Company registration number 9915737 (England and Wales)	
BRAND SCIENTIFIC LTD	
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022	
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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### **BALANCE SHEET**

### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	2022		2022		2021	
	Notes	3	£	£	£	
Current assets	_	77.000		57.004		
Debtors	4	75,669		57,031		
Cash at bank and in hand		93,986		92,722		
		400.055		140.752		
Our distance and a series of the series and		169,655		149,753		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	5	(33,513)		(30,149)		
year	ŭ	(00,510)				
Net current assets			136,142		119,604	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			40,000		40,000	
Profit and loss reserves			96,142		79,604	
Total equity			136,142		119,604	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 6 March 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Dr C Schoeler

Director

Company Registration No. 9915737

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

BRAND Scientific Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 37th Floor, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AA.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The company's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the grounds that current and future sources of funding or support will be more than adequate for the company's needs. In assessing going concern, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue as a going concern and is able to meet all of its obligations as they fall due for a minimum of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided.

#### 1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.5 Financial instruments

The company only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value. The company has no more complex financial instruments that require measurement at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable. No deferred tax is provided for, as no timing differences of a type that could give arise to such a provision existed at the Balance Sheet date.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### 1.8 Retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations. The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due.

#### 1.9 Leases

Leases in which the company assumes substantially all the risk and rewards of ownership of the leased asset are classified as finance leases. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Payments (excluding costs for services and insurance) made under operating leases are recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation; in which case the payments related to the structured increases are recognised as incurred. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit and loss over the term of the lease as an integral part of the total lease expense.

### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

### 3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was.

2022 Number	
Total	5

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

4	Debtors		
4	Debtors	2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	58,993	47,979
	Other debtors	16,676	9,052
		75,669	57,031
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade creditors	2,350	3,017
	Corporation tax	4,322	3,833
	Other creditors	26,841	23,299
		33,513	30,149
6	Retirement benefit schemes		
		2022	2021
	Defined contribution schemes	£	£
	Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes	8,368	8,376

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

### 7 Operating lease commitments

### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

	2022	2021 £
	~	-
Total lease commitments	32,884	46,194

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

### 8 Related party transactions

#### Transactions with related parties

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

During the year, the company supplied services of £227,263 (2021: £188,490) to VACUUBRAND GMBH + CO KG, a limited partnership in which Brand Group GmbH & Co KG is a limited partner, and supplied services of £210,712 (2021: £206,854) to BRAND GMBH + CO KG, a limited partnership in which Brand Group GmbH & Co KG is a limited partner. Since 23 June 2021, Brand Group GmbH & Co KG is the ultimate parent undertaking of BRAND Scientific Limited.

As at 31st December 2022, the company was owed £33,968 (2021: £20,795) by VACUUBRAND GMBH + CO KG, and £25,025 (2021: £27,184) by BRAND GMBH + CO KG.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of BRAND INTERNATIONAL GMBH, whose registered office address is Paul-Ehlich-Str. 41, 60596 Frankfurt am Main, Germany.

BRAND INTERNATIONAL GMBH is a wholly owned subsidiary of Brand Group GmbH & Co KG, a limited liability partnership, whose registered office is Metzlerstrasse 31, 60594 Frankfurt am Main, Germany.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.