Registration number: 09858819

Rock Electrical Services & Installations Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Opus Accounting Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants
Pound Court
Pound Street
Newbury
Berkshire
RG14 6AA

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Company Information

Director Mr Adrian John Martin Bernard Jones

Registered office Pound Court

Pound Street Newbury Berkshire RG14 6AA

Accountants Opus Accounting Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

Pound Court Pound Street Newbury Berkshire RG14 6AA

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(Registration number: 09858819) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	2,000	4,000
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	20,743	13,312
		22,743	17,312
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	1,500	8,000
Debtors		2,900	1,535
Cash at bank and in hand		2,060	2,302
		6,460	11,837
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(20,857)	(20,456)
Net current liabilities		(14,397)	(8,619)
Total assets less current liabilities		8,346	8,693
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(5,570)	(7,751)
Accruals and deferred income		(920)	(900)
Net assets		1,856	42
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	10	10
Profit and loss account		1,846	32
Total equity		1,856	42

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

(Registration number: 09858819) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019 (continued)

Approved and authorised by the director on 4 December 2019
Mr Adrian John Martin Bernard Jones
Director
The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these abridged financial statements Page 3

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Pound Court

Pound Street

Newbury

Berkshire

RG14 6AA

UK

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 4 December 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery

Depreciation method and rate
25% reducing balance

Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
20% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2018 - 1).

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

4 Intangible assets

	Total ₤
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2018	10,000
At 31 March 2019	10,000
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2018	6,000
Amortisation charge	2,000
At 31 March 2019	8,000
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2019	2,000
At 31 March 2018	4,000

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2018	10,669	11,300	21,969
Additions	1,208	21,788	22,996
Disposals		(11,300)	(11,300)
At 31 March 2019	11,877	21,788	33,665
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2018	5,832	2,825	8,657
Charge for the year	1,643	5,447	7,090
Eliminated on disposal	<u> </u>	(2,825)	(2,825)
At 31 March 2019	7,475	5,447	12,922
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2019	4,402	16,341	20,743
At 31 March 2018	4,837	8,475	13,312

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019 (continued)

6 Stocks					
				2019	2018
				£	£
Work in progress				1,500	8,000
7 Share capital					
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares					
	2019		2018		
	No.	£		No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	1	0	10	10	10
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