

**B Cole Carpentry Ltd****Registered number:** 09669248**Balance Sheet****as at 31 July 2019**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
		<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Intangible assets	4	-	-
Tangible assets	5	15,355	13,077
Investments	6	-	-
		<u>15,355</u>	<u>13,077</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		-	-
Debtors	7	32,162	31,511
Investments held as current assets		-	-
Cash at bank and in hand		48,945	72,097
		<u>81,107</u>	<u>103,608</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	8	(34,986)	(110,663)
<b>Net current assets/(liabilities)</b>		<u>46,121</u>	<u>(7,055)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>61,476</u>	<u>6,022</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	9	-	-
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		-	-
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>61,476</u>	<u>6,022</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		2	2
Share premium		-	-
Revaluation reserve	11	-	-
Profit and loss account		61,474	6,020
<b>Shareholder's funds</b>		<u>61,476</u>	<u>6,022</u>

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

B Cole

Director

Approved by the board on 3 June 2020

**B Cole Carpentry Ltd**  
**Notes to the Accounts**  
**for the year ended 31 July 2019**

**1 Accounting policies**

***Basis of preparation***

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

***Turnover***

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

***Intangible fixed assets***

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

***Tangible fixed assets***

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 5 years

***Investments***

Investments in unquoted equity instruments are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

***Stocks***

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

***Debtors***

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

### ***Creditors***

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

### ***Taxation***

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### ***Provisions***

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

### ***Foreign currency translation***

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

### ***Leased assets***

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

### ***Pensions***

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

## **2 Exceptional items**

**2019**

**2018**

£

£

	-	-
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### 3 Employees

<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>

Average number of persons employed by the company	1	1
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### 4 Intangible fixed assets

£

Goodwill:

#### Cost

At 1 August 2018	-
Additions	-
Disposals	-
At 31 July 2019	-

#### Amortisation

At 1 August 2018	-
Provided during the year	-
On disposals	-
At 31 July 2019	-

#### Net book value

At 31 July 2019	-
At 31 July 2018	-

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

### 5 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery etc £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 August 2018	-	6,404	14,384	20,788
Additions	-	-	5,519	5,519
Surplus on revaluation	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
At 31 July 2019	-	6,404	19,903	26,307
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 August 2018	-	2,802	4,909	7,711
Charge for the year	-	-	3,241	3,241
Surplus on revaluation	-	-	-	-

On disposals	-	-	-	-
At 31 July 2019	-	2,802	8,150	10,952
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 31 July 2019	-	3,602	11,753	15,355
At 31 July 2018	-	3,602	9,475	13,077

Freehold land and buildings:	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Historical cost	-	-
Cumulative depreciation based on historical cost	-	-
	-	-

[For revalued assets, state the years in which the assets were valued and their values. For assets revalued during the reporting period, state the names of the persons who revalued them or particulars of their qualifications for doing so and the bases of valuation used by them.]

## 6 Investments

	<b>Investments in subsidiary undertakings</b>	<b>Other investments</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 August 2018	-	-	-
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 July 2019	-	-	-

## 7 Debtors

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Trade debtors	7,839	31,511
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	-	-
Deferred tax asset	-	-
Other debtors	24,323	-
	32,162	31,511
Amounts due after more than one year included above	-	-

## 8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Non-equity preference shares	-	-

Bank loans and overdrafts	-	-
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	-
Trade creditors	4,719	(12)
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	-	-
Corporation tax	19,625	21,130
Other taxes and social security costs	10,642	47,432
Other creditors	-	42,113
	<u>34,986</u>	<u>110,663</u>

<b>9 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>

Non-equity preference shares	-	-
Bank loans	-	-
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	-
Trade creditors	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	-	-
Other creditors	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

<b>10 Loans</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>

Creditors include:

Amounts payable otherwise than by instalment falling due for payment after more than five years

Instalments falling due for payment after more than five years

-	-
-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Secured bank loans

-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

[Give an indication of the nature and form of the security for the bank loans]

<b>11 Revaluation reserve</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>

At 1 August 2018

Gain on revaluation of land and buildings

Deferred taxation arising on the revaluation of land and buildings

-	-
-	-
-	-

At 31 July 2019

<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
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**12 Events after the reporting date**

<b>13 Capital commitments</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>

Amounts contracted for but not provided in the accounts

-	-
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#### **14 Pension commitments**

<b>15 Other financial commitments</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>

Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating leases

-	-
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#### **16 Contingent liabilities**

#### **17 Off-balance sheet arrangements**

#### **18 Loans to directors**

<b>Description and conditions</b>	<b>B/fwd</b>	<b>Paid</b>	<b>Repaid</b>	<b>C/fwd</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
B Cole				
[Loan 1]	-	-	-	-
[Loan 2]	-	-	-	-
[Director 2]				
[Loan 1]	-	-	-	-
[Loan 2]	-	-	-	-
[Director 3]				
[Loan 1]	-	-	-	-
[Loan 2]	-	-	-	-



[Director 4]				
[Loan 1]	-	-	-	-
[Loan 2]	-	-	-	-
[Director 5]				
[Loan 1]	-	-	-	-
[Loan 2]	-	-	-	-
[Director 6]				
[Loan 1]	-	-	-	-
[Loan 2]	-	-	-	-
[Director 7]				
[Loan 1]	-	-	-	-
[Loan 2]	-	-	-	-
[Director 8]				
[Loan 1]	-	-	-	-
[Loan 2]	-	-	-	-
[Director 9]				
[Loan 1]	-	-	-	-
[Loan 2]	-	-	-	-
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	-	-	-	-
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

## 19 Guarantees made by the company on behalf of directors

Main terms	Maximum liability	Amount paid and incurred
	£	£
B Cole		
[Guarantee 1]	-	-
[Guarantee 2]	-	-
[Director 2]		
[Guarantee 1]	-	-
[Guarantee 2]	-	-
[Director 3]		
[Guarantee 1]	-	-
[Guarantee 2]	-	-
[Director 4]		
[Guarantee 1]	-	-
[Guarantee 2]	-	-
[Director 5]		

[Guarantee 1]	-	-
[Guarantee 2]	-	-
[Director 6]		
[Guarantee 1]	-	-
[Guarantee 2]	-	-
[Director 7]		
[Guarantee 1]	-	-
[Guarantee 2]	-	-
[Director 8]		
[Guarantee 1]	-	-
[Guarantee 2]	-	-
[Director 9]		
[Guarantee 1]	-	-
[Guarantee 2]	-	-
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	-	-
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**20 Related party transactions**

**21 Controlling party**

The company is under the ultimate control of B Cole, Director

**22 Other information**

B Cole Carpentry Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:  
 9 Brantwood Close  
 West Byfleet  
 Surrey  
  
 KT14 6BN

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.