The Companies Act 2006

Community Interest Company Limited by Guarantee

Articles of Association

of
Combe Valley Countryside Park Community Interest Company

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Community Interest Company Limited by Guarantee

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The Companies Act 2006

Articles of Association

of Combe Valley Countryside Park Community Interest Company

INTERPRETATION

1. Defined Terms

The interpretation of these Articles is governed by the provisions set out in the Schedule at the end of the Articles.

COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY AND ASSET LOCK

2. Community Interest Company

The Company is to be a community interest company.

3. Asset Lock

- 3.1 The Company shall not transfer any of its assets other than for full consideration.
- 3.2 Provided the conditions in Article 33 are satisfied, Article 3.1 shall not apply to:
 - 3.2.1 the transfer of assets to any specified asset-locked body, or (with the consent of the Regulator) to any other asset-locked body; and
 - 3.2.2 the transfer of assets made for the benefit of the community other than by way of a transfer of assets into an asset-locked body.
- 3.3 The conditions are that the transfer of assets must comply with any restrictions on the transfer of assets for less than full consideration which may be set out elsewhere in the Articles of the Company.
- 3.4 If:
 - 3.4.1 the Company is wound up under the Insolvency Act 1986; and
 - 3.4.2 all its liabilities have been satisfied

any residual assets shall be given or transferred to the asset-locked body specified in Article 3.5 below.

3.5 For the purposes of this Article 3, the following asset-locked body is specified as a potential recipient of the Company's assets under Articles 3.2 and 3.4:

Name: The Groundwork South Trust Limited

Charity Registration Number (if applicable): 293705

Company Registration Number (if applicable): 01982077

Registered Office: Colne Valley Park Centre, Denham Country Park, Denham, Uxbridge, Middlesex UB9 5PG

4. Not for profit

The Company is not established or conducted for private gain: any surplus or assets are used principally for the benefit of the community.

OBJECTS, POWERS AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

5. Objects

The objects of the Company are to carry on activities which benefit the community within and immediately surrounding the Combe Valley Countryside Park and in particular (without limitation) to:

- 5.1 provide opportunities for recreation and leisure activities, ensuring that facilities are accessible to all;
- 5.2 be a centre of excellence for 'upcycling' (the process of converting waste materials into new materials or products of better quality or for better environmental value) and green energy;
- 5.3 provide opportunities for environmental education;
- 5.4 proactively manage the Combe Valley Countryside Park's habitats, landscapes and watercourses for the benefit of the environment, wildlife and local people from Crowhurst to the sea; and
- be responsive to the needs of the community, in particular in Sidley, Pebsham, Bulverhythe, West St Leonards and Crowhurst, and encourage community participation including volunteering and environmental education and to promote the health and social well-being benefits that access to high quality green space brings.

6. Powers

- 6.1 To further its objects the Company may do all such lawful things as may further the Company's objects and, in particular, but, without limitation:
 - 6.1.1 may borrow or raise and secure the payment of money for any purpose including for the purposes of investment or of raising funds; and
 - 6.1.2 may buy, lease or take in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire and own any property and rebuild, alter, maintain and equip it for use for any of the purposes of the Company.

7. Liability of members

- 7.1 The liability of each member is limited to £1, being the amount that each member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company in the event of the Company being wound up while it is a member or within one year after it ceases to be a member, for:
 - 7.1.1 payment of the Company's debts and liabilities contracted before it ceases to be a member:
 - 7.1.2 payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up; and
 - 7.1.3 adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

DIRECTORS DIRECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

8. Directors' general authority

Subject to the Articles, the Directors are responsible for the management of the Company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the Company.

9. Members' reserve power

- 9.1 The members may, by special resolution, direct the Directors to take, or refrain from taking, specific action.
- 9.2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the Directors have done before the passing of the resolution.

10. Chair

The Directors may appoint one of their number to be the Chair of the Directors for such term of office as they determine and may at any time remove him or her from office.

11. Directors may delegate

- 11.1 Subject to the Articles, the Directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the Articles or the implementation of their decisions or day to day management of the affairs of the Company:
 - 11.1.1 to such person or committee;
 - 11.1.2 by such means (including by power of attorney);
 - 11.1.3 to such an extent;
 - 11.1.4 in relation to such matters or territories; and
 - 11.1.5 on such terms and conditions;

as they thinkfit.

- 11.2 If the Directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the Directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated.
- 11.3 The Directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions.

12. Committees

- 12.1 Committees to which the Directors delegate any of their powers must follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of the Articles which govern the taking of decisions by Directors.
- 12.2 The Directors may make rules of procedure for all or any committees, which prevail over rules derived from the Articles if they are not consistent with them.

DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

13. Directors to take decisions collectively

Any decision of the Directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with Article 19.

14. Calling a Directors' meeting

- 14.1 Two Directors may (and the Secretary, if any, must at the request of two Directors) call a Directors' meeting.
- 14.2 A Directors' meeting must be called by at least seven Clear Days' notice unless either:
 - 14.2.1 all the Directors agree; or
 - 14.2.2 urgent circumstances require shorter notice.
- 14.3 Notice of Directors' meetings must be given to each Director.
- 14.4 Every notice calling a Directors' meeting must specify:
 - 14.4.1 the place, day and time of the meeting; and
 - 14.4.2 if it is anticipated that Directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting.
- 14.5 Notice of Directors' meetings need not be in Writing.
- 14.6 Notice of Directors' meetings may be sent by Electronic Means to an Address provided by the Director for the purpose.

15. Participation in Directors' meetings

- 15.1 Subject to the Articles, Directors participate in a Directors' meeting, or part of a Directors' meeting, when:
 - 15.1.1 the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the Articles; and
 - 15.1.2 they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting.
- 15.2 In determining whether Directors are participating in a Directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any Director is or how they communicate with each other.
- 15.3 If all the Directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.

16. Quorum for Directors' meetings

- 16.1 At a Directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting.
- 16.2 The quorum for Directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the Directors, but it must never be less than three, and unless otherwise fixed it is three or one-third of the total number of Directors, whichever is the greater. Except that where a decision is to be made which may impact on the appointment or removal of a majority of Directors, a majority of the quorum must be non Local Authority Directors.
- 16.3 If the total number of Directors for the time being is less than the quorum required, the Directors must not take any decision other than a decision:
 - 16.3.1 to appoint further Directors; or
 - 16.3.2 to call a general meeting so as to enable the members to appoint further Directors,

17. Chairing of Directors' meetings

The Chair, if any, or in his or her absence the Vice Chair, or in his or her absence, another Director nominated by the Directors present shall preside as chair of each Directors' meeting.

18. Decision making at meetings

- 18.1 Subject to Article 18.2 questions arising at a Directors' meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- 18.2 For decisions which may impact on the appointment or removal of a majority of Directors the voting rights of the Local Authority Directors including the Chair, if he or she is a Local Authority Director, shall be restricted to 49% of the total voting rights at the

meeting and the Local Authority Directors shall decide between them how such rights shall be exercised. If the Chair is a Local Authority Director he or she shall not have a casting vote on such decisions.

- 18.3 In all proceedings of Directors each Director must not have more than one vote.
- 18.4 Notwithstanding Articles 18.1 and 18.3, and subject to Article 18.2, in case of an equality of votes, the Chair shall have a second or casting vote.

19. Decisions without a meeting

- 19.1 The Directors may take a unanimous decision without a Directors' meeting in accordance with this Article by indicating to each other by any means, including without limitation by Electronic Means, that they share a common view on a matter. Such a decision may, but need not, take the form of a resolution in Writing, copies of which have been signed by each Director or to which each Director has otherwise indicated agreement in Writing.
- 19.2 A decision which is made in accordance with Article 19.1 shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting duly convened and held, provided the following conditions are complied with:
 - 19.2.1 approval from each Director must be received by one person being either such person as all the Directors have nominated in advance for that purpose or such other person as volunteers if necessary ("the Recipient"), which person may, for the avoidance of doubt, be one of the Directors;
 - 19.2.2 following receipt of responses from all of the Directors, the Recipient must communicate to all of the Directors by any means whether the resolution has been formally approved by the Directors in accordance with this Article 19.2;
 - 19.2.3 the date of the decision shall be the date of the communication from the Recipient confirming formal approval;
 - 19.2.4 the Recipient must prepare a minute of the decision in accordance with Article 48;
 - 19.2.5 for decisions which may impact on the appointment or removal of a majority of Directors the voting rights of the Local Authority Directors shall be restricted to 49% of the total voting rights and the Local Authority Directors shall decide between them how such rights shall be exercised.

20. Conflicts of interest

- 20.1 Whenever a Director finds himself or herself in a situation that is reasonably likely to give rise to a Conflict of Interest, he or she must declare his or her interest to the Directors unless, or except to the extent that, the other Directors are or ought reasonably to be aware of it already.
- 20.2 If any question arises as to whether a Director has a Conflict of Interest, the question shall be decided by a majority decision of the other Directors.

- 20.3 Whenever a matter is to be discussed at a meeting or decided in accordance with Article 19 and a Director has a Conflict of Interest in respect of that matter then, subject to Article 21, he or she must:
 - 20.3.1 remain only for such part of the meeting as in the view of the other Directors is necessary to inform the debate;
 - 20.3.2 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting; and
 - 20.3.3 withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the matter.
- 20.4 When a Director has a Conflict of Interest which he or she has declared to the Directors, he or she shall not be in breach of his or her duties to the Company by withholding confidential information from the Company if to disclose it would result in a breach of any other duty or obligation of confidence owed by him or her.

21. Directors' power to authorise a conflict of interest

- 21.1 The Directors have power to authorise a Director to be in a position of Conflict of Interest provided:
 - 21.1.1 in relation to the decision to authorise a Conflict of Interest, the conflicted Director must comply with Article 20.3;
 - 21.1.2 in authorising a Conflict of Interest, the Directors can decide the manner in which the Conflict of Interest may be dealt with and, for the avoidance of doubt, they can decide that the Director with a Conflict of Interest can participate in a vote on the matter and can be counted in the quorum; and
 - 21.1.3 the decision to authorise a Conflict of Interest can impose such terms as the Directors think fit and is subject always to their right to vary or terminate the authorisation.
- 21.2 If a matter, or office, employment or position, has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 21.1 then, even if he or she has been authorised to remain at the meeting by the other Directors, the Director may absent himself or herself from meetings of the Directors at which anything relating to that matter, or that office, employment or position, will or may be discussed.
- A Director shall not be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he or she derives from any matter, or from any office, employment or position, which has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 21.1 (subject to any limits or conditions to which such approval was subject).

22. Register of Directors' interests

The Directors shall cause a register of Directors' interests to be kept. A Director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Company which has not previously been declared.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

23. Methods of appointing Directors

- 23.1 Those persons notified to the Registrar of Companies as the first Directors of the Company shall be the first Directors.
- 23.2 There shall be a maximum of [twelve (12)] Directors appointed pursuant to this Article 23, up to [eight (8)] of which shall be Co-Opted Directors (as defined in Article 23.6), appointed in accordance with Articles 23.3 and 23.4. The Board may appoint officers from amongst its number including a Chair, a Vice-Chair, a Company Secretary and an Honorary Treasurer.
- 23.3 Each Local Authority Member shall be entitled to appoint up to x persons to the Board, where x represents the maximum numbers set out at Schedule 1. The Local Authority Member, who is entitled to appoint a person as a Director, is also entitled to remove that person from the office of Director.
- 23.4 All other members of the Company, aside from the Local Authority Members, shall each be entitled to nominate one person for consideration as a Director. The Board shall, in accordance with Article 23.7, consider the nominations and make such appointments as they see fit from the nominated people.
- 23.5 The Board may appoint up to two people who are willing to act as a Director, and who are permitted by law to do so.
- 23.6 Directors appointed under Articles 23.4 and 23.5 shall be known as Co-Opted Directors.
- 23.7 When considering the appointments of Co-Opted Directors the Board shall act to ensure that:
 - (a) so far as is practicable the Board is made up of a diverse group of people who between them possess the skills and experience and the level of competence needed, to govern the Company effectively; and
 - (b) where possible, at all times the Board is comprised of a minority only of Local Authority Directors.

24. Termination of Director's appointment

- 24.1 Subject to Article 23.3 in relation to the removal of a Local Authority Director and subject to Article 23.2, a Co-Opted Director may serve for an initial term of up to 3 years at which point they must offer themselves for reappointment to the Board in accordance with Article 23 or retire from the office.
- 24.2 A person ceases to be a Director as soon as:
 - 24.2.1 that person ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006, or is prohibited from being a Director by law;
 - 24.2.2 a bankruptcy order is made against that person, or an order is made against that person in individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than

- England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy;
- 24.2.3 a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts;
- 24.2.4 the Directors reasonably believe he or she is suffering from mental disorder and incapable of managing his or her own affairs and they resolve that he or she be removed from office;
- 24.2.5 notification is received by the Company from the Director that the Director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms (but only if at least two Directors will remain in office when such resignation has taken effect);
- 24.2.6 the Director fails to attend three consecutive meetings of the Directors and the Directors resolve that the Director be removed for this reason;
- 24.2.7 at a general meeting of the Company, a resolution is passed that the Director be removed from office, provided the meeting has invited the views of the Director concerned and considered the matter in the light of such views; or
- 24.2.8 is removed from office by the Local Authority Member that appointed him or her under Article 23.3.

25. Directors' expenses

- 25.1 The Company may pay any reasonable expenses which the Directors properly incur in connection with their attendance at:
 - 25.1.1 meetings of Directors or committees of Directors;
 - 25.1.2 general meetings; or
 - 25.1.3 separate meetings of any class of members,

or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the Company.

26. Patrons

The Directors may appoint and remove any individual(s) as patron(s) of the Company on such terms as they shall think fit. A patron (if not a member) shall have the right to be given notice of, to attend and speak (but not vote) at any general meeting of the Company and shall also have the right to receive accounts of the Company when available to members.

MEMBERS

BECOMING AND CEASING TO BE A MEMBER

27. Becoming a member

- 27.1 The members shall be organisations which fall into the categories listed in Article 27.2 which are committed to the objects of the Company and concerned to see its effective operation, which fulfil any further eligibility criteria prescribed by the Board.
- 27.2 The members shall be organisations which fall into the following categories:
 - 27.2.1 Local Authority Member;
 - 27.2.2 Statutory Agency Member;
 - 27.2.3 Corporate Member;
 - 27.2.4 Third Sector Member;
 - 27.2.5 User and Community Group/Representative Forum Member; or
 - 27.2.6 Friends of Combe Valley.
- 27.3 The subscribers to the Memorandum are the first members of the Company. Further members may be admitted by the Board in accordance with the Articles, so long as such admission does not cause a majority of the members to be Local Authority Members.
- 27.4 Every organisation which wishes to become a member shall deliver to the Company an application for membership in such form (and containing such information) as the Directors require and executed by it. No organisation shall be admitted as a member of the Company unless approved by the Directors.

28. Termination of membership

- 28.1 Membership is not transferable to anyone else.
- 28.2 Membership is terminated if:
 - 28.2.1 the member ceases to exist;
 - 28.2.2 otherwise in accordance with the Articles; or
 - 28.2.3 at a meeting of the Directors at which at least half of the Directors are present, a resolution is passed resolving that the member be expelled on the ground that its continued membership is harmful to or is likely to become harmful to the interests of the Company. Such a resolution may not be passed unless the member has been given at least 14 Clear Days' notice that the resolution is to be proposed, specifying the circumstances alleged to justify expulsion, and has been afforded a reasonable opportunity of being heard by or of making written

representations to the Directors. A member expelled by such a resolution will nevertheless remain liable to pay to the Company any subscription or other sum owed by it.

ORGANISATION OF GENERAL MEETINGS

29. General meetings

- 29.1 The Directors may call a general meeting at any time.
- 29.2 The Directors must call a general meeting if required to do so by the members under the Companies Acts.

30. Length of notice

- 30.1 All general meetings must be called by either:
 - 30.1.1 at least 14 Clear Days' notice; or
 - 30.1.2 shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority of the members having a right to attend and vote at that meeting. Any such majority must together represent at least 90% of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members.

31. Contents of notice

- 31.1 Every notice calling a general meeting must specify the place, day and time of the meeting, and the general nature of the business to be transacted.
- 31.2 If a special resolution is to be proposed, the notice must include the proposed resolution and specify that it is proposed as a special resolution.
- In every notice calling a meeting of the Company there must appear with reasonable prominence a statement informing the member of its rights to appoint another person as its proxy at a general meeting.

32. Service of notice

Notice of general meetings must be given to every member, to the Directors and to the auditors of the Company.

33. Attendance and speaking at general meetings

- 33.1 A person (who may be a proxy or an Authorised Representative of a member) is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting.
- 33.2 A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when:
 - 33.2.1 that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting; and

- 33.2.2 that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting.
- 33.3 The Directors may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it.
- 33.4 In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more members attending it are in the same place as each other.
- 33.5 Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them.

34. Quorum for general meetings

- 34.1 No business (other than the appointment of the chair of the meeting) may be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present.
- 34.2 Three persons entitled to vote on the business to be transacted (each being a proxy for a member or a duly Authorised Representative of a member) or 33% of the total membership (represented by proxy or by Authorised Representative) whichever is greater, shall be a quorum.
- 34.3 If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or to such time and place as the Directors may determine, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting those present and entitled to vote shall be a quorum.

35. Chairing general meetings

- 35.1 The Chair (if any) or in its absence some other Director nominated by the Directors will preside as chair of every general meeting.
- 35.2 If neither the Chair nor such other Director nominated in accordance with Article 35.1 (if any) is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall elect one of their number to chair the meeting and, if there is only one Director present and willing to act, he or she shall be chair of the meeting.
- 35.3 If no Director is willing to act as chair of the meeting, or if no Director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present in person through their Authorised Representatives or by proxy and entitled to vote must choose one of their number to be chair of the meeting, save that a proxy holder who is not a member entitled to vote shall not be entitled to be appointed chair of the meeting.

36. Attendance and speaking by Directors and non-members

36.1 A Director may, even if not a member, attend and speak at any general meeting.

36.2 The chair of the meeting may permit other persons who are not members of the Company to attend and speak at a general meeting.

37. Adjournment

- 37.1 The chair of the meeting may adjourn a general meeting at which a quorum is present if:
 - 37.1.1 the meeting consents to an adjournment; or
 - 37.1.2 it appears to the chair of the meeting that an adjournment is necessary to protect the safety of any person attending the meeting or ensure that the business of the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner.
- 37.2 The chair of the meeting must adjourn a general meeting if directed to do so by the meeting.
- 37.3 When adjourning a general meeting, the chair of the meeting must:
 - 37.3.1 either specify the time and place to which it is adjourned or state that it is to continue at a time and place to be fixed by the Directors; and
 - 37.3.2 have regard to any directions as to the time and place of any adjournment which have been given by the meeting.
- 37.4 If the continuation of an adjourned meeting is to take place more than 14 days after it was adjourned, the Company must give at least seven Clear Days' notice of it:
 - 37.4.1 to the same persons to whom notice of the Company's general meetings is required to be given; and
 - 37.4.2 containing the same information which such notice is required to contain.
- 37.5 No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place.

VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS

38. Voting: general

- A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with the Articles.
- 38.2 A person who is not a member of the Company shall not have any right to vote at a general meeting of the Company; but this is without prejudice to any right to vote on a resolution affecting the rights attached to a class of the Company's debentures.
- Article 38.2 shall not prevent a person who is a proxy for a member or a duly Authorised Representative from voting at a general meeting of the Company.

39. Votes

- 39.1 Subject to Article 39.3, on a vote on a resolution on a show of hands at a meeting every person present in person (who is a member, a proxy or Authorised Representative of a member) shall have one vote provided that if such person attends the meeting in more than one capacity, he or she is not entitled to cast more than one vote
- 39.2 Subject to Article 39.3, on a vote on a resolution on a poll at a meeting every member present by proxy or Authorised Representative shall have one vote.
- 39.3 If at any time there are more Local Authority Members entitled to vote at a meeting than there are members who are not Local Authority Members, the voting rights of the Local Authority Members shall be restricted to 49% of the total voting rights at the meeting and the Local Authority Members shall decide between them how such rights shall be exercised.
- 39.4 If at any time the only members entitled to vote at a meeting are Local Authority Members, Article 39.3 shall not apply.
- In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chair of the meeting shall not be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he or she may have.
- 39.6 No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all monies presently payable by it to the Company have been paid.
- 39.7 The following provisions apply to any organisation that is a member ("a Member Organisation"):
 - 39.7.1 a Member Organisation may nominate any individual to act as its representative ("an Authorised Representative") at any meeting of the Company;
 - 39.7.2 the Member Organisation must give notice in Writing to the Company of the name of its Authorised Representative. The Authorised Representative will not be entitled to represent the Member Organisation at any meeting of the Company unless such notice has been received by the Company. The Authorised Representative may continue to represent the Member Organisation until notice in Writing is received by the Company to the contrary;
 - 39.7.3 a Member Organisation may appoint an Authorised Representative to represent it at a particular meeting of the Company or at all meetings of the Company until notice in Writing to the contrary is received by the Company;
 - 39.7.4 any notice in Writing received by the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the Authorised Representative's authority to represent the Member Organisation or that its authority has been revoked. The Company shall not be required to consider whether the Authorised Representative has been properly appointed by the Member Organisation;

- 39.7.5 an individual appointed by a Member Organisation to act as its Authorised Representative is entitled to exercise (on behalf of the Member Organisation) the same powers as the Member Organisation could exercise if it were an individual member;
- 39.7.6 on a vote on a resolution at a meeting of the Company, the Authorised Representative has the same voting rights as the Member Organisation would be entitled to if it was an individual member present in person at the meeting; and
- 39.7.7 the power to appoint an Authorised Representative under this Article 39.7 is without prejudice to any rights which the Member Organisation has under the Companies Acts and the Articles to appoint a proxy or a corporate representative.

40. Poll votes

- 40.1 A poll on a resolution may be demanded:
 - 40.1.1 in advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote; or
 - 40.1.2 at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared.
- 40.2 A poll may be demanded by:
 - 40.2.1 the chair of the meeting;
 - 40.2.2 the Directors;
 - 40.2.3 two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution;
 - 40.2.4 any person, who, by virtue of being appointed proxy or Authorised Representative for one or more members having the right to vote at the meeting, holds two or more votes; or
 - 40.2.5 a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote on the resolution.
- 40.3 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if:
 - 40.3.1 the poll has not yet been taken; and
 - 40.3.2 the chair of the meeting consents to the withdrawal.
- 40.4 Polls must be taken immediately and in such manner as the chair of the meeting directs.

41. Errors and disputes

- 41.1 No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid.
- 41.2 Any such objection must be referred to the chair of the meeting whose decision is final.

42. Content of proxy notices

- 42.1 Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in Writing (a "Proxy Notice") which:
 - 42.1.1 states the name and address of the member appointing the proxy;
 - 42.1.2 identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed;
 - 42.1.3 is signed by or on behalf of the member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the Directors may determine; and
 - 42.1.4 is delivered to the Company in accordance with the Articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate.
- 42.2 The Company may require Proxy Notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes.
- 42.3 Proxy Notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions.
- 42.4 Unless a Proxy Notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as:
 - 42.4.1 allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting; and
 - 42.4.2 appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself.

43. Delivery of proxy notices

- 43.1 A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid Proxy Notice has been delivered to the Company by or on behalf of that person.
- 43.2 An appointment under a Proxy Notice may be revoked by delivering to the Company a notice in Writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the Proxy Notice was given.

43.3 A notice revoking the appointment of a proxy only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.

44. Amendments to resolutions

- 44.1 An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if:
 - 44.1.1 notice of the proposed amendment is given to the Company in Writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the chair of the meeting may determine); and
 - 44.1.2 the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the chair of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution.
- 44.2 A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution, if:
 - 44.2.1 the chair of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed; and
 - 44.2.2 the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution.
- 44.3 If the chair of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the chair's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution.

WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

45. Written resolutions

- 45.1 Subject to Article 45.3, a written resolution of the Company passed in accordance with this Article 45 shall have effect as if passed by the Company in general meeting in accordance with the voting provisions in Article 39.
 - 45.1.1 A written resolution is passed as an ordinary resolution if it is passed by a simple majority of the total voting rights of eligible members.
 - 45.1.2 A written resolution is passed as a special resolution if it is passed by members representing not less than 75% of the total voting rights of eligible members. A written resolution is not a special resolution unless it states that it was proposed as a special resolution.
- 45.2 In relation to a resolution proposed as a written resolution of the Company the eligible members are the members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the circulation date of the resolution.
- 45.3 A members' resolution under the Companies Acts removing a Director or an auditor before the expiration of its term of office may not be passed as a written resolution.

- 45.4 A copy of the written resolution must be sent to every member together with a statement informing the member how to signify their agreement to the resolution and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not tolapse. Communications in relation to written notices shall be sent to the Company's auditors in accordance with the Companies Acts.
- 45.5 A member signifies their agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Company receives from it an authenticated Document identifying the resolution to which it relates and indicating its agreement to the resolution.
 - 45.5.1 If the Document is sent to the Company in Hard Copy Form, it is authenticated if it bears the member's signature.
 - 45.5.2 If the Document is sent to the Company in Electronic Form, it is authenticated if the identity of the member is confirmed in a manner specified by the Company or where no such manner has been specified by the Company if the communication contains or is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the member and the Company has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement.
- 45.6 A written resolution is passed when the required majority of eligible members have signified their agreement to it.
- 45.7 A proposed written resolution lapses if it is not passed within 28 days beginning with the circulation date.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS

- 46. Means of communication to be used
- 46.1 Subject to the Articles:
 - 46.1.1 anything sent or supplied by or to the Company under the Articles; and
 - 46.1.2 anything sent or supplied by the Company under the Companies Acts,
 - may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for Documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the Company (as the case may be).
- 46.2 Subject to the Articles, any notice or Document to be sent or supplied to a Director in connection with the taking of decisions by Directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that Director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or Documents for the time being.
- 46.3 A Director may agree with the Company that notices or Documents sent to that Director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within an agreed time of their being sent, and for the agreed time to be less than 48 hours.

47. Irregularities

47.1 The proceedings at any meeting or on the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental informality or irregularity (including any accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or any want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not referred to in the notice.

48. Minutes

The Directors must cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose:

- 48.1 of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;
- 48.2 of all resolutions of the Company and of the Directors (including, without limitation, decisions of the Directors made without a meeting); and
- 48.3 of all proceedings at meetings of the Company and of the Directors, and of committees of Directors, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting;

and any such minute, if purported to be signed (or in the case of minutes of Directors' meetings signed or authenticated) by the chair of the meeting at which the proceedings were had, or by the chair of the next succeeding meeting, shall, as against any member or Director of the Company, be sufficient evidence of the proceedings.

49. Records and accounts

- 49.1 The Directors shall comply with the requirements of the Companies Acts as to maintaining a members' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Regulator of:
 - 49.1.1 annual reports;
 - 49.1.2 annual returns; and
 - 49.1.3 annual statements of account.
- 49.2 Except as provided by law or authorised by the Directors or an ordinary resolution of the Company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Company's accounting or other records or Documents merely by virtue of being a member.

50. Indemnity

- 50.1 Subject to Article 50.2, a relevant Director of the Company or an associated company may be indemnified out of the Company's assets against:
 - 50.1.1 any liability incurred by that Director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company;

- 50.1.2 any liability incurred by that Director in connection with the activities of the Company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006); and
- 50.1.3 any other liability incurred by that Director as an officer of the Company or an associated company.
- 50.2 This Article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.

50.3 In this Article:

- 50.3.1 companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate; and
- 50.3.2 a "relevant Director" means any Director or former Director of the Company or an associated company.

51. Insurance

The Directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant Director in respect of any relevant loss.

51.2 In this Article:

- 51.2.1 a "relevant Director" means any Director or former Director of the Company or an associated company;
- 51.2.2 a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant Director in connection with that Director's duties or powers in relation to the Company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the company or associated company; and
- 51.2.3 companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate.

52. Exclusion of model articles

The relevant model articles for a company limited by guarantee are hereby expressly excluded.

SCHEDULE 1

LOCAL AUTHORITY APPOINTMENTS TO THE BOARD

Local Authority	Maximum number of Directors
East Sussex County Council	1
Hastings Borough Council	1
Rother District Council	1
Crowhurst Parish Council	1

SCHEDULE2

INTERPRETATION

Defined terms

1. In the Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Term		Meaning
1.1	"Address"	includes a number or address used for the purposes of sending or receiving Documents by Electronic Means;
1.2	"Articles"	the Company's articles of association;
1.3	"Authorised Representative"	means any individual nominated by a Member Organisation to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company in accordance with Article 39;
1.4	"asset-locked body"	means (i) a community interest company, a charity or a Permitted Industrial and Provident Society; or (ii) a body established outside the United Kingdom that is equivalent to any of those;
1.5	"bankruptcy"	includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy;
1.6	"Board"	means the Board of Directors for the time being of the Company. It is the governing body of the Company
1.7	"Chair"	has the meaning given in Article 10;
1.8	"chairman of the meeting"	has the meaning given in Article 35;
1.9	"Circulation Date"	in relation to a written resolution, has the meaning given to it in the Companies Acts;
1.10	"Clear Days"	in relation to the period of a notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or

given or on which it is to take effect; is to be construed in accordance with accordance 1.11 "community" with Section 35(5) of the Company's (Audit) Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004; 1.12 "Companies Acts" means the Companies Acts (as defined in Section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the Company; 1.13 "Company" Combe Valley Countryside Park Community Interest Company; "Conflict of Interest" 1.14 any direct or indirect interest of a Director (whether personal, by virtue of a duty of loyalty to another organisation or otherwise) that conflicts, or might conflict with the interests of the Company; 1.15 "Co-Opted Director" has the meaning given in Article 23.6; 1.16 "Corporate Member" includes members which are businesses, private sector, landowners and utility companies, but not individuals; 1.17 "Director" a director of the Company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called, and for the avoidance of doubt includes Co-Opted Directors; 1.18 "Document" includes, unless otherwise indicated, any document sent or supplied in Electronic Form; 1.19 "Electronic Form" and have the meanings respectively given to them in "Electronic Means" Section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;

deemed to be given and the day for which it is

1.20	"Hard Copy Form"	has the meaning given to it in the Companies Act 2006;
1.21	"Local Authority Director"	a Director appointed by a Local Authority Member;
1.22	"Local Authority Members"	means an organisation which is either a County Council, a District Council and a Parish Council and at the time of adoption of these Articles includes the following local authorities:
		East Sussex County Council;
		Hastings Borough
	·	Council; Rother District
•	•	Council; and Crowhurst
		Parish Council.
1.23	"Managing Agent"	means the managing agent of Combe Valley Countryside Park, appointed by the Company;
1.24	"Memorandum"	the Company's memorandum of association;
1.25	"paid"	means paid or credited as paid;
1.26	"participate"	in relation to a Directors' meeting, has the meaning given in Article 15;

1.27	"Permitted Industrial and Provident Society"	an industrial and provident society which has a restriction on the use of its assets in accordance with Regulation 4 of the Community Benefit Societies (Restriction on Use of Assets) Regulations 2006 or Regulation 4 of the Community Benefit Societies (Restriction on Use of Assets) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006;
1.28	"Proxy Notice"	has the meaning given in Article 42;
1.29	"the Regulator"	means the Regulator of Community Interest Companies;
1.30	"Secretary"	the secretary of the Company (if any);
1.31	"specified"	means specified in the memorandum and articles of association of the Company for the purposes of this paragraph;
1.32	"Statutory Agency Member"	means a member which is a statutory agency;
1.33	"subsidiary"	has the meaning given in section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006;
1.34	"transfer"	includes every description of disposition, payment, release or distribution, and the creation or extinction of an estate or interest in, or right over, any property; and
1.35	"Friends of Combe Valley"	means the supporters' organisation set up to, amongst other things, prosper the work of the Combe Valley Countryside Park, raise funds for

Combe Valley Countryside Park projects, increase environmental awareness in the park, educate visitors and recruit volunteers;

1.36 "Third Sector Member"

means a member which is a charity or a social enterprise;

1.37 "User and Community Groups/Representative Forum Member" means a member which is a user and community group or a representative forum;

1.38 "Writing"

the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in Electronic Form or otherwise.

- 2. Subject to clause 3 of this Schedule, any reference in the Articles to an enactment includes a reference to that enactment as re-enacted or amended from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it.
- 3. Unless the context otherwise requires, other words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006 as in force on the date when the Articles become binding on the Company.

The Companies Act 2006

Community Interest Company Limited by Guarantee

Memorandum of Association

of

Combe Valley Countryside Park Community Interest Company

Each subscriber to this Memorandum of Association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the Company.

	<u> </u>
Name of each subscriber	Authentication by each subscriber
Dawn Poole on behalf of Hastings Borough Council	
Simon Elford on behalf of Rother District Council	
Carl Maynard on behalf of East Sussex County Council	
Geoff Thomas on behalf of Crowhurst Parish Council	
David Dennis on behalf of Friends of Combe Valley	
Bourne Leisure Ltd	
Alexandra Featherstone on behalf of Pebsham Equestrian	n Centre
Monty Worssam on behalf of Kitchenham and Worsham	Farms
Veolia Environmental Services (UK) plc	

Dated 19th March 2015