HML CONSTRUCTION LIMITED ABBREVIATED UNAUDITED ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 23 NOVEMBER 2015 TO 30 NOVEMBER 2016

HML CONSTRUCTION LIMITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016 £
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets	<u>2</u>	562
Current assets		
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		11,351 802
		12,153
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(4,478)
Net current assets		7,675
Total assets less current liabilities Provisions for liabilities		8,237 (112)
Net assets		8,125
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	<u>3</u>	8,124
Total shareholders' funds		8,125

For the period ending 30 November 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Approved by the board on 8 May 2017

Mr Marian Huiban Director

Company Registration No. 09884838

HML CONSTRUCTION LIMITED NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 23 NOVEMBER 2015 TO 30 NOVEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

Turnover represents the value, net of VAT and discounts, of goods provided to customers and work carried out in respect of services provided to customers.

Tangible fixed assets policy

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives:

Computer equipment

25% Reducing Balance

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the company's accounts. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more (or less) tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws.

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 23 November 2015	-
Additions	750
At 30 November 2016	750
Depreciation	
Charge for the year	188
At 30 November 2016	188
Net book value	
At 30 November 2016	562
	2017
3 Share capital	2016
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	£
1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1
1 Ordinary shares of 21 each	<u>-</u>

