UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2022



31/10/2023 COMPANIES HOUSE

NPAP LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:09824237

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2022

			سانس ساند		
	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4.		24,253		28,991
		•	24,253	•	28,991
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one	5	56,935		85,141	
year Cash at bank	5 6	133,920		189,541	
Cush de bank	J		·		
		190,855		274,682	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(213,130)		(111,217)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(22,275)		163,465
Total assets less current liabilities Provisions for liabilities		•	1,978	•	192,456
Deferred tax		(4,195)		(4,999)	
			(4,195)		(4,999)
Net (liabilities)/assets		• •	(2,217)	_	187,457
Capital and reserves		•		•	
Called up share capital	.8		1		1
Profit and loss account			(2,218)		187,456
		-	(2,217)	-	187,457
		=		=	

NPAP LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:09824237

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2022

The director considers that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

N 8 Rogues Director

Date: 28 September 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2022

1. General information

NPAP Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales, registration number 09824237. The registered office address is Elsley Court, 20-22 Great Titchfield Street, London, W1W 8BE.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of sound recording and music publishing activity.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of the Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

The company's functional and presentational currency is pound sterling.

2.3 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis as the director has confirmed he will continue to provide necessary funding in order for the company to maintain operations and meet liabilities in full for at least the next 12 months. On this basis, the director is satisfied that the financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis.

2.4 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover from sound recording and music publishing activity is recognised when it is probable the company will receive the rights to the consideration due under the contract.

Royalties receivable are recognised at the year end date by the company.

Advances received are recognised as income on receipt.

2.5 Operating leases: the company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.6 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they
 will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable
 profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.9 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Freehold property - 2% straight-line
Plant and machinery - 20% straight-line
Computer equipment - 20% straight-line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.11 Cash

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

2.12 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.13 Financial instruments

The company enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities such as trade and other debtors, trade and other creditors and loans with related parties.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including a director, during the year was 1 (2021 -1).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 November 2021	18,535	22,860	1,841	43,236
Additions	-	211	-	211
At 31 October 2022	18,535	23,071	1,841	43,447
Depreciation				
At 1 November 2021	741	12,767	736	14,244
Charge for the year	371	4,211	368	4,950
At 31 October 2022	1,112	16,978	1,104	19,194
Net book value				
At 31 October 2022	17,423	6,093	737	24,253
At 31 October 2021	17,793	10,093	1,105	28,991

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2022

5.	Debtors		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade debtors	31,412	31,487
	Other debtors	19,212	39,910
	Prepayments and accrued income	67	5,386
	Tax recoverable	6,244	8,358
		56,935	85,141
6.	Cash		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Cash at bank	133,920	189,541
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Trade creditors	88,395	44,810
	Corporation tax	28 <u>,</u> 379	18,837
	Other taxation and social security	5,380	-
	Other creditors	76,110	-
	Accruals	14,866	47,570
		213,130	111,217
8.	Share capital		
		2022	2021
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	£	£
	1 (2021 -1) Ordinary share of £1.00	1	1.
	•		

The share has attached to it full rights regarding voting, payment of dividends and distributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2022

9. Transactions with the director

During the year the company advanced £220,192 (2021 - £117,419) to the director. In the year the director repaid £233,510 (2021 - £174,721) to the company. As at the year end, the director owed £19,212 (2021 - £38,457) to the company. Interest at an official rate has been charged on this loan, the loan is unsecured and repayable on demand.