

**ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**  
**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020**



# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## COMPANY INFORMATION

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### Directors

Mr Mark Dickinson  
Mr Nael Khatoun  
Mr Stefano Mazzoli  
Mr Michael Gill  
Mr David Clark  
Mr Stephen Bangs  
Mr Marc Evans

(Appointed 26 February 2020)  
(Appointed 26 February 2020)  
(Appointed 26 February 2020)  
(Appointed 26 February 2020)

### Secretary

Mr Jeremy Williams

### Company number

09972727

### Registered office

Unit 3 Royal Court  
Church Green Close  
Kings Worthy  
Winchester  
Hampshire  
United Kingdom  
SO23 7TW

### Auditor

Deloitte LLP  
London  
United Kingdom

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# **ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

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# **ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### **FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020**

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The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2020.

On 11 December 2020 the company changed its reporting date from 30 September to 30 June to align with the wider operating group. Consequently, these financial statements are prepared for a 9-month period from 1 October 2019 to 30 June 2020. The comparative information presented in these financial statements is for the 12-month period from 1 October 2018 to 30 September 2019.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company is that of property development and investment.

#### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the period and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr Mark Dickinson

Mr Nael Khatoun

Mr Stefano Mazzoli

Mr Michael Gill

(Appointed 26 February 2020)

Mr David Clark

(Appointed 26 February 2020)

Mr Stephen Bangs

(Appointed 26 February 2020)

Mr Marc Evans

(Appointed 26 February 2020)

#### **Results and dividends**

The results for the period are set out on page 7. During the period the site continued to be let whilst being prepared for sale. After the period end, in December 2020 Willoughby Lane was sold for £10.2m to Paloma Capital.

No dividends were paid (2019: £nil). The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

#### **Qualifying third party indemnity provisions**

The company has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the period. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

#### **Political donations**

The company made no political donations nor incurred any political expenditure during the period (2019: £nil).

#### **Subsequent events**

The impact of the Covid 19 outbreak has become more stable with the rollout of the vaccination programme. The situation is being monitored and government's guidelines are being followed and communicated to staff.

In the period since the year end the Jordan International loan, with £3.6m outstanding and a repayment date of October 2020, was initially extended to February 2021, but was then fully repaid in December 2020.

#### **Auditor**

Deloitte LLP was appointed as auditor to the company and in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put at a General Meeting.

# **ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020**

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### **Statement of disclosure to auditor**

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information. This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Going concern**

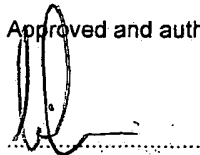
Given the structure of the wider group and the company's operations, the company is reliant on the continued support of its intermediate parent, Anthology Group Limited ('Anthology'), to ensure the company has sufficient cash resources to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due. The company has received a written commitment from Anthology that it will provide all financial support necessary to the company to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due for a period no less than 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The directors have considered the ability of Anthology to provide that support. In doing so, the directors have conducted an in-depth review and prepared detailed cash flow forecasts taking into consideration the latest operating environment including the implications over Covid-19 for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements in respect of Anthology and the group it heads. The board have stressed the latest forecast using a plausible but severe down-side scenario including a reduction in sales in the months following the year end, followed by a recovery to forecast sales rates over the following months. The Board has factored in the revision to payment terms from suppliers, actual savings in overheads and staff costs and the response from lenders to requests for changes to lending agreements. The down-side scenario only factors in financing arrangement terms that have already been contractually agreed. Those forecasts did not identify any concerns regarding the ability of Anthology to provide the necessary financial support to the company.

As a result, the directors therefore believe it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Annual Report and financial statements.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies' exemption.

Approved and authorised for issue by the board and signed on its behalf by:

  
Mr Mark Dickinson  
Director

Date: 19/07/21

# **ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

***FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020***

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The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# **ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### **TO THE MEMBERS OF ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

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#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements of Anthology Development 5 Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2020 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1-16.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### **Other information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

# **ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### **TO THE MEMBERS OF ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

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#### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance; but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### **Report on other legal and regulatory requirements**

#### **Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

#### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.



# **ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

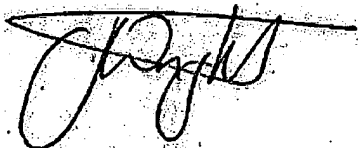
## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### **TO THE MEMBERS OF ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

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#### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



James Wright FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

London, United Kingdom

19 July 2021

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	Period ended 30 June 2020 £'000	Year ended 30 September 2019 £'000
Other operating income	4	250	375
<b>Operating profit</b>		250	375
Finance costs	7	(149)	(203)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		101	172
Tax on profit	8	-	37
<b>Profit for the financial period / year</b>		101	209
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period / year</b>		101	209

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

The accompanying notes on pages 10 - 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

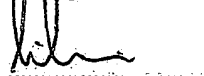
## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

		30 June 2020		30 September 2019	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<b>Current assets</b>					
Inventories	9	8,516		8,341	
Trade and other receivables	10	17		125	
Cash and cash equivalents		225		213	
		<u>8,758</u>		<u>8,679</u>	
<b>Total assets</b>			<u>8,758</u>		<u>8,679</u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>					
Trade and other payables	11	(169)		(312)	
Borrowings	12	(3,655)		(3,469)	
		<u>(3,824)</u>		<u>(3,781)</u>	
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>					
Borrowings	12		-		(65)
<b>Total liabilities</b>			<u>(3,824)</u>		<u>(3,846)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>			<u>4,934</u>		<u>4,833</u>
<b>Equity</b>					
Share capital	13		-		-
Share premium	13		4,293		4,293
Retained earnings	13		641		540
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>4,934</u>		<u>4,833</u>

The accompanying notes on pages 10 - 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17/07/21 and are signed on its behalf by:



Mr Mark Dickinson  
Director

Company Registration No. 09972727

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 October 2018		-	-	331	331
Year ended 30 September 2019:					
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	209	209
Transactions with owners					
Conversion of loans	13	-	4,293	-	4,293
Balance at 30 September 2019		-	4,293	540	4,833
Period ended 30 June 2020:					
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	101	101
Balance at 30 June 2020		-	4,293	641	4,934

The accompanying notes on pages 10 - 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Anthology Development 5 Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 3 Royal Court, Church Green Close, Kings Worthy, Winchester, Hampshire, United Kingdom, SO23 7TW.

#### 1.1 Accounting policies

The company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 100 'Application of Financial Reporting Requirements' issued by the FRC. Accordingly, the company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £'000.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention modified to include certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values.

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The company's immediate parent undertaking, Anthology Group Limited includes the company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Anthology Group Limited are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and are available to the public and may be obtained from First Floor, 160-166 Borough High Street, London, SE1 1LB.

In these financial statements, the company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- Comparative period reconciliations for share capital and fixed assets;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel; and
- Disclosures of transactions entered into between two or more members of a wholly-owned member of a group.

As the consolidated financial statements of Anthology Group Limited include the equivalent disclosures, the company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

- The disclosures required by IFRS 7 and IFRS 13 regarding financial instrument disclosures have not been provided apart from those which are relevant for the financial instruments which are held at fair value and are not either held as part of trading portfolio or derivatives.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies.

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020**

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### **1 Accounting policies**

#### **1.2 Going concern**

Given the structure of the wider group and the company's operations, the company is reliant on the continued support of its intermediate parent, Anthology Group Limited ('Anthology'), to ensure the company has sufficient cash resources to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due. The company has received a written commitment from Anthology that it will provide all financial support necessary to the company to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due for a period no less than 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The directors have considered the ability of Anthology to provide that support. In doing so, the directors have conducted an in-depth review and prepared detailed cash flow forecasts taking into consideration the latest operating environment including the implications over Covid-19 for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements in respect of Anthology and the group it heads. The board have stressed the latest forecast using a plausible but severe down-side scenario including a reduction in sales in the months following the year end, followed by a recovery to forecast sales rates over the following months. The Board has factored in the revision to payment terms from suppliers, actual savings in overheads and staff costs and the response from lenders to requests for changes to lending agreements. The down-side scenario only factors in financing arrangement terms that have already been contractually agreed. Those forecasts did not identify any concerns regarding the ability of Anthology to provide the necessary financial support to the company.

As a result, the directors therefore believe it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Annual Report and financial statements.

#### **1.3 Reporting period**

On 11 December 2020 the company changed its reporting date from 30 September to 30 June. Consequently, these financial statements are prepared for a 9-month period from 1 October 2019 to 30 June 2020. The comparative information presented in these financial statements is for the 12-month period from 1 October 2018 to 30 September 2019.

#### **1.4 Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs comprise land, development costs and attributable interest. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less cost to completion and disposal.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for sale.

#### **1.5 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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#### 1 Accounting policies

##### 1.6 Non-derivative financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet and statement of comprehensive income when there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and the company intends to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and liability simultaneously.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

##### *Financial assets*

All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

##### *Classification of financial assets*

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured subsequently at amortised cost using effective interest rate method:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The company does not hold any financial assets that meet conditions for subsequent recognition at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) or at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

##### *Impairment of financial assets*

The company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost which comprise mainly trade receivables. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The company always recognises lifetime ECL on trade receivables. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

##### *Derecognition of financial assets*

The company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Financial liabilities**

The classification of financial liabilities at initial recognition depends on the purpose for which the financial liability was issued and its characteristics. All purchases of financial liabilities are recorded on trade date, being the date on which the company becomes party to the contractual requirements of the financial liability. Unless otherwise indicated the carrying amounts of the company's financial liabilities approximate to their fair values. The company's financial liabilities consist only of financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

#### **Financial liabilities measured subsequently at amortised cost**

Financial liabilities that are not (i) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, (ii) held for trading, or (iii) designated as at FVTPL, are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The company's financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other payables, and loans and borrowings. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset/liability and of allocating interest income/expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts/payments through the expected life of the financial asset/liability or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

#### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

A financial liability (in whole or in part) is derecognised when the company has extinguished its contractual obligations, it expires or is cancelled. Any gain or loss on derecognition is taken to the statement of comprehensive income.

### 1.7 Equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the company are treated as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability. Ordinary shares are classified as equity and are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

### 1.8 Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

#### **Current tax**

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable profit or loss for the period/year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous periods.

Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on tax laws and rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.



# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.9 Operating lease income

Operating lease income is recognised in line with lease agreements. Lease incentives are recognised over the life of the lease.

### 2 Change in accounting policy

#### ***New standards, amendments and interpretations effective in 2020***

A number of new and amended standards and interpretations issued by IASB have become effective for the first time for financial periods beginning on (or after) 1 January 2019 and have been applied by the company in these financial statements. None of these new and amended standards and interpretations had a significant effect on the company because they are either not relevant to the company's activities or require accounting which is consistent with the company's current accounting policies.

#### ***New standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted***

There are a number of standards, amendments to standards, and interpretations which have been issued by the IASB that are effective in future accounting periods and which have not been adopted early. None of these are expected to have a significant effect on the company, in particular:

- IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (Amendment – Definition of Material)
- IFRS 3 Business Combinations (Amendment – Definition of Business)
- IFRS 9, IAS 37 and IFRS 7: Interest rate benchmark reform
- Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting

### 3 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

### 3 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows:

#### *Recoverability of inventories*

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Such inventories include land, work in progress and completed units. Residential development is largely speculative by nature and it is normal that not all inventories are covered by forward sales contracts. To assess the net realisable value of land held for development and sites in the course of construction and completed sites, the group maintains a financial appraisal of the likely revenue which will be generated when these inventories become residential properties for sale and are sold. Where the financial appraisal demonstrates that the revenue will exceed the costs of the inventories and other associated costs of constructing the residential properties, the inventories are stated at cost. Where the projected revenue is lower, the extent to which there is a shortfall is written off through the statement of comprehensive income leaving the inventories stated at net realisable value. To the extent that the revenues which can be generated change, or the final cost to complete for the site varies from estimates, the realisable value of inventories may be different. Appraisals take into account estimated achievable revenues, actual inventory and costs to complete as at each reporting date. These estimates are made by management having regard to actual sales prices, together with competitor and marketplace evidence. Should there be a future significant decline in UK house pricing, impairments of land, work in progress and completed sites may be necessary.

#### Critical judgements

The directors have determined that, in the preparation of the financial statements, no critical judgements have been applied.

### 4 Other operating income

	Period ended 30 June 2020 £'000	Year ended 30 September 2019 £'000
Income from operating leases	250	375

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

#### 5 Auditor's remuneration

Audit fees payable to Deloitte LLP and their associates for the audit of the company's annual accounts were £7,000. The audit fees payable for the current period were borne by Lifestory Group Limited, a fellow group undertaking, and not recharged. In the previous year (2019) audit fees of £10,000 were payable to KPMG LLP; these fees were borne by Anthology Group Limited, a fellow group undertaking, and not recharged.

Fees payable to Deloitte LLP and their associates for non-audit services to the company are not required to be disclosed because the consolidated financial statements of the parent company are required to disclose such fees on a consolidated basis.

#### 6 Employees

The company had no employees other than directors in the current period and prior year. Directors were remunerated by London Real Estate Development Limited, a fellow group company and were not recharged.

#### 7 Finance costs

	Period ended 30 June 2020	Year ended 30 September 2019
	£'000	£'000
Interest on bank loans	149	203

#### 8 Taxation

	Period ended 30 June 2020	Year ended 30 September 2019
	£'000	£'000
<b>Current tax</b>		
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	(37)

The actual charge/(credit) for the period can be reconciled to the expected charge for the period based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

	Period ended 30 June 2020	Year ended 30 September 2019
	£'000	£'000
Profit before taxation	101	172
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2019: 19.00%)	19	33
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	(37)
Group relief claimed, not paid	(19)	(33)
Taxation charge/(credit) for the period	-	(37)

#### Factors affecting future tax charge

UK corporation tax will increase to 25% from April 2023 which is not expected to significantly affect the company.

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

### 9 Inventories

2020	2019
£'000	£'000

Work in progress	8,516	8,341
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Included within work in progress is interest of £1,026,000 (2019: £916,000).

The inventory is given as security for the company's borrowings.

### 10 Trade and other receivables

2020	2019
£'000	£'000

#### Current assets

Trade receivables	8	-
Other receivables	9	125
	17	125

### 11 Trade and other payables

Notes

2020	2019
£'000	£'000

#### Current liabilities

Trade payables	3	7
Contract liabilities	4	94
Taxation and social security	-	6
Accruals	166	205
	169	312

Amounts owed to fellow subsidiaries are unsecured, repayable on demand and non-interest bearing.

### 12 Borrowings

2020	2019
£'000	£'000

Loan from parent company	85	65
Secured bank loan	3,570	3,469
	3,655	3,534

Payable within one year	3,655	3,469
Payable after one year	-	65

# ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

### 12 Borrowings

(Continued)

During the prior year an amount of the loan from parent company of £4,293,000 was converted into the company's equity through issue of the company's 1 ordinary share of £1. The remaining loan from the parent company is unsecured, repayable no later than 5 years from 29 February 2016 and carries a fixed interest rate of 8.5%.

In May 2017, the company signed an agreement with Jordan International for a £3.6m land loan. The facility was repayable on demand and an interest rate of 4.75% over LIBOR was charged (subject to a minimum aggregate rate of 5.25%). Since the period end this loan was repaid in full in December 2020.

### 13 Share capital and reserves

	2020 £	2019 £
<b>Ordinary share capital</b>		
<b>Issued and fully paid</b>		
2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
 Share premium	 4,293	 -
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the company.

#### Reserves

*Share premium reserve* - relates to amounts subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value.

*Retained earnings* - retained earnings comprise all other net gains and losses and transactions with owners (e.g. dividends) not recognised elsewhere.

### 14 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemption available under FRS 101 paragraph 8(k) not to disclose transactions entered into between two or more wholly owned members of a group.

### 15 Ultimate controlling party

The company's immediate holding company is Anthology Group Limited and the ultimate holding company and controlling party is Brookfield Asset Management Inc.

Anthology Group Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom, is the parent of the smallest group, of which Anthology Development 5 Limited is a member, to prepare consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements can be obtained from its registered address of Anthology Group Limited: Royal Court, Kings Worthy, Winchester, Hampshire, SO23 7TW.

Brookfield Asset Management Inc, a company incorporated in Canada, is the parent of the largest group, of which Anthology Development 5 Limited is a member, to prepare consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements can be obtained from its registered address: Suite 300, Brookfield Place, 181 Bay Street, Toronto, Canada M5J 2T3.

# **ANTHOLOGY DEVELOPMENT 5 LIMITED**

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

***FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2020***

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### **16 Subsequent events**

The impact of the Covid 19 outbreak has become more stable with the rollout of the vaccination programme. The situation is being monitored and government's guidelines are being followed and communicated to staff.

In the period since the year end the Jordan International loan, with £3.6m outstanding and a repayment date of October 2020, was initially extended to February 2021, but was then fully repaid in December 2020.

In December 2020, the Willoughby Lane site was sold for £10.2m to Paloma Capital.