~	~
	Auditor's remuneration	13,800_	13,620

As of 30 June 2021, there are no non-audit services provided by the Partnership's auditors.

#### 4 Investment property

, , ,	Leasehold land and buildings £	Lease Incentives £	Total £
Valuation			
At 1 July 2020	151,500,000	(3,476,907)	148,023,093
Additions	3,883,994	-	3,883,994
Revaluation	10,632,613	-	10,632,613
Tenant Incentives	7,208,393	(7,208,393)	· •
At 30 June 2021	173,225,000	(10,685,300)	162,539,700
Historic cost			
At 30 June 2021	124,283,608	_	124,283,608

The Partnership's investment properties as at 30 June 2021 were valued by CBRE Limited, qualified valuers, on a market basis at £173,225,000. The valuations were carried out in accordance with the RICS Valuation Red Book. CBRE Limited has recent experience in the location and class of the investment property being valued.

At 30 June 2021 the Partnership had entered into non-cancellable contractual commitments in respect of investment properties of £14,906,252 (2020: £10,012,236).

All of the investment properties have been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. The following table shows the significant unobservable inputs used in measuring the fair value of investment property:

Significant unobservable inputs	Impact on the valuation
Yields	Fair Value would decrease if the yield was increased and
	increase if the yield was reduced.
Occupancy	Fair Value would increase if the occupancy was increased and
	decrease if the occupancy was reduced.
ERVs	Fair Value would increase if the ERVs were increased and
	decrease if the ERVs were reduced.

5	Debtors			
5	Debtors		As at 30 June	As at 30 June
			2021	2020
			£	£
	VAT receivable		680,478	144,925
	Trade debtors		1,019,799	350,325
	Prepayments		772,160	84,435
	Lease Incentives		10,685,300	3,476,907
	Other debtors		(20,110)	54,764
			13,137,627	4,111,356
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		As at 30 June	As at 30 June
			2021	2020
			£	£020
	<b>-</b>		4 405 405	CE 4 720
	Trade creditors		1,105,425	654,738
	Amounts due to related parties (Note 9)		(200) 117,324	200
	Deferred Income Other Creditors		296,916	-
	Accruals		286,583	398,817
	Accidate		1,806,048	1,053,755
7	Canital and liabilities due to Portners			
7	Capital and liabilities due to Partners	Britel Fund		
		Trustees		
			CPP Investment	
		Limited (as	CPP Investment Board Real	
		Limited (as trustee of Britel	<b>Board Real</b>	Total
		Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit	Board Real Estate Holdings	Total £
	Partners' Capital accounts	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust)	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc.	
	Partners' Capital accounts At 1 July 2020	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust)	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc.	
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £	£ 3,810
	At 1 July 2020	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £	£
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £	£ 3,810
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' Loan accounts At 1 July 2020	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £  1,905	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £  1,905	3,810 - - 3,810 125,108,518
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' Loan accounts At 1 July 2020 Advanced during the year	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £  1,905  - 1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £ 1,905 - 1,905 62,554,259 3,829,035	3,810 - 3,810 125,108,518 7,658,070
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' Loan accounts At 1 July 2020	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £  1,905	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £  1,905	3,810 - - 3,810 125,108,518
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' Loan accounts At 1 July 2020 Advanced during the year At 30 June 2021	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £  1,905  - 1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £ 1,905 - 1,905 62,554,259 3,829,035	3,810 - 3,810 125,108,518 7,658,070
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' Loan accounts At 1 July 2020 Advanced during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' profit and loss and revaluation reserve	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £  1,905  1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035 66,383,294	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £  1,905  1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035  66,383,294	3,810 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' Loan accounts At 1 July 2020 Advanced during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' profit and loss and revaluation reserve At 1 July 2020	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £  1,905	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £  1,905  1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035 66,383,294	3,810 
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' Loan accounts At 1 July 2020 Advanced during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' profit and loss and revaluation reserve At 1 July 2020 Profit for the year	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £  1,905 - 1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035 66,383,294  13,163,161 2,451,355	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £  1,905  1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035 66,383,294  13,163,162 2,451,355	3,810 
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' Loan accounts At 1 July 2020 Advanced during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' profit and loss and revaluation reserve At 1 July 2020 Profit for the year Revaluation gain	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £  1,905 - 1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035 66,383,294  13,163,161 2,451,355 5,316,307	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £  1,905  1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035 66,383,294  13,163,162 2,451,355 5,316,307	3,810 - 3,810 - 3,810 - 125,108,518 7,658,070 132,766,588  26,326,323 4,902,710 10,632,613
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' Loan accounts At 1 July 2020 Advanced during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' profit and loss and revaluation reserve At 1 July 2020 Profit for the year	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £  1,905 - 1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035 66,383,294  13,163,161 2,451,355	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £  1,905  1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035 66,383,294  13,163,162 2,451,355	3,810 
	At 1 July 2020 Contributions during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' Loan accounts At 1 July 2020 Advanced during the year At 30 June 2021  Partners' profit and loss and revaluation reserve At 1 July 2020 Profit for the year Revaluation gain	Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust) £  1,905 - 1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035 66,383,294  13,163,161 2,451,355 5,316,307	Board Real Estate Holdings Inc. £  1,905  1,905  62,554,259 3,829,035 66,383,294  13,163,162 2,451,355 5,316,307	3,810 - 3,810 - 3,810 - 125,108,518 7,658,070 132,766,588  26,326,323 4,902,710 10,632,613

#### 8 Future minimum lease receivables

At the balance sheet date the Partnership had the following future minimum lease rental income receivable under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following years:

	cancellable operating leades for each of the following years.		
		As at 30 June	As at 30 June
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Not later than one year	61,562	13,493
	Later than one year and not later than five years	28,883,374	14,632,972
	Later than five years	94,917,392	77,932,056
	•	123,862,328	92,578,521
9	Related parties	<del></del>	
	• •	As at 30 June	As at 30 June
		2021	2020
		£	£
	As at year end the following amounts were outstanding:		
	Amounts due to Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited	100	100
	Amounts due to Hermes Paradise Circus GP Two Limited	100	100
		200	200

These amounts represent £100 (2020: £100) called up share capital, and £nil (2020: £nil) priority profit share payable to each of the General Partners, as well as £nil (2020: £nil) audit fees and £nil (2020: £nil) other administrative expenses payable by each of the General Partners.

#### 10 Controlling party

The General Partners of Hermes Paradise Circus Limited Partnership are Hermes Paradise Circus GP One Limited and Hermes Paradise Circus GP Two Limited.

The General Partners regard the BT Pension Scheme and Canada Pension Plan Investment Board (a Canadian crown corporation) as the ultimate joint controlling entities.

Copies of BT Pension Scheme accounts are available from One America Square, 17 Crosswall, London, EC3N 2LS. The address of Canada Pension Plan Investment Board is One Queen Street East, Suite 2500, Toronto, ON, M5C 2W5, Canada where copies of Canada Pension Plan Investment Board's accounts are available.

#### 11 Market considerations - Brexit

The United Kingdom officially left the European Union on 31 January 2020 ("Brexit"). A trade and cooperation agreement was reached on 24 December 2020 surrounding trade interactions between the United Kingdom and European Union. All new relevant rules and regulations apply effective from 1 January 2021.

It is currently not practicable to forecast with certainty how the value of, or the cash flows arising from, assumptions involved in the Company's assets might be affected by Brexit. Consequently, it is currently not possible to accurately quantify the possible effect of Brexit on the Company.

#### 12 Events After the Balance Sheet Date

There were no significant events occuring after the balance sheet date but before the signing of this report.