## **Palmer Windows Ltd**

Registered number: 09752818

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 August 2016

	Notes		2016 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	4		10,000
Tangible assets	5		2,085
Investments	6		-
		•	12,085
Comment			
Current assets		077	
Stocks & WIP	7	877	
Debtors Investments held as current	7	-	
assets		_	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,746	
		2,623	
		_, -, -	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(13,982)	
Net current liabilities			(11,359)
Total assets less current liabilities			726
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		-
Provisions for liabilities			-
Net assets			726
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital			1
Share premium			-
Revaluation reserve	11		-
Profit and loss account			725
Shareholder's funds			726

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of

the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Christopher Palmer
Director
Approved by the board on 16 May 2017

#### Palmer Windows Ltd

## **Notes to the Accounts**

## for the period from 27 August 2015 to 31 August 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years

Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

## Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at

amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

#### Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### **Pensions**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

3	Employees 2016 Number	
	Average number of persons employed by the company 2	
4	Intangible fixed assets	£
	Goodwill:	
	Cost	
	At 27 August 2015	-
	Additions	10,000
	Disposals	-
	At 31 August 2016	10,000
	Amortisation	
	At 27 August 2015	-
	Provided during the period	-
	On disposals	-
	At 31 August 2016	-
	Net book value	
	At 31 August 2016	10,000
	At 26 August 2015	-
	Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated ec	onomic life of 5

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

# 5 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 27 August 2015	-	-	-	-
Additions	-	725	1,950	2,675
Surplus on revaluation	-	-	-	-
Disposals			(250)	(250)
At 31 August 2016		725	1,700	2,425

Denvesiation			
Depreciation			
At 27 August 2015 - Charge for the period -	. <u>-</u>	340	340
Surplus on revaluation -	. <u>-</u>	340	340
On disposals	- -	-	_
	<u> </u>	340	340
At 31 August 2016 -	<u> </u>		340
Net book value			
At 31 August 2016 -	725	1,360	2,085
At 26 August 2015			_
Freehold land and buildings:		2016	
reenold land and buildings.		£	
Historical cost		2	
Cumulative depreciation based on historical co	set	-	
Cumulative depreciation based on historical co	751		
Investments			
	Investments in		
	subsidiary	Other	
	undertakings	investments	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 27 August 2015	-	-	-
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 August 2016			
Debtors		2016	
		£	
Totale delices			
Trade debtors	lautakinan in	-	
Amounts owed by group undertakings and und which the company has a participating interest		_	
Deferred tax asset	•	_	
Other debtors		<del>-</del>	
		<del>-</del>	
Amounts due after more than one year include	d above		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one y	ear	2016	
<u> </u>		£	
Non-equity preference shares		-	

	Bank loans and overdrafts	8,849
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-
	Trade creditors	840
	Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	_
	Corporation tax	2,988
	Other taxes and social security costs	1,283
	Other creditors	22
		13,982
		.,
_		
9	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2016
		£
	Non-equity preference shares	_
	Bank loans	-
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-
	Trade creditors	-
	Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in	
	which the company has a participating interest	-
	Other creditors	
10	Loans	2016
		£
	Creditors include:	
	Amounts payable otherwise than by instalment falling due for payment after more than five years	_
	Instalments falling due for payment after more than five years	_
		_
	Secured bank loans	
11	Revaluation reserve	2016
		£
	At 27 August 2015	-
	Gain on revaluation of land and buildings	-
	Deferred taxation arising on the revaluation of land and buildings	-
	At 31 August 2016	_
	7.1. 01.7. tagast 2010	

13	Capital commitments			2016	
				£	
	Amounts contracted for but not pro-	vided in the acco	unts		
14	Pension commitments				
	None.				
15	Other financial commitments			2016	
				£	
	Total future minimum payment	ts under non-c	rancellable		
	operating leases	is under non-c	anconabic	-	
16	Contingent liabilities				
	J				
	None.				
17	Off-balance sheet arrangements				
	Name				
	None.				
18	Loans to directors	D/6 .	ъ.,		016
	Description and conditions	B/fwd £	Paid £	Repaid £	C/fwd
	Christopher Palmer	~	~	2	^
	[Loan 1]	-	-	-	-
	[Loan 2]	-	-	-	-
	_	-			-
	_				
19	Guarantees made by the compar	y on behalf of d	lirectors		
	Main terms	.y on bonan or o	Maximum	Amount paid	
			liability	and incurred	
			£	£	
	Christopher Palmer				
	[Guarantee 1] [Guarantee 2]		- -	-	

None.

	- —	
-		-

# 20 Related party transactions

None.

# 21 Controlling party

The company is controlled by the director.

#### 22 Other information

Palmer Windows Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

The Old Hyde

3 Shaftesbury Close

West Moors

Dorset

BH22 0DZ

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