

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10021673

Country Broadcasting Ltd

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 December 2018

Country Broadcasting Ltd

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2018

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Country Broadcasting Ltd
Statement of Financial Position
31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	968	1,151
Current assets			
Debtors	6	40,566	36,458
Cash at bank and in hand		—	4,380
		40,566	40,838
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(316,104)	(257,747)
Net current liabilities		(275,538)	(216,909)
Total assets less current liabilities		(274,570)	(215,758)
Provisions	8	(169)	(219)
Net liabilities		(274,739)	(215,977)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	100	100
Profit and loss account		(274,839)	(216,077)
Shareholders deficit		(274,739)	(215,977)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Country Broadcasting Ltd

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 December 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 9 September 2019
, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J.S. Bryant

Director

Company registration number: 10021673

Country Broadcasting Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is St Hilary Transmitter, St Hilary, Cowbridge, Vale of Glamorgan, CF71 7DP, Wales.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The company is dependent upon its parent company and fellow subsidiaries for financial support. The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for the forthcoming 12 months. The company has net current liabilities of £275,539 (2017 - £216,909). The board has received appropriate assurance from Nation Broadcasting Limited that it will continue to provide financial and other support to the company for the foreseeable future to enable it to meet its liabilities as they fall due. On this basis, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare financial statements on a going concern basis.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods and services is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Computer Equipment	-	25% reducing balance
Technical Equipment	-	15% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

4. Tax on loss

Major components of tax (income)/expense

	2018	2017
	£	£
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(50)	13
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Tax on loss	(50)	13
	----	----

5. Tangible assets

	Computer Equipment £	Technical Equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018	271	1,057	1,328
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Depreciation			
At 1 January 2018	6	171	177
Charge for the year	59	124	183
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At 31 December 2018	65	295	360
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Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2018	206	762	968
	----	-----	-----
At 31 December 2017	265	886	1,151
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6. Debtors

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors	27,628	23,855
Other debtors	12,938	12,603
	-----	-----
	40,566	36,458
	-----	-----

Included within other debtors is an amount of £nil (2017 - £nil) falling due after more than one year.

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	32	—
Trade creditors	18,671	19,307
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	172,500	152,500
Other creditors	124,901	85,940
	-----	-----
	316,104	257,747
	-----	-----

8. Provisions

	Deferred tax (note 9) £
At 1 January 2018	219
Additions	(50)

9. Deferred tax

The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Included in provisions (note 8)	169	219
	----	----

The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	169	219
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10. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	100	100	100	100
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11. Related party transactions

During the year the company was under the control of Nation Broadcasting Limited a company of which J.S. Bryant is executive chairman and majority shareholder. During the year the company traded at an arms length basis with other subsidiaries of Nation Broadcasting Limited. The company has claimed the exemption under FRS 102 Section 33 not to disclose the value of intergroup transactions with other wholly owned subsidiaries.

12. Controlling party

The company is a 75% subsidiary of Nation Broadcasting Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. Group accounts are not prepared because the group is small and is not an ineligible group as defined in Section 384 of the Companies Act 2006.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.