REGISTERED NUMBER: 09836093 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

<u>for</u>

Harborne Maine Limited

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Harborne Maine Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

DIRECTOR:	R Ahmed
REGISTERED OFFICE:	2 Cricklade Court Old Town Swindon Wiltshire SNI 3EY
REGISTERED NUMBER:	09836093 (England and Wales)
ACCOUNTANTS:	Morley & Co (UK) Ltd Chartered Certified Accountants, 2 Cricklade Court Old Town Swindon Wiltshire SN1 3EY

Balance Sheet 31 October 2020

		2020	2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS			0.55 2.15		257 (17	
Investment property	4		257,617		257,617	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors	5	54,867		101,906		
Cash at bank		119,448		32,247		
		174,315		134,153		
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>36,917</u>		<u>8,958</u>		
NET CURRENT ASSETS			137,398		125,195	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILI	TIES		395,015		382,812	
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due after more than one						
year	7		148,182		148,861	
NET ASSETS			246,833		233,951	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital			1		1	
Retained earnings			246,832		233,950	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			246,833		233,951	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 October 2020.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2020 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

continued...

Balance Sheet - continued 31 October 2020

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 12 January 2021 and were signed by:

R Ahmed - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Harborne Maine Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Investment properties are initially recognised at cost which includes purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment properties whose fair value can be measured reliably are measured at fair value. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in the profit and loss account accumulated in the profit and loss reserve unless a deficit below original cost, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year.

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments, including trade and other receivables and payables, cash and bank balances, bank loans and loans to or from other group companies are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Going concern

As with all businesses, it is difficult to fully predict the effect that COVID-19 will have on the company in the next 12 months, but based on the information available, the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its financing and other business risks satisfactorily and have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue in operation for at least 12 months from the signing date of these financial statements. They therefore consider it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2019 - 1).

4	INVESTMENT PROPERTY
4	INVESTIMENT PROPERTY

4.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
			Total
	EATS VALUE		£
	FAIR VALUE		
	At I November 2019		
	and 31 October 2020		<u>257,617</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 October 2020		257,617
	At 31 October 2019		257,617
5.	DEBTORS		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:	•	•
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,731	1,906
	rrepayments and accrace meome		
	Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
	Other debtors	53,136	100,000
	Aggregate amounts	54,867	101,906
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	27,500	-
	Tax	3,022	2,633
	VAT	1,170	1,200
	Accruals and deferred income	5,225	5,125
		36,917	8,958
			0,730

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2020	2019
	£	£
Mortgage >5yrs	148,182	148,182
Other creditors	_ _	679
	148,182	148,861
Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
Repayable otherwise than by instalments Mortgage >5yrs	148,182	148,182

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.