Registered number: 09857651

# CN INNOVATIVE FINANCE LTD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2019

CKR

Chartered Certified Accountants

CKR House 70 East Hill Dartford Kent DA1 1RZ

## CN Innovative Finance Ltd Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 November 2019

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## CN Innovative Finance Ltd Balance Sheet As at 30 November 2019

Registered number: 09857651

		20:	2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible Assets	4		2,177		2,903	
		•		_		
			2,177		2,903	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors	5	28,809		19,239		
Cash at bank and in hand		3,359		7,440		
			•			
		32,168		26,679		
Conditions Assessed Fulling Box Wilder Con						
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(26,144)		(27,288)		
			-			
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			6,024		(609)	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			8,201		2,294	
		•		_		
NET ASSETS			8,201		2,294	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		:		=		
Called up share capital	7		100		100	
Profit and Loss Account	•		8,101		2,194	
Front and 2000 Account				-		
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			8,201		2,294	
SHARLHOLDERS FUNDS		:	0,201	=	<u> </u>	

## CN Innovative Finance Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As at 30 November 2019

For the year ending 30 November 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### **Director's responsibilities**

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Mr Christopher Naidu

Director

26 November 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

## CN Innovative Finance Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 November 2019

### 1. Accounting Policies

### 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

## Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

### 1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures & Fittings 25% Reducing balance basis Computer Equipment 25% Reducing balance basis

#### 1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### 3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 2 (2018: 2)

# CN Innovative Finance Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 November 2019

4. Tangible Assets			
	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 December 2018	340	5,376	5,716
As at 30 November 2019	340	5,376	5,716
Depreciation			
As at 1 December 2018	85	2,728	2,813
Provided during the period	64	662	726
As at 30 November 2019	149	3,390	3,539
Net Book Value			
As at 30 November 2019	191	1,986	2,177
As at 1 December 2018	255	2,648	2,903
5. <b>Debtors</b>			
		2019	2018
		£	£
Due within one year			
Trade debtors		18,651	11,517
Other debtors		4,502	3,852
Other taxes and social security		116	45
Director's loan account	_	5,540	3,825
	=	28,809	19,239
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year			
		2019	2018
		£	£
Corporation tax		3,563	12,205
Other creditors		18,581	11,883
Accruals and deferred income	_	4,000	3,200
	=	26,144	27,288
7. Share Capital			
		2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>_</u>	100	100

## 8. Ultimate Controlling Party

The company's ultimate controlling party is Sulh Trading Ltd by virtue of ownership of 80% of the issued share capital in the company.

# CN Innovative Finance Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 November 2019

### 9. General Information

CN Innovative Finance Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 09857651 . The registered office is CKR House, 70 East Hill, Dartford, Kent, DA1 1RZ.

lectronic form, authenticat	ion and manner of d	elivery under section	1 1072 of the Compar	nes Act 2000.	