### **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 09850602**

Grainger REIT 2 Limited
Financial statements
30 September 2020



A06

03/06/2021 COMPANIES HOUSE

#16

### **Financial statements**

### Year ended 30 September 2020

| Contents   | Pages    |
|--|----------|
| Officers and professional advisers                                     | 1        |
| Directors' report  | 2 to 3   |
| Independent auditor's report to the members of Grainger REIT 2 Limited | 4 to 6   |
| Statement of comprehensive income                                      | 7        |
| Statement of financial position  | 8        |
| Statement of changes in equity   | 9        |
| Notes to the financial statements                                      | 10 to 15 |

### Officers and professional advisers

The board of directors

Helen C Gordon

Adam McGhin

Andrew P Saunderson

**Company secretary** 

Adam McGhin

Registered office

Citygate

St James' Boulevard Newcastle upon Tyne

NE1 4JE

**Auditor** 

**KPMG LLP** 

15 Canada Square Canary Wharf

London E14 5GL

**Bankers** 

Barclays Bank plc

5 St Ann's Street

Quayside

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE1 2BH

**Solicitors** 

Womble Bond Dickinson (UK) LLP

St Ann's Wharf 112 Quayside

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE1 3DX

### **Directors' report**

### Year ended 30 September 2020

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2020.

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of a holding company. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2019: £nil).

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the company during the year, and subsequent to the year end, were as follows:

Helen C Gordon Vanessa K Simms

(Resigned 26 April 2021)

Adam McGhin

Andrew P Saunderson

(Appointed 4 May 2021)

### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements:
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters
  related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

**Directors' report (continued)** 

### Year ended 30 September 2020

### **Auditor**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

### **Small company provisions**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 17 May 2021 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Adam McGhin Company Secretary

### Independent auditor's report to the members of Grainger REIT 2 Limited

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Grainger REIT 2 Limited ("the company") for the year ended 30 September 2020 which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, Statement of financial position, Statement of changes in equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 3.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

### Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

### Independent auditor's report to the members of Grainger REIT 2 Limited (continued)

### Directors' report

The directors are responsible for the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in that report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

### Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Independent auditor's report to the members of Grainger REIT 2 Limited (continued)

### **Auditor's responsibilities**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Richard Kelly (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5GL 19 May 2021

### Statement of comprehensive income

### Year ended 30 September 2020

|  | Note | 2020<br>£ | 2019<br>£    |
|--|------|-----------|--------------|
| Income from participating interests                          | 4    | 1,242,572 | _            |
| Profit before taxation                                       |      | 1,242,572 | _            |
| Tax on profit  | 5    | (236,089) | _            |
| Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income |      | 1,006,483 | <del>-</del> |

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

### Statement of financial position

### 30 September 2020

|  | Note | 2020<br>£   | 2019<br>£           |
|--|------|-------------|---------------------|
| Fixed assets Investments                       | 6    | 20,630,870  | 20,630,870          |
|  | _    |             | , ,                 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 7    | (3,907,097) | (4,913,580)<br>———— |
| Net current liabilities                        |      | (3,907,097) | (4,913,580)         |
| Total assets less current liabilities          |      | 16,723,773  | 15,717,290          |
| Capital and reserves                           |      |             |                     |
| Called up share capital                        | 8    | 10,000,001  | 10,000,001          |
| Share premium account                          | 9    | 5,133,934   | 5,133,934           |
| Profit and loss account                        | 9    | 1,589,838   | 583,355             |
| Shareholders' funds                            |      | 16,723,773  | 15,717,290          |

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 May 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Adam McGhin Director

Company registration number: 09850602

### Statement of changes in equity

### Year ended 30 September 2020

| A4.4 O-4-b 2049                         | Called up share capital | £         | Profit and oss account | Total<br>£ |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------|
| At 1 October 2018                       | 10,000,001              | 5,133,934 | 583,355                | 15,717,290 |
| Profit for the year                     | _                       | _         | _                      | _          |
| At 30 September 2019                    | 10,000,001              | 5,133,934 | 583,355                | 15,717,290 |
| Profit for the year                     |                         |           | 1,006,483              | 1,006,483  |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | _                       | _         | 1,006,483              | 1,006,483  |
| At 30 September 2020                    | 10,000,001              | 5,133,934 | 1,589,838              | 16,723,773 |

### Notes to the financial statements

### Year ended 30 September 2020

### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Citygate, St James' Boulevard, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 4JE.

### 2. Statement of compliance

The financial statements of Grainger REIT 2 Limited ("the company") for the year ended 30 September 2020 were authorised for issue by the board of directors on 17 May 2021 and the statement of financial position was signed on the board's behalf by Adam McGhin.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

The company's ultimate parent undertaking, Grainger plc, includes the company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Grainger plc are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from Citygate, St James' Boulevard, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 4JE.

### 3. Accounting policies

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom, which have been applied consistently throughout the period.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

### Year ended 30 September 2020

### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

### Going concern

Notwithstanding net current liabilities of £3,907,097 as at 30 September 2020 and a profit for the year then ended of £1,006,483, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The company is a subsidiary of Grainger plc. The directors of Grainger plc, the ultimate parent undertaking, manage the group's strategy and risks on a consolidated basis, rather than at an individual entity level. Similarly, the financial and operating performance of the business is assessed at a Grainger plc operating segment level. For these reasons, the directors do not prepare cash flow forecasts at an individual entity level.

On a consolidated basis, the Group has assessed its future funding commitments and compared these to the level of committed loan facilities and cash resources over the medium term. In making this assessment, consideration has been given to compliance with borrowing covenants along with the uncertainty inherent in future financial forecasts and, where applicable, reasonable severe sensitivities, including the potential impact of Covid-19, have been applied to the key factors affecting financial performance of the Group. This includes the potential impact on performance due to possible changes in the level of cash collection, rental growth, letting activity, sales performance and development activity. The Directors of the Group have a reasonable expectation that it has adequate resources to continue operating for the foreseeable future period, and not less than 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements:

Whilst the entity does not expect to rely on future support from its ultimate parent undertaking, or any of its fellow subsidiaries, Grainger plc has indicated that it will make available such funds as are needed by the entity and that it does not intend to seek repayment of amounts due at the balance sheet date for the foreseeable future. As with any entity placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue, although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so. The directors do not intend to nor have they identified any circumstances which may lead to the entity being liquidated or to cease operating.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

### Year ended 30 September 2020

### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

### Disclosure exemptions

In these financial statements, the company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- (a) Cash flow statement and related notes;
- (b) Comparative period reconciliations for share capital;
- (c) Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- (d) The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- (e) Disclosures in respect of the compensation of key management personnel.

As the consolidated financial statements of Grainger plc include the equivalent disclosures, the company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.

The company has considered the impact of the adoption of those new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards and interpretations that were effective for the first time from 1 October 2019. There has been no material impact on the company following the adoption of these standards.

### Income from participating interests

Income from participating interests relates to Property Income Dividends (PIDs) receivable due to the company's investment in GRIP REIT plc. PID income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### Income tax

The taxation charge for the year represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The charge is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income according to the accounting treatment of the related transaction.

Current tax payable or receivable is based on the taxable income for the period and any adjustment in respect of prior periods and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Tax payable upon the realisation of revaluation gains recognised in prior periods is recorded as a current tax charge with a release of the associated deferred tax.

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will give rise to a future tax liability against which the deferred tax assets can be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

### Year ended 30 September 2020

### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Investments**

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less any provisions for diminution in value. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying value of the investment exceeds its recoverable amount.

### Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise non interest-bearing borrowings. Non interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make significant judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. The directors have considered whether there are any such sources of estimation or critical accounting judgements in preparing the financial statements and do not consider there to be any for the purposes of disclosure.

### 4. Income from participating interests

|    | Dividends from participating interests | 2020<br>£<br>1 <u>,242,572</u> | 2019<br>£<br> |
|----|--|--------------------------------|---------------|
| 5. | Tax on profit                          | •                              |               |
|    | Major components of tax expense        |                                |               |
|    |  | 2020<br>£                      | 2019<br>£     |
|    | Current tax: UK current tax expense    | 236,089                        | -             |
|    | Tax on profit                          | 236,089                        | _             |

There is no unprovided deferred tax liability or unrecognised deferred tax asset in these financial statements.

### Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is the same as (2019: the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019: 19%).

|   | 2020             | 2019 |
|---|------------------|------|
|   | £                | £    |
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | 1,242,572        | _    |
| Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax  | 236,089          | _    |
|   | 1 11 11 11 11 11 |      |

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

### Year ended 30 September 2020

### 5. Tax on profit (continued)

### Factors that may affect future tax expense

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the government has announced that it intends to increase the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 25% (effective 1 April 2023), but has not yet legislated for this change. Any changes in corporation tax rates, once enacted, will impact the company's future current tax charge and any deferred tax balances accordingly.

### 6. Investments

| ·  | Shares in participating interests £ |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Cost At 1 October 2019 and 30 September 2020       | 20,630,870                          |
| Impairment At 1 October 2019 and 30 September 2020 | ·                                   |
| Carrying amount<br>At 30 September 2020            | 20,630,870                          |

### **Participating interests**

The company holds 8.3% of the issued share capital of GRIP REIT plc, a property investment company. The registered office of GRIP REIT plc is Citygate, St James' Boulevard, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 4JE.

In addition the company also holds indirectly 8.3% of GRIP UK Holdings Limited, GRIP UK Property Developments Limited and GRIP UK Property Investments Limited (all registered at Citygate, St James' Boulevard, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 4JE), 8.3% of G:Res-Co 4 Limited, GRIP Jersey Property Holdings (2016) Limited, GRIP Unit Trust, GRIP Unit Trust 2, GRIP Nomco 3 Limited, GRIP Nomco 5 Limited and GRIP Nomco 6 Limited, 8.217% of GRIP Unit Trust 1, GRIP Unit Trust 6, The Grainger Residential Property Unit Trust, GRIP Nomco 1 Limited, GRIP Nomco 2 Limited, GRIP Nomco 7 Limited and GRIP Nomco 8 Limited (all registered at 47 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE1 0BD) and 8.3% of Kew Bridge Court Guernsey Limited (registered at 1st and 2nd Floors, Elizabeth House, Les Ruettes Brayes, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 1EW). The entities registered in Jersey and Guernsey were liquidated subsequent to the year end.

### 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

|                                    | 2020      | 2019      |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| •                                  | £         | £         |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings | 3,907,097 | 4,913,580 |

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, bear no interest, and are repayable on demand.

### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

### Year ended 30 September 2020

### 8. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

**2020** 2019 **No.** £ No. £ **10,000,001 10,000,001** 10,000,001

Ordinary shares of £1 each

### 9. Reserves

Share premium account - This reserve records the amount above the nominal value received for shares sold, less transaction costs.

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

### 10. Related party transactions

The company is exempt from disclosing related party transactions as they are with other companies that are wholly owned within the Grainger plc group.

### 11. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The directors regard Grainger plc, a company registered in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent undertaking and the ultimate controlling party, being the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the Grainger plc consolidated financial statements may be obtained from The Secretary, Grainger plc, Citygate, St James' Boulevard, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 4JE.

Grainger Unitholder No 1 Limited is the immediate controlling party and parent company by virtue of its 100% shareholding in the company.