

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10028962

Beneath The Streets Limited
Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements
31 March 2017

Beneath The Streets Limited

Financial Statements

Period from 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017

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Beneath The Streets Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2017

			31 Mar 17
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4		5,210
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		22,245	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	15,063	

Net current assets			7,182

Total assets less current liabilities			12,392
Provisions			1,042

Net assets			11,350

Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital			1
Profit and loss account			11,349

Shareholders funds			11,350

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the Period ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the Period in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Beneath The Streets Limited

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 March 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 November 2017
, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr S Lord-Marchionne

Director

Company registration number: 10028962

Beneath The Streets Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity

Period from 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 March 2016	—	—	—
Profit for the period		31,349	31,349
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Total comprehensive income for the period	—	31,349	31,349
Issue of shares	1	—	1
Dividends paid and payable	—	(20,000)	(20,000)
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Total investments by and distributions to owners	1	(20,000)	(19,999)
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At 31 March 2017	1	11,349	11,350
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Beneath The Streets Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Period from 1 March 2016 to 31 March 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Alex House, 260/268 Chapel Street, Salford, Manchester, M3 5JZ, England.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings - 15% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

4. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £
Cost	
At 1 March 2016	—
Additions	5,740

At 31 March 2017	5,740

Depreciation	
At 1 March 2016	—
Charge for the period	530

At 31 March 2017	530

Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017	5,210

5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	31 Mar 17 £
Social security and other taxes	13,813
Other creditors	1,250

	15,063

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.