Global Independent Marine Surveyors Limited

Filleted Accounts

30 April 2023

Global Independent Marine Surveyors Limited

Registered number: 09569251

Balance Sheet

as at 30 April 2023

	Notes		2023		2022
			€		€
Current assets					
Debtors	3	121,236		77,436	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,096		3,893	
		126,332		81,329	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(63,985)		(38,417)	
due within one year	7	(00,000)		(50,417)	
Net current assets			62,347		42,912
Net assets		-	62,347	-	42,912
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			62,247		42,812
Shareholder's funds		- -	62,347	-	42,912

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Grace Charlesworth

Director

Approved by the board on 10 January 2024

Global Independent Marine Surveyors Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 April 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2 Employees 2023 2022

Number Number

			,
3	Debtors	2023	2022
		€	€
	Too de debase	24.727	04.444
	Trade debtors	34,727	24,441
	Other debtors	86,509	52,995
		121,236	77,436
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
	· ·	€	€
	Trade creditors	50,765	19,196
	Taxation and social security costs	2,074	8,075
	Other creditors	11,146	11,146
		63,985	38,417

5 Other information

Global Independent Marine Surveyors Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Fourth Floor, Silverstream House

45 Fitzroy Street, Fitzrovia

London

United Kingdom

W1T 6EB

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.