Registration number: 09648598

Zig Zag Accountants & Business Advisers Limited

trading as Zig Zag Chartered Accountants

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 July 2018

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Abridged Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>7</u>

Company Information

Directors G P Banwell

M J Bryant

Registered office 14 Queen Square

Bath BA1 2HN

Page 1

(Registration number: 09648598) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	4,347	5,930
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>4</u>	141,571	86,571
Debtors		106,718	94,742
Cash at bank and in hand		886	5,996
		249,175	187,309
Prepayments and accrued income		5,428	-
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(164,553)	(123,064)
Net current assets		90,050	64,245
Total assets less current liabilities		94,397	70,175
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(43,000)	(11,492)
Net assets		51,397	58,683
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>5</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		51,297	58,583
Total equity		51,397	58,683

For the financial year ending 31 July 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{7}{2}$ form an integral part of these abridged financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 09648598) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2018 (continued)

Approved and au	uthorised by the Board on 30 April 2019 and signed on its behalf by:
M J Bryant Director	
-	The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{7}{2}$ form an integral part of these abridged financial statements Page 3

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 14 Queen Square Bath BA1 2HN England

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 30 April 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2018 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

33% on cost and 20% on cost.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2018 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Page 6

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2018 (continued)

3 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 August 2017 Additions	10,006 791	10,006 791
At 31 July 2018	10,797	10,797
Depreciation At 1 August 2017 Charge for the year	4,076 	4,076 2,374
At 31 July 2018	6,450	6,450
Carrying amount		
At 31 July 2018	4,347	4,347
At 31 July 2017	5,930	5,930
4 Stocks	2018 £	2017 £
Work in progress	141,571	86,571

5 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

,	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary A of £1 each	90	90	90	90
Ordinary B of £1 each	10	10	10	10
	100	100	100	100
				

Page 7

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.