

Livingbridge Enterprise @P Limited

Directors' Report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2019



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LIVINGBRIDGE ENTERPRISE GP LIMITED
Directors' Report and financial statements 31 December 2019

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Directors' Report and financial statements 31 December 2019

DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Registered Address

100 Wood Street London EC2V 7AN

Registered Number

09758974

Directors

S Egan O O Kolade

Independent Auditor

KPMG LLP 15 Canada Square London E14 5GL

<u>Lawyer</u>

Kirkland & Ellis International LLP 30 St Mary Axe London EC3A 8AF

<u>Banker</u>

Lloyds Bank Plc PO Box 72 Bailey Drive Gillingham Business Park Kent ME8 0LS

Administrator

Aztec Financial Services (UK) Limited Forum 4, Solent Business Park Whiteley Fareham PO15 7AD

Directors' Report and financial statements 31 December 2019

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Principal activities

Livingbridge Enterprise GP Limited (the "Company") was incorporated on 2 September 2015 and its principal activity is that of a General Partner to Livingbridge Enterprise 1 LP and Managing Limited Partner of Livingbridge Enterprise 3 LP.

Livingbridge Enterprise GP Limited has a member's interest of 2% in Livingbridge Enterprise GP LLP and Livingbridge Enterprise 3 GP LLP.

Parent undertaking

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Livingbridge Enterprise LLP.

Results

The results for the year are set out in the Statement of Total Comprehensive Income. Total Shareholder's funds at year end are set out in the Statement of Financial Position.

The Company is dependent on continuing finance being made available by its parent undertaking, Livingbridge Enterprise LLP, to enable it to continue operating and to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

The Directors did not recommend the payment of a dividend during the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: nil).

Directors and interests

The Directors who held office during the period were as follows:

S Egan

O O Kolade

Disclosure of information to auditor

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

Small companies exemption

In preparing this report, the Directors have taken advantage of the special provisions relating to small companies exemption provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006. As such no Statement of Cash Flows and Strategic Report have been prepared.

Directors' Report and financial statements
31 December 2019

COVID-19

The first quarter of 2020 has seen a sharp increase in the volatility of all financial markets due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Directors are actively monitoring the situation and the ongoing risks to the Company. The Directors will continue to review the situation in order to the Company through this period of heightened uncertainty.

The Directors have assessed all risks and performed rigorous stress testing to fully test the potential impact on the business. The Directors considered the worst possible scenario as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, which was zero revenue on funds in the process of fundraising and continued revenue on existing funds. The outcome was that the Company would have sufficient capital and reserves beyond 12 months (from the account signing date) to meet its ongoing obligations of the Company. The Company is debt free and has no plans to take on debt.

By order of the Board

S Egan Director 100 Wood Street London EC2V 7AN

21 April 2020

Registered number: 09758974

Directors' Report and financial statements
31 December 2019

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the result of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent:
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LIVINGBRIDGE ENTERPRISE GP LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Livingbridge Enterprise GP Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2019, which comprise the Statement of Total Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards applicable to smaller entities, including Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard, and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out in note 2 to the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements (the "going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the Directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.

Directors' Report

The Directors are responsible for the Directors' Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the Directors' Report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report;
- in our opinion the information given in that report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LIVINGBRIDGE GP COMPANY LIMITED (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements. A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jonathan Martin (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

15 Canada Square London

E14 5GL

23 April 2020

Directors' Report and financial statements 31 December 2019

STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019	2018
· .		£	£
Turnover	3	100,759	55,673
Operating expenses	ŭ	(100,759)	(55,673)
Operating result	_	•	-
Interest receivable and other similar income	4	795	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	_	795	-
Taxation on result on ordinary activities	7	•	(12,669)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		795	(12,669)

All amounts are derived from continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		<u>.</u> £	£
Fixed assets			
Investment	8	4	4
Current assets	•		
Debtors	9	29,600	108,282
Cash at bank		11,231	4
		40,831	108,286
Current liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(40,024)	(108,274)
Net current assets	_	807	12
Total assets less ourrent liabilities	_	811	16
Net assets	-	811	16
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	1	1
Retained earnings		810	15
Shareholder's funds	_	811	16

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 21 April 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

S Egan

Registered number: 09758974

Directors' Report and financial statements 31 December 2019

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total Shareholder's funds
	٤	£	£
-			
At 1 January 2018	1	12,684	12,685
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(12,669)	(12,669)
At 31 December 2018		15	16
At 1 January 2019	1	15	16
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	795	795
At 31 December 2019		810	811

The notes on pages 11 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

at 31 December 2019

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Livingbridge Enterprise GP Limited (the "Company") is a private company incorporated, domiciled and registered in the UK. Its registered office is 100 Wood Street, London, EC2V 7AN.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies, and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006. The Company's functional and operational currency is British Pounds Sterling ("GBP" or "£"). Monetary amounts in these financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking, Livingbridge FS LLP, includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements, which may be obtained from www.companieshouse.gov.uk. The Company is therefore exempt from preparing a cashflow statement, and from disclosing transactions within the group of companies headed by Livingbridge FS LLP and key management personnel compensation. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of reasonably possible downsides, the company will have sufficient funds, through funding from Livingbridge Enterprise LLP, to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period.

Those forecasts are dependent on Livingbridge Enterprise LLP providing additional financial support during that period. Livingbridge Enterprise LLP has indicated its intention to continue to make available such funds as are needed by the company for the period covered by the forecasts. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Following the global pandemic of COVID-19, the Directors have assessed going concern for the next 12 months. Having considered the financial risks to the Company, it is the view of the Directors that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt over the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern over the next 12 months, and as such, the accounts have been prepared on that basis.

The Directors have assessed all risks and performed rigorous stress testing to fully test the potential impact on the business. Management considered the worst possible scenario as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, which was zero revenue on funds in the process of fundraising and continued revenue on existing funds. The outcome was that the Company would have sufficient capital and reserves beyond 12 months (from the account signing date) to meet its ongoing obligations of the Company. The Company is debt free and has no plans to take on debt.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Consolidation

The Company is not required to produce consolidated results as it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of a parent producing consolidated financial statements. The effect of non-consolidation of the Limited Partnerships in the financial statements of Livingbridge FS LLP has been disclosed in the financial statements of that entity.

Valuation of Investment

The Company classifies its investment as a financial asset or financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

The Directors have valued the investment based on the most recent underlying audited Net Asset Value ("NAV") as calculated by the General Partner of the underlying investment. The investment is based on the most recent valuation information as provided by the General Partner of the underlying investment, which is deemed to be its fair value.

Notwithstanding the above provisions, the Directors may adjust the valuation of any investment or permit some other method of valuation to be used with regard to a particular asset if, having regard to currency, applicable rate of interest, maturity, marketability and/or such other considerations as they deem relevant, they consider that such adjustment or alternative method of valuation is required to reflect more fairly the value of that asset.

Unrealised gains and losses on the investment are transferred to the Profit and Loss Account.

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits.

Creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Income and expenditure

Income and expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Priority Profit Share ("PPS") income is calculated in accordance with Livingbridge Enterprise 1 LP's Limited Partnership Agreement. Livingbridge Enterprise 1 LP's PPS income is received quarterly in advance. PPS for each financial year is reduced by any transaction fees (net of VAT) received by Livingbridge Enterprise LLP during the year, such as advisory fees and directors' fees.

The Company is entitled to a profit share allocation of £500 per annum in accordance with Livingbridge Enterprise 3 LP's Limited Partnership Agreement.

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. The following timing differences are not provided for: differences between accumulated depreciation and tax allowances for the cost of a fixed asset if and when all conditions for retaining the tax allowances have been met. Deferred tax is not recognised on permanent differences arising because certain types of income or expense are non-taxable or are disallowable for tax or because certain tax charges or allowances are greater or smaller than the corresponding income or expense.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. TURNOVER

	2019	2018
	£	£
Priority Profit Share income:		
Livingbridge Enterpris e 1 LP	100,300	55,673
Profit Share allocation:		
Livingbridge Enterpris e 3 LP	459	-
	100,759	55,673

4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND OTHER SIMILAR INCOME

	2019	2018
	٤	£
Other interest income	792	-
Bank interest income	3	-
	795	

5. RESULT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

The 2019 audit fee of £4,500 (2018: £4,500) will be paid by Livingbridge Enterprise LLP.

The Company had no employees during the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: nil).

6. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

None of the Directors received any remuneration for their services to the Company during the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: nil).

7. TAXATION ON RESULT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2019 £	2018 £
UK Corporation tax	_	_
Tax credit on profits for the year	-	-
Total current tax charge for the year	•	-
Deferred tax		
Movement for the year in respect of tax losses (note 11)	87	758,975
Movement for the year in respect of timing differences (note 11)	(87)	(746,306)
Effect of rate change (note 11)	-	-
Deferred tax charge for the year	•	12,669
Total tax charge for the year		12,669

Factors affecting corporation tax for the current year

The tax assessment for the year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Current tax reconciliation		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	795	_
•		
Current tax at 19% (2018: 19%) ¹	151	-
Effect of:		
Increase in loan	(87)	-
Non-taxable income	(151)	-
Tax losses not utilised	87	12,669
Total tax charge	_	12,669

¹The main rate of corporation tax for the year ended 31 December 2019 was 19%.

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17% (effective from 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. This will reduce the Company's future current tax charge accordingly.

8. INVESTMENTS

The Company has a member's interest of 2% in Livingbridge Enterprise GP LLP and a member's interest of 2% in Livingbridge Enterprise 3 GP LLP, as detailed below.

		2019
Cost		£
At 1 January 2019		4
Additions	•	-
At 31 December 2019		4
		2018
Cost		£
At 1 January 2018		2
Additions		2
At 31 December 2018		4
9. DEBTORS		
·		
	2019 £	2018 £
	•	~
Amounts receivable from Livingbridge Enterprise LLP	29,599	35,731
Called up share capital not paid Other debtors	1	70.550
Other deptors	-	72,550
	29,600	108,282
10. CREDITORS		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Amounts payable to Livingbridge Enterprise 1 LP	29,584	35,722
Amounts payable to Livingbridge Enterprise 2 LP	•	72,550
Amounts payable to Livingbridge Enterprise 3 GP LLP Other creditors	2	2
Other deditors	10,438	
	40,024	108,274

Directors' Report and financial statements 31 December 2019

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

11. DEFERRED TAX ASSET

	2019	2018
	£	£
Balance brought forward	-	(12,669)
Movement for the year in respect of tax losses (note 7)	87	758,975
Movement for the year in respect of timing differences (note 7)	(87)	(746,306)
Balance carried forward		

The Company is not expecting to receive taxable income in the future periods and thus at the balance sheet date no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the carried forward management expenses.

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2019	2018
	٤	£
Authorised:		
1 ordinary share at £1 per share	1	1
Allotted and called up:		
1 ordinary share at £1 per share	1	1

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has taken exemption from the requirement to disclose related party transactions with members of the Livingbridge FS LLP group on the basis that it was a wholly-owned subsidiary during the year ended 31 December 2019.

14. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Livingbridge Enterprise LLP. Livingbridge Enterprise LLP's immediate and ultimate parent is Livingbridge FS LLP.

Livingbridge FS LLP, the ultimate parent entity, is an incorporated partnership registered in England and Wales. Livingbridge FS LLP prepares consolidated financial statements and these financial statements may be obtained from www.companieshouse.gov.uk.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The first quarter of 2020 has seen a sharp increase in the volatility of all financial markets due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Directors are actively monitoring the situation and the ongoing risks to the Company. The Directors will continue to review the situation in order to the Company through this period of heightened uncertainty.

The Directors have assessed all risks and performed rigorous stress testing to fully test the potential impact on the business. The Directors considered the worst possible scenario as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, which was zero revenue on funds in the process of fundraising and continued revenue on existing funds. The outcome was that the Company would have sufficient capital and reserves beyond 12 months (from the account signing date) to meet its ongoing obligations of the Company. The Company is debt free and has no plans to take on debt.