Registered number: 09825815

TOURISM MEDIA LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Richard Laurence Veal

Ryan George

Registered number 09825815

Registered office Suite 102 South Harrington Building Sefton Street

Brunswick Business Park

Liverpool England L3 4BQ

Independent auditors Langtons Professional Services Limited

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

The Plaza

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GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Business review

The results for the year and financial position of the group are shown in the annexed financial statements.

The group made a net profit before tax of £51,666 (2020: net loss of £249,230) after goodwill amortisation of £474,289.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Principal risks to the group continue to be uncertainty within the tourism sector.

Financial key performance indicators

The directors use a number of detailed, industry specific performance metrics and detailed financial information and models to monitor the development, performance and position of the business.

This report was approved by the board on 28 September 2022 and signed on its behalf.

R L Veal

Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the consolidated financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Group's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £29,843 (2020 - loss £253,685).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

Richard Laurence Veal Ryan George

Future developments

There have been no significant developments within the Group since the year end.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company and the Group's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company and the Group's auditors are aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Group since the year end.

Auditors

The auditors, Langtons Professional Services Limited, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 28 September 2022 and signed on its behalf.

R L Veal

Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TOURISM MEDIA LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tourism Media Limited (the 'parent Company') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 December 2021, which comprise the Group Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, the Group and Company Balance Sheets, the Group Statement of Cash Flows, the Group and Company Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the parent Company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TOURISM MEDIA LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and the parent Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TOURISM MEDIA LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Group financial statements

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

The objectives of our audit, in respect to fraud, are:

- to identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud;
- to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud, through designing and implementing appropriate responses; and
- to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Group and determined that the most significant are those that relate to the reporting framework (FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2006), the relevant tax compliance regulations in the UK and the EU General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).
- We understood how the Group is complying with those frameworks by making enquiries of management. Through consideration of the results of our audit procedures we were able to either corroborate or provide contrary evidence which was then followed up.
- Based on our understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations. Our procedures involved: enquiries of management; and journal entry testing, with a focus on manual consolidation journals and journals indicating large or unusual transactions based on our understanding of the business.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Group's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by meeting with management to understand where it considered there was susceptibility to fraud. We also considered performance targets and their propensity to influence efforts made by management to manage revenue and earnings. Where the risk was considered to be higher, including areas impacting key performance indicators or management remuneration, we performed audit procedures to address each identified fraud risk or other risk of material misstatement. These procedures included those on revenue recognition detailed above, the assessment of items identified by management as non-recurring and testing manual journals and were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from material fraud or error.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TOURISM MEDIA LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Eifion Roberts (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Langtons Professional Services Limited

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

The Plaza 100, Old Hall Street Liverpool Merseyside L3 9QJ

28 September 2022

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
Turnover	4	3,547,558	3,052,492
Cost of sales		(365,933)	(211,982)
Gross profit		3,181,625	2,840,510
Administrative expenses		(3,131,473)	(3,094,236)
Other operating income	5	1,513	4,495
Operating profit/(loss)		51,665	(249,231)
Interest receivable and similar income	8	-	1
Profit/(loss) before tax		51,665	(249,230)
Tax on profit/(loss)	9	(81,508)	(4,455)
Loss after tax		(29,843)	(253,685)
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year		(1,331,626)	(1,077,941)
		(1,331,626)	(1,077,941)
Loss for the year attributable to the owners of the parent		(29,843)	(253,685)
Retained earnings at the end of the year		(1,361,469)	(1,331,626)

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2021 or 2020 other than those included in the consolidated statement of income and retained earnings.

TOURISM MEDIA LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 09825815

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

			2021		2020
Fixed assets	Note		£		£
	4.4		4 007 450		0.074.445
Intangible assets	11		1,897,156		2,371,445
Tangible assets	12		19,450		38,336
Investments	17				26,087
			1,916,606		2,435,868
Current assets					
Stocks	13	41,205		25,469	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	14	513,053		594,118	
Cash at bank and in hand	15	1,953,314		1,200,165	
		2,507,572		1,819,752	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(1,585,246)		(1,386,845)	
Net current assets			922,326		432,907
Total assets less current liabilities			2,838,932	•	2,868,775
Provisions for liabilities					
Net assets excluding pension asset			2,838,932		2,868,775
Net assets			2,838,932		2,868,775
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	19		51,201		51,201
Share premium account			4,148,799		4,148,799
Capital redemption reserve			401		401
Profit and loss account			(1,361,469)		(1,331,626)
Equity attributable to owners of the parent Company			2,838,932		2,868,775
Total capital and reserves			2,838,932	•	2,868,775
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TOURISM MEDIA LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 09825815

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 28 September 2022.

R L Veal

Director

TOURISM MEDIA LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 09825815

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note		2021 £		2020 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	17		6,155,386		6,155,386
			6,155,386	•	6,155,386
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	14	1,000		1,000	
		1,000	•	1,000	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(1,956,386)		(1,956,386)	
Net current liabilities			(1,955,386)		(1,955,386)
Total assets less current liabilities			4,200,000		4,200,000
Net assets excluding pension asset			4,200,000		4,200,000
Net assets			4,200,000		4,200,000
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	19		51,201		51,201
Share premium account			4,148,799		4,148,799
			4,200,000	•	4,200,000

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 28 September 2022.

R L Veal

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital £	Share premium account	Capital redemption reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2021	51,201	4,148,799	401	(1,331,626)	2,868,775
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(29,843)	(29,843)
At 31 December 2021	51,201	4,148,799	401	(1,361,469)	2,838,932

The notes on pages 16 to 29 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Called up share capital £	Share premium account	Capital redemption reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity £
At 1 January 2020	51,201	4,148,799	401	(1,077,941)	3,122,460
Loss for the year		-	-	(253,685)	(253,685)
At 31 December 2020	51,201	4,148,799	401	(1,331,626)	2,868,775

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		Share	
	Called up	premium	
	share capital	account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2021	51,201	4,148,799	4,200,000
At 31 December 2021	51,201	4,148,799	4,200,000

The notes on pages 16 to 29 form part of these financial statements.

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

		Share	
	Called up	premium	
	share capital	account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2020	51,201	4,148,799	4,200,000
At 31 December 2020	51,201	4,148,799	4,200,000

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	2021 €	2020 £
Cash flows from operating activities	-	~
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	(29,843)	(253,685)
Adjustments for:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	510,474	539,941
Depreciation of tangible assets	12,078	12,774
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	1,567	-
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(15,733)	45,326
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	64,053	(225,929)
Increase in creditors	8,367	356,89 <i>4</i>
Increase in amounts owed to associates	105,779	-
Corporation tax received	92,620	85,366
Net cash generated from operating activities	749,362	560,687
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(9,480)	(7,461)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	14,721	-
Net cash from investing activities	5,241	(7,461)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	2021	2020
	£	£
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of/new finance leases	(1,454)	(5,749)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,454)	(5,749)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	753,149	547,477
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,200,165	652,688
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	1,953,314	1,200,165
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	1,953,314	1,200,165
	1,953,314	1,200,165

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. General information

Tourism Media Limited is a private limited company, limited by shares registered in England and Wales within the United Kingdom. The registered office is Suite 102 South Harrington Building, Sefton Street, Brunswick Business Park, Liverpool, L3 4BQ. The company number is 09825815.

These financial statements present the consolidated results of Tourism Media Limited, New Vision Group Limited, Lawrence Paul Limited, New Mind Ventures Limited, New Mind Internet Consultancy Limited, New Mind E-Tourism Solutions Limited and Newmind TellUs AS.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Group management to exercise judgment in applying the Group's accounting policies (see note 3).

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in these financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of the Company and its own subsidiaries ("the Group") as if they form a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the purchase method. In the Balance Sheet, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the Consolidated Statement of Income and Retained Earnings from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

In accordance with the transitional exemption available in FRS 102, the group has chosen not to retrospectively apply the standard to business combinations that occurred before the date of transition to FRS 102, being 01 January 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor
 effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.4 Operating leases: the Group as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

2.5 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Group operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Group has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Group in independently administered funds.

2.7 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and the Group operate and generate income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met; and
- Where they relate to timing differences in respect of interests in subsidiaries, associates, branches and joint ventures and the Group can control the reversal of the timing differences and such reversal is not considered probable in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the Group's share of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis to the Consolidated Statement of Income and Retained Earnings over its useful economic life.

Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Goodwill - 10 years

2.9 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, as below.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery -20% straightline 25% reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings -20% straightline
Computer equipment -20% straightline

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.10 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.12 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

2.14 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.15 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Group a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Group becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

2.16 Financial instruments

The Group only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors have made judgments regarding the depreciation of fixed assets and bad debt provisions.

4. Turnover

5.

An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Global e-tourism solutions 3,5	47,558	3,052,492
3,5	47,558	3,052,492
Analysis of turnover by country of destination:		
	2021 £	2020 £
United Kingdom 3,0	96,910	2,732,521
-	40,915	10,514
	09,733	309,457
3,5-	47,558	3,052,492
Other operating income		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Commissions receivable	1,513	4,495
	1,513	4,495

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

6.	Auditors' remuneration				
				2021 £	2020 £
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its as financial statements	ssociates for the audit of the Gr	oup's annual	10,500	10,350
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its	s associates in respect of:			
	All other assurance services			8,745	8,244
				8,745	8,244
7.	Employees				
	Staff costs, including directors' remuneration,	were as follows:			
		Group 2021 £	Group 2020 £	Company 2021 £	Company 2020 £
	Wages and salaries	2,155,222	1,972,508	-	_
	Social security costs	52,439	53,751	-	_
	Pension costs	45,756	40,691	-	-
		2,253,417	2,066,950		
8.	Interest receivable				
				2021 £	2020 £
	Other interest receivable			-	1
			,		1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Taxation		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Corporation tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	80,589	5,901
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	•	1,565
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	919	(3,011)
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	81,508	4,455
Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2020 - higher than) the standard rate of correct 19%). The differences are explained below:	ooration tax in the UK	of 19% (2020
	coration tax in the UK of 2021	of 19% (2020 2020 £
	2021	2020
- 19%). The differences are explained below:	2021 £ 51,665	2020 £
 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 	2021 £ 51,665	2020 £ (249,230)
 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%) 	2021 £ 51,665	2020 £ (249,230) (47,354)
 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%) Effects of: 	2021 £ 51,665 9,816	2020 £ (249,230)
- 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	2021 £ 51,665 9,816	2020 £ (249,230) (47,354) 58,686
 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 	2021 £ 51,665 9,816 82,774 (515)	2020 £ (249,230) (47,354) 58,686 - (319)
- 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Remeasurement of deferred tax for changes in tax rates Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods Adjustment in research and development tax credit leading to an increase (decrease) in the	2021 £ 51,665 9,816 82,774 (515) 451 (11,018)	2020 £ (249,230) (47,354) 58,686 - (319) (2,130)
- 19%). The differences are explained below: Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Remeasurement of deferred tax for changes in tax rates	2021 £ 51,665 9,816 82,774 (515) 451 (11,018)	2020 £ (249,230) (47,354)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

9. Taxation (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

10. Dividends

No dividends were paid in either 2021 or 2020.

11. Intangible assets

Group and Company

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 January 2021	4,742,890
At 31 December 2021	4,742,890
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2021	2,371,445
Charge for the year on owned assets	474,289
At 31 December 2021	2,845,734
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021	1,897,156
At 31 December 2020	2,371,445

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

12. Tangible fixed assets

Group

13.

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2021	169,750	129,985	760,181	1,059,916
Additions	-	-	9,480	9,480
Disposals	(167,363)	•	(183,282)	(350,645)
At 31 December 2021	2,387	129,985	586,379	718,751
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2021	166,593	129,985	725,002	1,021,580
Charge for the year on owned assets	1,083	-	10,995	12,078
Disposals	(165,920)	-	(168,437)	(334,357)
At 31 December 2021	1,756	129,985	567,560	699,301
Net book value				
At 31 December 2021	631		18,819	19,450
At 31 December 2020	3,158		35,178	38,336
Stocks				
			Group	Group
			2021	2020
			£	£
Work in progress			41,205	25,469
			41,205	25,469

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

14.	Debtors				
		Group	Group	Company	Company
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		£	£	£	£
	Trade debtors	358,877	456,038	-	•
	Other debtors	24,749	34,581	-	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	104,464	67,519	1,000	1,000
	Tax recoverable	22,278	32,376	-	-
	Deferred taxation	2,685	3,604	<u> </u>	-
		513,053	594,118	1,000	1,000
15.	Cash and cash equivalents				
				Group	Group
				2021	2020
				£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand			1,953,314	1,200,165
				1,953,314	1,200,165
16.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year				
		Group	Group	Company	Company
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		£	£	£	£
	Trade creditors	16,484	138,335	-	-
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	•	-	1,956,386	1,956,386
	Amounts owed to associates	105,779	-	-	-
	Corporation tax	91,609	5,901	-	-
	Other taxation and social security	149,017	189,437	-	-
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	1,454	-	-
	Other creditors	78,166	76,558	-	-
	Accruals and deferred income	1,144,191	975,160	-	-
		1,585,246	1,386,845	1,956,386	1,956,386

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

At 31 December 2020

17.	Fixed asset investments	
	Group	
		Unlisted
		investments
		£
	Cost or valuation	
	At 1 January 2021	238,913
	At 31 December 2021	238,913
	Impairment	
	At 1 January 2021	212,827
	Charge for the period	26,086
	At 31 December 2021	238,913
	Net book value	
	At 31 December 2021	
	At 31 December 2020	26,087
	Company	
		Investments in
		subsidiary companies
		£
	Cost or valuation	
	At 1 January 2021	6,155,386
	At 31 December 2021	6,155,386
	Net book value	
	At 31 December 2021	6,155,386

6,155,386

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Nama	Delegation I makinida	Class of	Haldina.
Name	Principal activity	shares	Holding
New Vision Group Limited	provision of global &	Ordinary	100
	e-Tourism solutions		%
Lawrence Paul Limited	dormant	Ordinary	100
			%
New Mind Ventures Limited	dormant	Ordinary	100
		-	%
New Mind E-Tourism Solutions Limited	dormant	Ordinary	100
		•	%
New Mind Internet Consultancy Limited	provision of global &	Ordinary	100
•	e-Tourism solutions	,	%
New Mind TellUs AS (Norway)	e-Tourism Solutions, such as	Ordinary	100
How mile Tollooms (Horway)	SEO, website design and	Ordinary	%
	,		70
	polling services		

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 December 2021 and the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

	Aggregate of share capital	
Name	and reserves	Profit/(Loss)
	£	£
New Vision Group Limited	1,031,082	144,561
Lawrence Paul Limited	670,120	-
New Mind Ventures Limited	1,300,115	-
New Mind E-Tourism Solutions Limited	(71,443)	-
New Mind Internet Consultancy Limited	1,368,537	259,101
New Mind TellUs AS (Norway)	294,192	56,281

18. Deferred taxation

Group

	2021 £
At beginning of year Charged to profit or loss	3,604 (919)
At end of year	2,685

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

18. Deferred taxation (continued)

Deterred taxation (continued)		
	Group	Group
	2021	2020
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	2,685	3,604
	2,685	3,604
Share capital		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2.557,585 (2020 - 2,557,585) Ordinary - Class A shares of £0.01 each	25,576	25,576
2,562,515 (2020 - 2,562,515) Ordinary - Class B shares of £0.01 each	25,625	25,625

20. Pension commitments

19.

The Group operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Group to the fund and amounted to £45,756 (2020: £40,691).

51,201

51,201

21. Related party transactions

The group has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 102 not to present transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, as its subsidiaries are wholly owned.

22. Controlling party

Simpleview Inc, a company registered in America is regarded by the directors as being the company's ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party by virtue of their shareholding.

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