B Cole Carpentry Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 July 2023

B Cole Carpentry Ltd

Registered number: 09669248

Balance Sheet

as at 31 July 2023

No	otes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		6,025		8,035
Current assets					
Debtors	4	41,382		23,264	
Cash at bank and in hand		361,798		353,246	
		403,180		376,510	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	5	3,595		34,238	
Net current assets			406,775		410,748
Total assets less current		_		-	.
liabilities			412,800		418,783
.					
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(19,007)		(20,607)
,	ŭ		(10,001)		(20,007)
Net assets		-	393,793	-	398,176
1101 03000		-	000,700	_	330,170
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			393,791		398,174
Shareholder's funds		_	393,793	-	398,176
		-		-	

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

B Cole

Director

Approved by the board on 17 April 2024

B Cole Carpentry Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 July 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2	Employees		2023 Number	2022 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the comp	0	0	
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 August 2022	10,096	19,903	29,999
	At 31 July 2023	10,096	19,903	29,999
	Depreciation			
	At 1 August 2022	7,019	14,945	21,964
	Charge for the year	769	1,241	2,010
	At 31 July 2023	7,788	16,186	23,974
	-			
	Net book value			
	At 31 July 2023	2,308	3,717	6,025
	At 31 July 2022	3,077	4,958	8,035
4	Debtors		2023	2022
			£	£
	Trade debtors		21,382	3,264
	Other debtors		20,000	20,000
			41,382	23,264
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2023	2022
			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		6,869	6,869
	Trade creditors		999	26,858
	Taxation and social security costs		(11,648)	(68,600)
	Other creditors		185	635
			(3,595)	(34,238)
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		2023	2022
			£	£
	Bank loans		19,007	20,607

7 Other information

B Cole Carpentry Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

9 Brantwood Close

West Byfleet

Surrey

KT14 6BN

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.