A7 Conversions Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 October 2018

A7 Conversions Ltd

Registered number: 09806114

Balance Sheet

as at 31 October 2018

1	lotes		2018		2017
Fixed assets			£		£
Tangible assets	2		23,186		30,118
Current assets					
Stocks		80,542		18,700	
Debtors	3	500		11,516	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,761		9,728	
		89,803		39,944	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(99,288)		(48,796)	
Net current liabilities			(9,485)		(8,852)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	13,701	-	21,266
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	5		(9,200)		(16,226)
Net assets		- -	4,501	- -	5,040
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			4,401		4,940
Shareholders' funds		-	4,501	-	5,040

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mrs S Severn Director

Approved by the board on 23 June 2019

A7 Conversions Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 October 2018

1 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years

Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal

of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2 Tangible fixed assets

Total
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^
£
40.457
40,157
703
40,860
10,039
7,635
17,674
23,186
30,118
2017
£
11,516
2017
£
-
10,443
6,876
6,824
12,608
11,495
550
48,796
2017
£
16,226

6 Other information

A7 Conversions Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

20 Benner Avenue

Ilkeston

Derbyshire

DE7 4DP

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Δ ct 2006.